

Measurement Priorities for Sustainable Production & Consumption Issue 1.0



Report of a workshop facilitated by Institute for Manufacturing for DTI & NMS



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1.1 Executive Summary

This report results from a one-day road-mapping workshop to identify priorities for the development of the measurement knowledge base within the theme of sustainable production & consumption. The workshop took place at NPL in Teddington on 6th June 2006. The roadmapping process involves building a layered view of the theme, starting with trends and drivers, and moving on through applications to identify needs in the underpinning knowledge base. The graphics on the following pages illustrate these priority areas, linkages and timescales. The process is explained in more detail in Appendix 1.

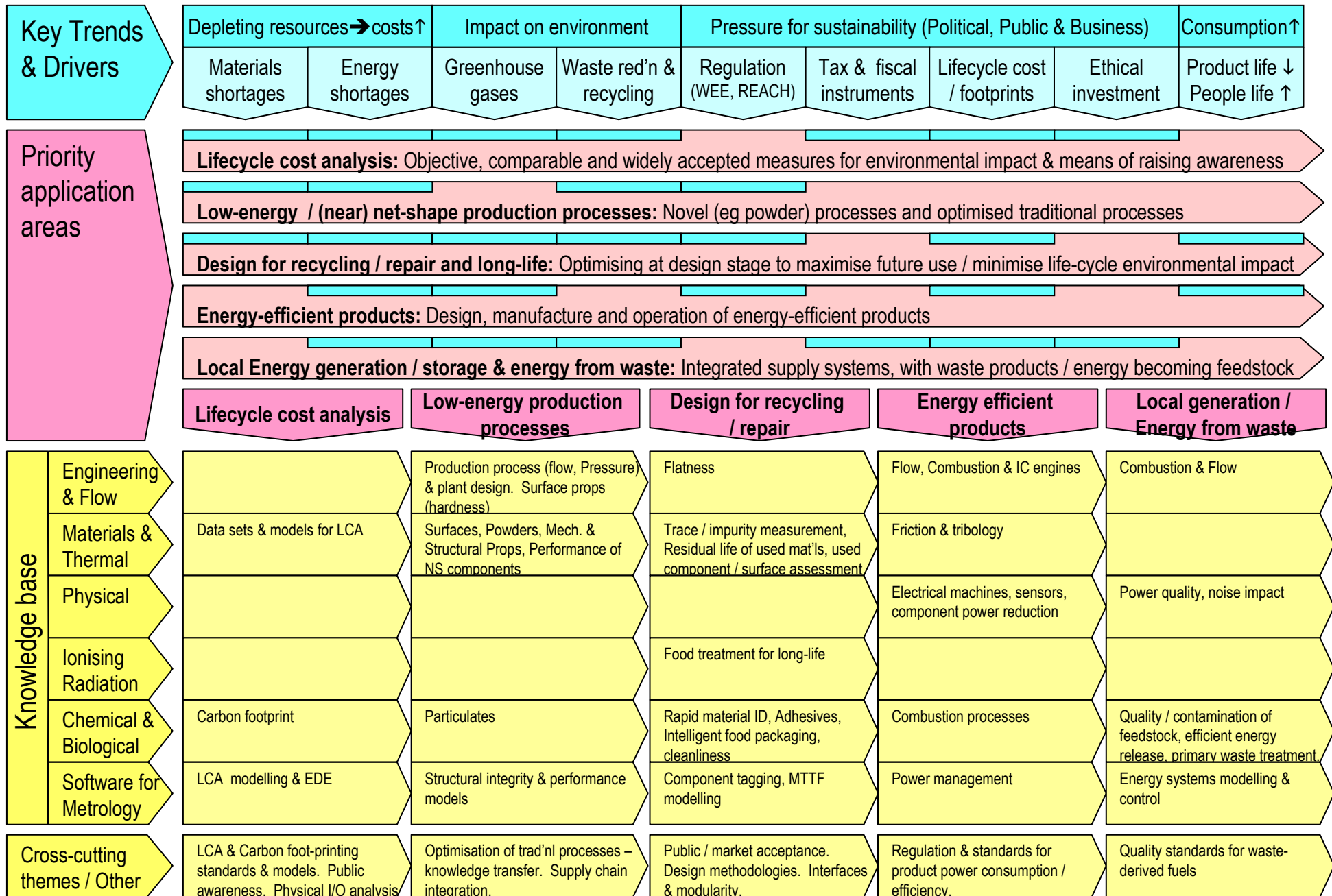
Participants were invited from across industry, academia and the NMIs, based on their understanding of the market and their insight into a number of pre-scoped focus areas. These covered energy efficiency, waste management, industrial bio-technology and design, materials and manufacturing processes for low-waste.

In summary, the workshop found that there is growing pressure from government, public and the investment community for a more sustainable approach, driven by the need to balance increasing demands from global consumers against the diminishing finite materials and energy resources and the environmental impact of their use. Regulation at the product and enterprise levels are playing an increasing role in driving changed behaviours.

