



Industrial Sustainability research at IfM & Introduction to the Centre



PRESENTED TO IfM Open Day

PRESENTED BY SE

15/05/2012













Purpose of presentation

- To briefly explain the topic of Industrial Sustainability
- To explain our plans
 - What we are doing
 - How we are doing it
 - Who with
- To present some early results















Manufacturing & Efficiency

- 300% improvement in productivity since 1979
- We make more today than ever

We believe that sustainability –
 environmental, social and economic –
 will be at the heart of our next change















What is Industrial Sustainability?













The Challenge:

- To quadruple output,
- To emit 80% less GHGs,
- To halve resource useAll by 2050

 The challenge requires new approaches an new understanding that we term *Industrial Sustainability,* which is nothing less than a new industrial revolution

"Manufacturing's contribution to a more sustainable society"















Case Study:

Who is this?















TMM Europe Targets

- 1. Energy usage
- 2. Water usage
- **3.** Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) released from painting operations
- 4. Waste to landfill
- **5.** Degree of compliance with environmental regulations
- **6.** Number of complaints from external (neighbourhood) parties

Actual (2001-2006)

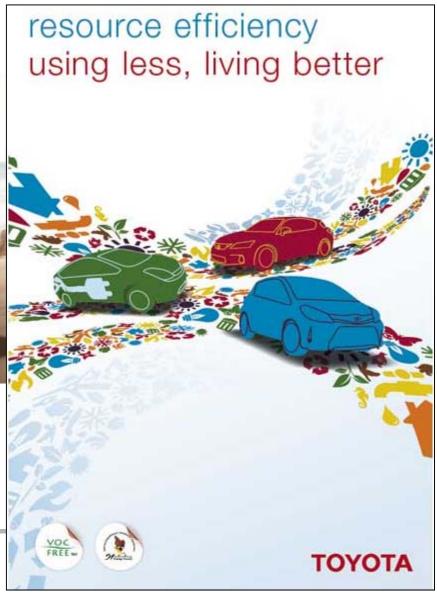
- 1. 44%
- 2. 37%
- 3. 32%
- 4. 99%
- 5. All plants ISO14001

Sustainability in Manufacturing

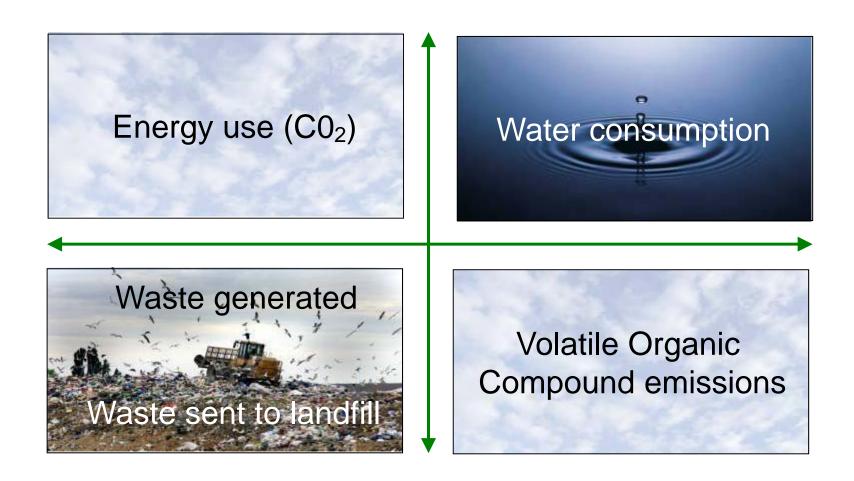
- Towards Zero Emissions

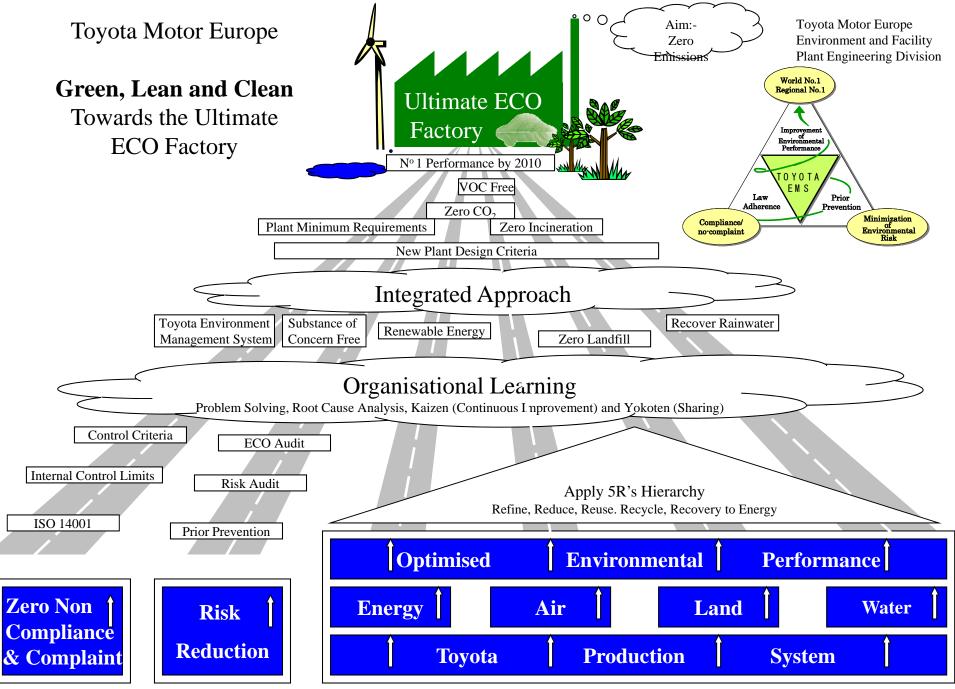


Steve Hope General Manager Plant Engineering and Safety Toyota Motor Europe