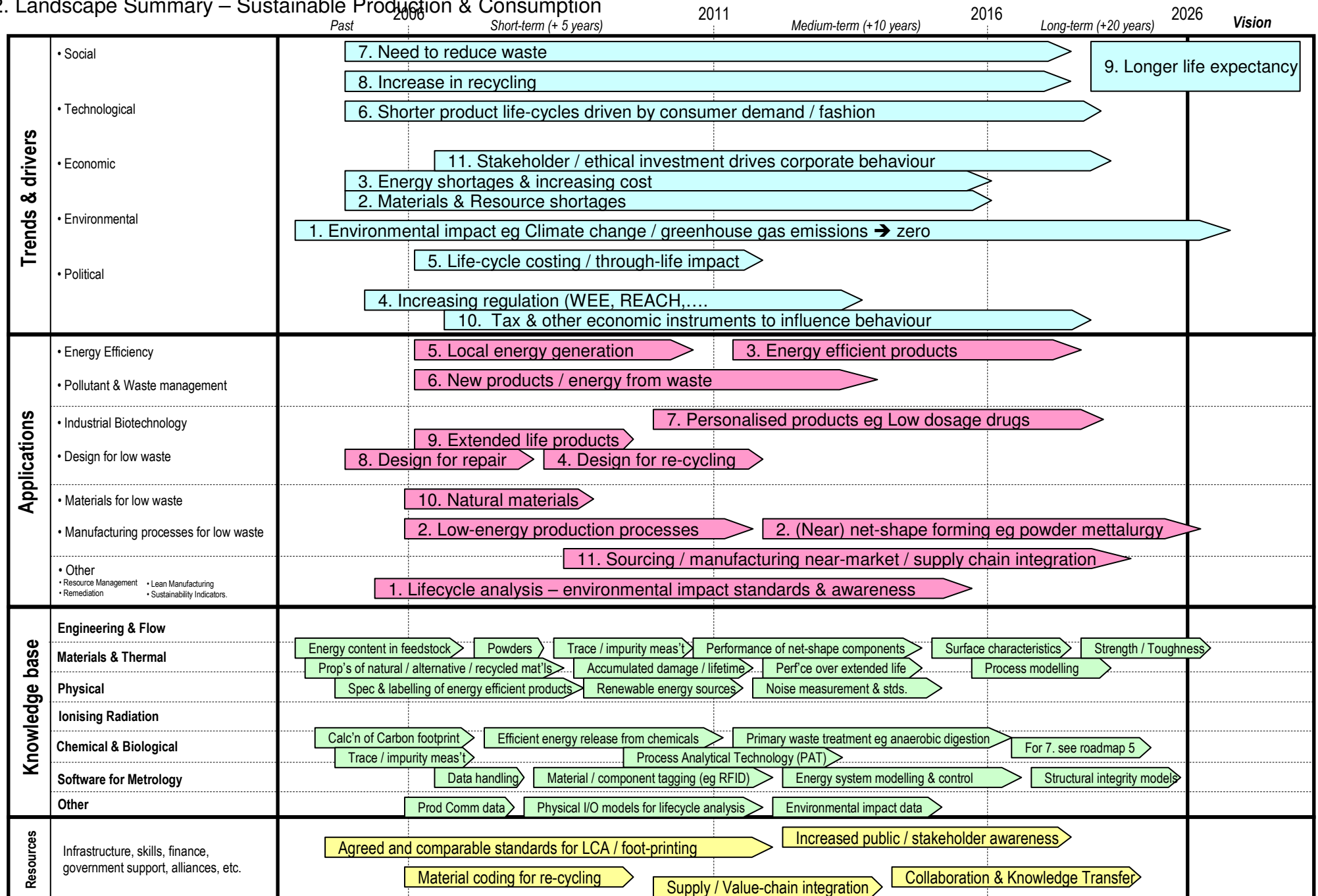
The workshop identified a number of the key supporting application areas to assist in prioritising future developments in the measurement and standards knowledge base. The highest priority areas were identified as the ability to analyse the full life-cycle impact of a product or service; energy efficient products and processes; generation of energy from waste and design for improved recycling and repair.

The report identifies a number of the key developments in the measurement knowledge base which will be needed to underpin these applications. Whilst by no means definitive, these development areas provide some clear indicators for future research focus. As well as knowledge base developments which underpin specific applications, there are a number of common themes which emerge. These include life-cycle analysis and carbon foot-printing; standards for product modularity, power consumption and bio-fuels. The need for effective means to raise public awareness was also highlighted.

1.2 Executive Summary Roadmap - Sustainable Production & Consumption



2. Landscape Summary – Sustainable Production & Consumption



3. Sustainable Production & Consumption focus areas

The following topic areas were evaluated according to their overall importance to the theme of sustainable consumption & production, and the impact that measurement was likely to make in advancing the topic area. Topic areas that score highly on both criteria were viewed as being the most likely sources for priority developments in the knowledge base. These were then used to focus recruitment of workshop participants.

Theme: Sustainable Production & Consumption	Importance	Impact	Overall
Energy efficiency	10.86	8.33	13.69
Pollutant monitoring & control / Performance monitoring	9.71	8.71	13.05
Industrial Biotechnology (including bio-mass & Catalysis)	8.86	7.86	11.84
Design for low waste (resources, energy) – high yield	9.14	6.71	11.34
Recycling of materials / Design for re-use	9.29	6.29	11.21
Flexible / Lean manufacturing	8.86	6.71	11.11
Low waste materials and processes	9.00	6.00	10.82
Waste management & disposal (inc incineration)	9.43	5.29	10.81
Sustainability indicators	8.67	6.33	10.73
Resource management & treatment / remediation (eg water, minerals, land)	8.71	5.86	10.50
Supply chain optimisation / logistics	9.17	5.00	10.44
Sustainable agriculture (food & non-food)	8.43	5.00	9.80

4. Landscape

- 4.1 Trends & Drivers
- 4.2 Priority trends & drivers
- 4.3 Application areas
- 4.4 Priority application areas
- 4.5 Knowledge base
- 4.6 Linkages

4.2 Sustainable Production & Consumption - *Priority trends & drivers*

Rank	Trend and Driver	Score
1.	Environmental impact eg. Climate change → zero impact	15
2.	Material and resource shortages	13
3.	Energy shortage and increasing costs	13
4.	Increasing regulation (WEE, REACH, ...)	12
5.	Life cycle costing – through life environmental impact	9
6.	Shorter product life-cycles / Consumer demand / “buy new”	9
7.	Reduction in waste	7
8.	Increase in recycling	6
9.	Longer life expectancy	3
10.	Tax & other economic instruments to encourage sustainability	3
11.	Stakeholder / ethical investment driving company behaviour	2

4.3 SUSTAINABLE P&C APPLICATIONS	Past		Short Term 20062011		Medium Term 20122016		Long Term 20172026		Vision	
ENERGY EFFICIENCY			Product design for energy efficiency	Energy storage	Local energy generation					
			Increased sub-metering & energy mgmt		Energy from Waste					
POLLUTANT & WASTE MANAGEMENT			Environmental monitoring		Reduced / re-cycleable product packaging	New products from “waste”	Monitoring capability (atmosphere / ground water.....)			
			Noise mapping of products							
INDUSTRIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY			Scale out rather than scale up	Product / materials redesign to use waste feedstock	Genetic engineering for non-food products	Energy from Waste	Extended-life food & food products (smart packaging?)			
			Natural v synthetic products / materials							
DESIGN & MATERIALS FOR LOW WASTE	Design for environmental compliance		New application-specific composite materials	Design for re-manufacturing / conditioning		Lightweight / high-performance engineering	Modular design for long-life products	Long-life buildings		Recycling composite products
			Extended-life products	Design for re-use	D.F. low material usage	Design for re-cycling (avoid mixed matls / contamination)	Ability to predict residual life of components	Low-water product	Design for long-life	
MANUFACTURING PROCESSES FOR LOW WASTE			Low energy / Resource-efficient processing	Design & joining for disassembly		Intelligent repair based on remaining life	Waste as feed-stock	Surface engineering for extended life		
			Increased re-manufacturing / conditioning	Faster processes		Component re-use warehouses / supply chain	(near) Net-shape processes eg powder metall'gy			Move from owning products to consuming services
OTHER SP&C • Resource mg'mt • Remediation • Lean manu'f • Sustainability indic'ts			Water leakage measurement			Re-use of grey water		Catalytic processes for land / water treatment		
	Awareness programmes		Lifecycle impact analysis prodedures	Supply chain integration / co-location		Manufacturing on demand / at point of use	Life-cycle cost / impact analysis / footprinting	Public awareness of sustainability indicators		
OTHER THEMES: • Security / IC World • Energy / Transport • Health / Built environ't • Design & Manuf			Software upgrade rather than buy new			Energy from Waste		Monitoring consumer product safety		
			Better Gov't procurement eg NHS	Energy efficient buildings		Lightweight / high-performance engineering	Design for durability	Long-life buildings		

4.4 Sustainable Production & Consumption - *Priority applications*

Rank	Application	Score
1.	Life cycle analysis – environmental impact stds + awareness	25
2.	Low energy / (Near-) Net shape manufacturing processes	15
3.	Energy Efficient Products	8
4.	Design for recycling	7
5.	Local Energy generation	6
6.	New products / Energy from waste / waste minimisation	5
7.	Low-dosage / personalised drugs	4
8.	Design for repair	3
9.	Extended-life products	3
10.	Natural (rather than synthetic) materials	2
11.	Sourcing near-market / smart procurement / supply chain integr'n	2

4.5 SUSTAINABLE P&C KNOWLEDGE BASE	Past		Short Term 20062016			Medium Term 20172026			Long Term 20272036			Vision 2040+		
ENGINEERING & FLOW			Production process flow, pressure	Plant design optimisation		Flow		Combustion in IC engines						
				Surface properties		Surface assessment of used components (flatness, wear cleanliness)								
MATERIALS & THERMAL	Mat'l props of Net shape components		Energy content in feedstock	Trace / impurity measurement for recycling		Mat'l properties of recycled materials		Surface characterisation	Strength & Toughness	Tribology & friction				
	Data sets & models for LCA		Powders for Powder mettallurgy	Material properties for replacement / natural mat'ls		Accumulated damage / remaining life		Performance of materials over extended prod life	Process modelling for low-energy prod processes					
PHYSICAL			Specification & labelling for energy efficient products			Noise measurement & Stds		Component power optimisation	Power quality					
				Renewable energy sources		Sensors								
IONISING RADIATION			Standards for treatment of foods for extended shelf-life											
CHEMICAL & BIOLOGICAL	Rapid material ID		Carbon foot-printing – standards & methods	Efficient energy release from chemicals		Primary waste treatment eg anaerobic digestion			Microbial contamination			Quality & contamination of feedstock		
	Particulates			Trace / impurity measurement		Process analytical testing (PAT)		Adhesives		Intelligent food packaging			Primary waste treatment	
SOFTWARE FOR METROLOGY			Data handling	Materials / component tagging eg RFID		Energy system modelling & control		Structural integrity models						
			LCA modelling & EDE	MTTF modelling		ISO/STEP for data exchange								
OTHER INCLUDING REGULATORY			Prod Con data	Physical I/O models for Life Cycle Analysis		Environmental impact data								

5. Contributors

Expert

Raymond Boyle
Andrew Bullmore
Nicky Chambers
Mark Gee
Peter Lyne
Mike Kennedy
Martin Marples
Fred Mead
David Nettleton
Prof Asim Ray
Bryan Roebuck
Andrew Rowley
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Best Foot Forward
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World Business Council for Sustainable Development
NPL
Queen Mary College London
NPL
Resource efficiency KTN
NPL
DTI
Xerox
DTI

Appendix 1. Road-mapping workshop process

Measurement and Knowledge Base Priorities for NMS

Description of Roadmapping Process and Report

This process is aimed at establishing the future knowledge base priorities for the National Measurement System. A wide range of external participants combined with NMS staff to follow a roadmapping process facilitated by the Institute for Manufacturing. Eight subject-based one day roadmapping workshops were run plus a cross cutting themes session.

Roadmap Subject areas

- Environmentally Friendly Transport
- A More Secure Environment
- Sustainable Production and Consumption
- Renewable and Sustainable Energy
- Bioscience and Healthcare
- Intelligent Connected World
- Design Engineering and Advanced Manufacture
- The Built Environment

Roadmapping Process Description

Participants

An initial view is taken of likely major topic areas within the roadmap subject based on importance and impact and used to structure an invitee list. This ensures a good coverage of topics and defines the subject more closely but it is not used to limit discussion on the day. The intent is to capture the input of external NMS 'customers' to guide future development although NMS staff also contribute on the day.

Profiles

Each participant was asked to complete a Profiles form to capture views across three time periods prior to the workshop and as a way of sharing rapidly (5 mins presentation per roadmap) information on the roadmapping day.

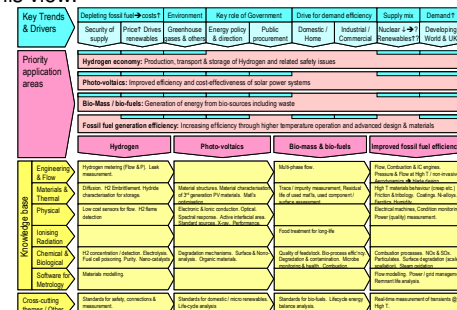
	Short term (2006 - 2011)	Medium term (2011 - 2016)	Long term (2016-2026)
Trends & Drivers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rising energy costs • Increased public awareness of global warming and possible solutions (nuclear, renewables, CO₂ sequestration) • Early market adoption of local power generation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Security of energy supply • Improved efficiency in use of energy • Maintenance of lifestyle expectations (i.e. acceptable energy solutions will be demanded) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduction in reserves of fossil fuel • Awareness of total energy and total environmental impact (life cycle accounting)
Applications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Growth in microgeneration systems (small wind, microCHP, solar thermal etc) • Development of CO₂ sequestration • Continued development and adoption of wind and marine renewables 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increased energy efficiency in buildings • Growth in CHP and recovery of heat from thermal plant • Contribution from marine power systems giving both cyclic (tidal) and variable (wave) outputs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Development of H₂ economy and fuel cell CHP systems • Distributed power generation adjacent to big users • Possible adoption of some new nuclear power
Knowledge base	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrical power measurement for distributed generation • New flow metrology challenges for renewables and other systems (wind – remote sensing, marine – wave energy and tidal flow characterisation, H₂ and CO₂ flow issues) • Measurements to support EIA requirements, eg marine acoustics 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Integrated systems for energy management – will require low cost sensors • Comprehensive integration of microgeneration systems in national power supply • Metrology and standards to support novel energy storage technology (H₂, supercapacitors, novel batteries) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Measurement systems to support the distribution and use of H₂ • Measurement systems to monitor materials and component durability in marine and wind systems • New metrology challenges in support of enhanced nuclear power safety

Report Format

The report captures and structures output from the day in summary and detailed format to enable 'drill down'. All the original input is captured including Profiles Sheets.

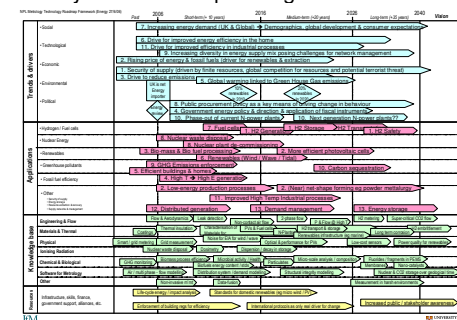
Executive Summary Roadmap

This picture is intended to provide a quick overview of output and does not include a time dimension. It groups and captures the key trends and drivers and links them to priority application areas. Linkages are shown by the blue bars in the application section. Each priority application is linked to knowledge base requirements by category and cross cutting subjects identified. A certain amount of grouping and consolidation has been carried out to allow representation of this view.



Landscape Summary

This view is intended to reintroduce the time dimension to the roadmap and although linkages cannot be seen, priority trends, applications and associated knowledge base and resource issues are illustrated. This map is intended to assist in the prioritisation by NMS of their planning based on time until requirement.



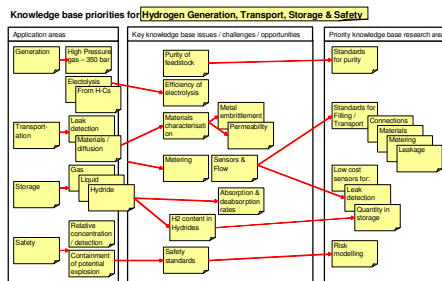
Core Roadmapping Session

This session consists of capture of issues and ideas for three linked time-based 'layers' with prioritisation between each layer. Time intervals are agreed for the topic in hand to represent, the short, medium and long terms

- Layer 1: Trends and drivers – Capture of political, environmental, economic, technological, social issues followed by grouping and prioritisation to provide a focus for Layer 2
- Layer 2: Brainstorm of application related to key trends followed by prioritisation based on potential knowledge base impact to provide basis for Layer 3
- Layer 3 Measurement and knowledge base issues related to priority applications categorised into standard NMS taxonomy

In-Depth Breakout

A breakout session examines three key applications as chosen by the group to examine related knowledge base issues in more depth and to recommend priority development areas. Breakout participants are chosen for their specialist knowledge wherever possible.



Group Feedback

The roadmapping participants are asked for their feedback and final input on the day before the workshop report is written

Linkages

A matrix captures the relationship between key trends and drivers and priority application areas as a means of illustrating linkages and adequacy of coverage of issues by the chosen applications.

Trends & Drivers	Trends & Drivers										
	1. H2 generation, storage & safety	2. More efficient Photo Voltaic cells	3. Bio-mass & Bio-fuels	4. Fossil fuel generation efficiency (High T processes)	5. Efficient buildings & homes	6. Renewables (wind, wave, tidal)	7. Fuel cells	8. Nuclear waste disposal & decommissioning	9. GHG emissions monitoring & abatement	10. Carbon sequestration	11. Improved High T industrial processes
ENERGY LINKAGES											
1. H2 generation, storage & safety											
2. More efficient Photo Voltaic cells											
3. Bio-mass & Bio-fuels											
4. Fossil fuel generation efficiency (High T processes)											
5. Efficient buildings & homes											
6. Renewables (wind, wave, tidal)											
7. Fuel cells											
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10. Carbon sequestration											
11. Improved High T industrial processes											

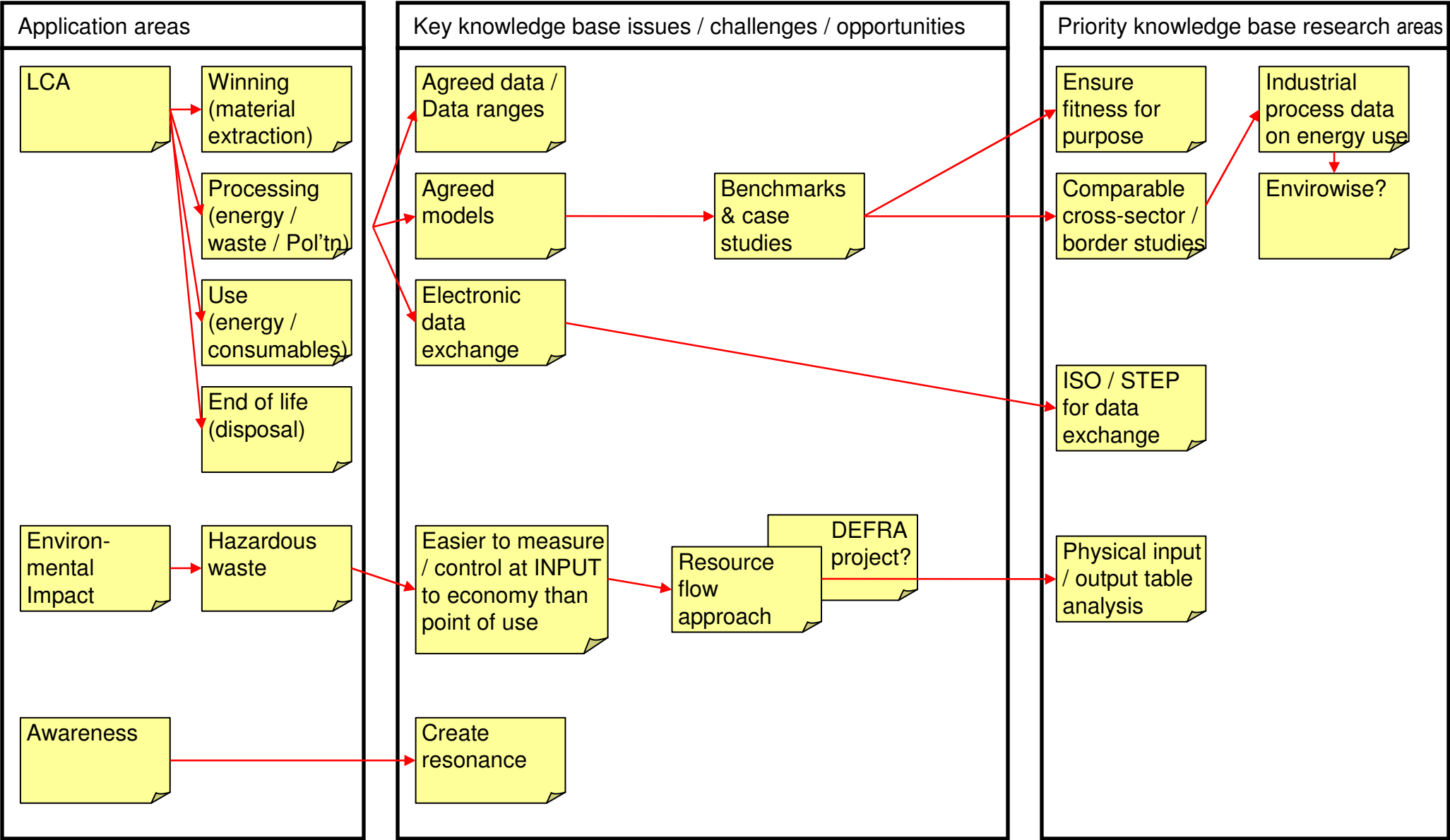
Detailed Input Capture

ENERGY TRENDS & DRIVERS	Final	Short Term 2010	Medium Term 2015	Long Term 2020	Very Long Term 2030+
SOCIAL	Population growth, urbanization, migration, aging, etc.	Population growth, urbanization, migration, aging, etc.	Population growth, urbanization, migration, aging, etc.	Population growth, urbanization, migration, aging, etc.	Population growth, urbanization, migration, aging, etc.
TECHNOLOGICAL	Renewable energy, energy storage, energy efficiency, etc.	Renewable energy, energy storage, energy efficiency, etc.	Renewable energy, energy storage, energy efficiency, etc.	Renewable energy, energy storage, energy efficiency, etc.	Renewable energy, energy storage, energy efficiency, etc.
ECONOMIC	Energy costs, energy security, energy access, etc.	Energy costs, energy security, energy access, etc.	Energy costs, energy security, energy access, etc.	Energy costs, energy security, energy access, etc.	Energy costs, energy security, energy access, etc.
ENVIRONMENTAL	Climate change, air pollution, water scarcity, etc.	Climate change, air pollution, water scarcity, etc.	Climate change, air pollution, water scarcity, etc.	Climate change, air pollution, water scarcity, etc.	Climate change, air pollution, water scarcity, etc.
POLITICAL & LEGAL	Energy policy, energy regulation, energy legislation, etc.	Energy policy, energy regulation, energy legislation, etc.	Energy policy, energy regulation, energy legislation, etc.	Energy policy, energy regulation, energy legislation, etc.	Energy policy, energy regulation, energy legislation, etc.

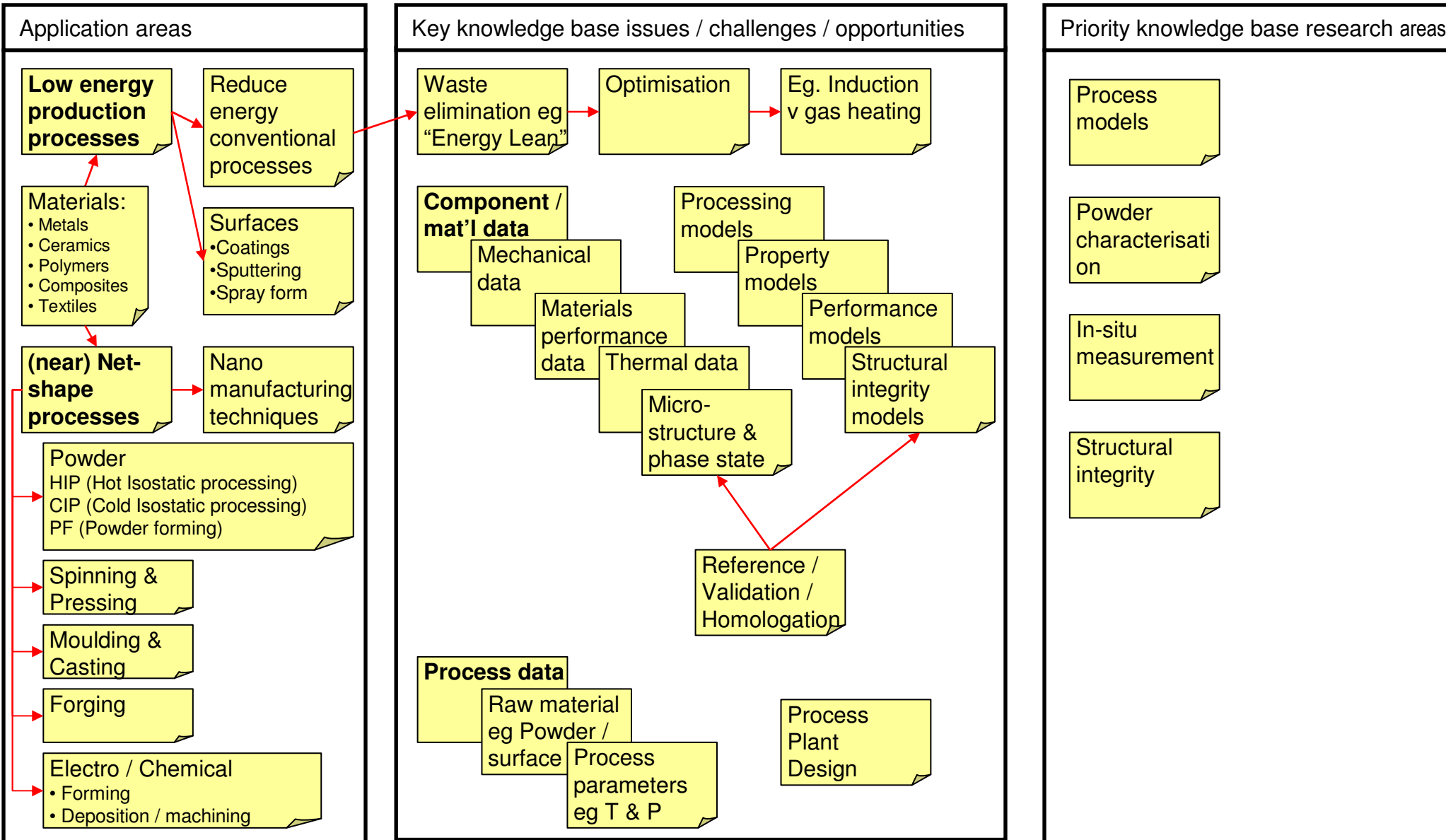
All input from the roadmapping session is capture across three matrices representing each layer. Each matrix includes time interval and categorisation. Prioritised issues are identified with darker shading.

Appendix 2. Knowledge base

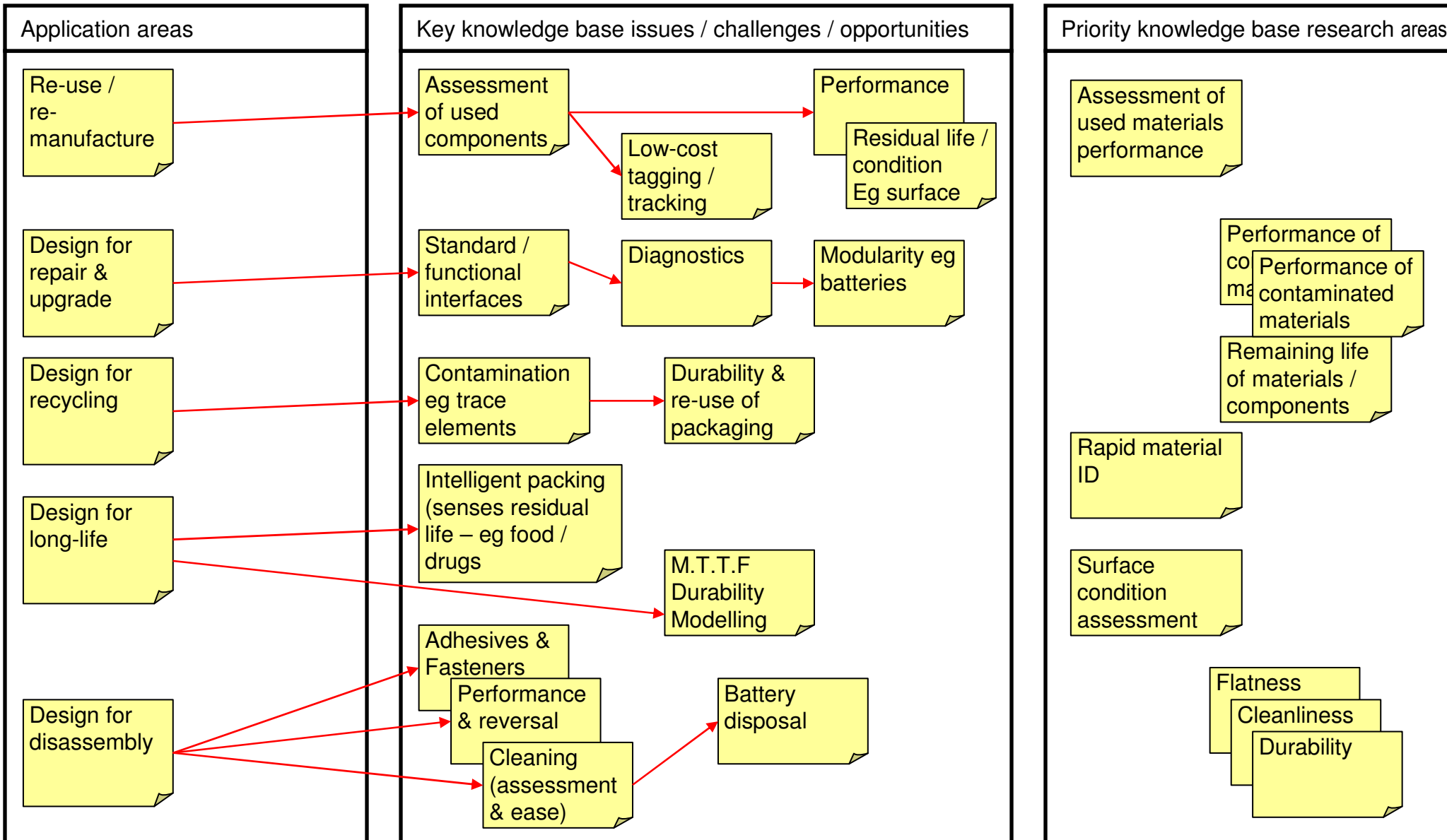
Knowledge base priorities for Life Cycle Analysis



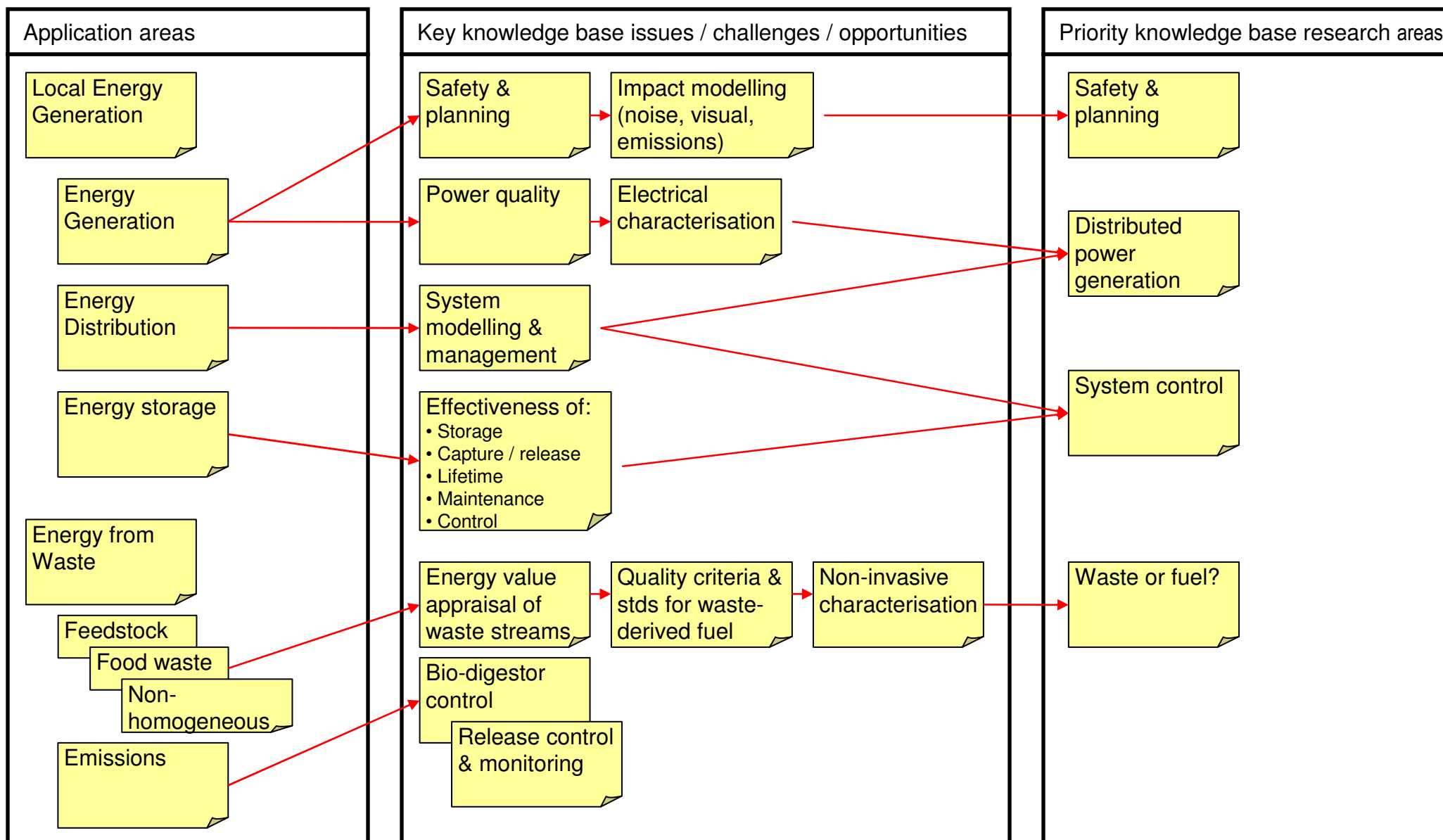
Knowledge base priorities for **Low energy & resource / net-shape production processes**



Knowledge base priorities for **Design for... reuse, recycling, disassembly, repair, long-life**



Knowledge base priorities for Local Energy Generation & Energy from Waste



Perspectives

DTI National Measurement System Roadmap

Workshop:
6th June 2006

Perspectives

Sustainable Production & Consumption

Fred Mead

Projects Manager

World Business Council for Sustainable Development

	Short term (2006 - 2011)	Medium term (2011 - 2016)	Long term (2016-2026)
Trends & drivers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rising costs and scarcity of resources •Legislative e.g. Regulations on end of life recycling –e.g automotive and WEEE directive •Govt commitment to SC&P – embedding SD in the annual £125b UK Public sector spend 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • x 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • x
Applications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Awareness programmes such as Resource Efficiency Clubs, Enviroinnovate •Recycling and Recovery processes. •Company measurement and Audit procedures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • x 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • x
Knowledge base	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Demanufacturing technologies e.g. WEEE •Primary Treatment opportunities e.g Anaerobic digestion •New materials with new properties and longer life–e.g.Nanotechnology 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • x 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • x

DTI National Measurement System Roadmap

Workshop:
6th June 2006

Perspectives

Sustainable Production & Consumption

**Andrew Rowley
Network Director
The Resource Efficiency KTN**

	Short term (2006 - 2011)	Medium term (2011 - 2016)	Long term (2016-2026)
Trends & drivers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Higher resource & energy costs Growing demand for goods and services Increasing waste & resource regulation and fiscal constraints 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Some resource and energy shortages/ increasing resource costs Continuing demand for goods & services Significant regulation and use of fiscal instruments 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Serious resource and energy shortages/ substantial costs Stringent environmental regulation Substantial fiscal waste and resource use measures
Applications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increased use of re-manufacturing/re-conditioning New products that are specifically designed for de-manufacturing and re-use Resource-efficient processing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduced use of primary resources – new products from “waste” New “low impact materials” – reduced energy manufacturing Modular design – long life components and products 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Long life buildings. Limited new-build and demolition. Extended-life foods & food products Low-“water” products
Knowledge base	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Improved quality control – advanced process measurement systems/sensors Resource “tagging”, resource flow modelling 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Measurement of impurities. Advanced separation technologies. Advanced re-forming technologies. Accelerated long-life property testing Advanced design technologies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Modular building design. Re-useable sections. Material tracking and monitoring technology. Automatic material property monitoring. Intelligent packaging, built-in sensors – predictive/adaptive “use-by” dates All materials, components have a low-water “factor”

DTI National Measurement System Roadmap

Workshop:
6th June 2006

Perspectives

Sustainable Production & Consumption

**Graham Sims
Knowledge Leader
National Physical Laboratory**

	Short term (2006 - 2011)	Medium term (2011 - 2016)	Long term (2016-2026)
Trends & drivers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increased realisation of importance of procurement based on full life costing (Materials Innovation and Growth Report) • Increased use of natural n • And self reinforcements in composites • Increased energy conservation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increased effort to reduce waste at source in manufacturing and process industries • Reduced contamination in recycling of materials • Design optimisation for material and energy resources 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increased remote pollution measurement • Extreme environmental challenges
Applications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Life-cycle-analysis procedures • New composite materials validated for use in specific applications • Insulation products for ambient and above-ambient applications 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Design for recycling – avoidance of mixed materials and contaminated materials. • Light-weight high performance engineering 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitoring capability for atmosphere, ground-water etc. • Catalytic type processes for reducing or cleaning water/ environment
Knowledge base	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Validation of LCA procedures / standards and provision of reference data. • Reference test methods and data, particularly for above ambient conditions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Measurement of low-level contaminants in recycle • Design data for new “green” materials , particularly for durability aspects 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Validation and traceability of measurements to internationally agreed standards

DTI National Measurement System Roadmap

Workshop:
6th June 2006

Perspectives

Sustainable Production & Consumption

Ton van Esch

Lean SixSigma Master Blackbelt

Xerox Europe, Manufacturing & Supply Chain

	Short term (2006 - 2011)	Medium term (2011 - 2016)	Long term (2016-2026)
Trends & drivers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Comply with EU legislation: ROHAS, WEEE • Waste minimisation • Globalisation of sourcing driven by competitive pressures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Further reduce waste • Changes in customer perception of re-processing • Digital evolution of the document, reduced product lifecycle 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Applications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Product design for compliance • Design for recycling • Stimulate partnerships between manufacturers, raw material suppliers, logistics service providers, recyclers. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Design for durability, serviceability (RIC) • Ability to predict residual life of components • Customer training, purchase of service rather than ownership of product 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
Knowledge base	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Materials knowledge • Life Cycle assessment • Web enabled supply chain solutions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Develop technologies to predict residual component life • Influence legislation and market acceptance of reprocessing concepts • Global knowledge of design, manufacturing and distribution capabilities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •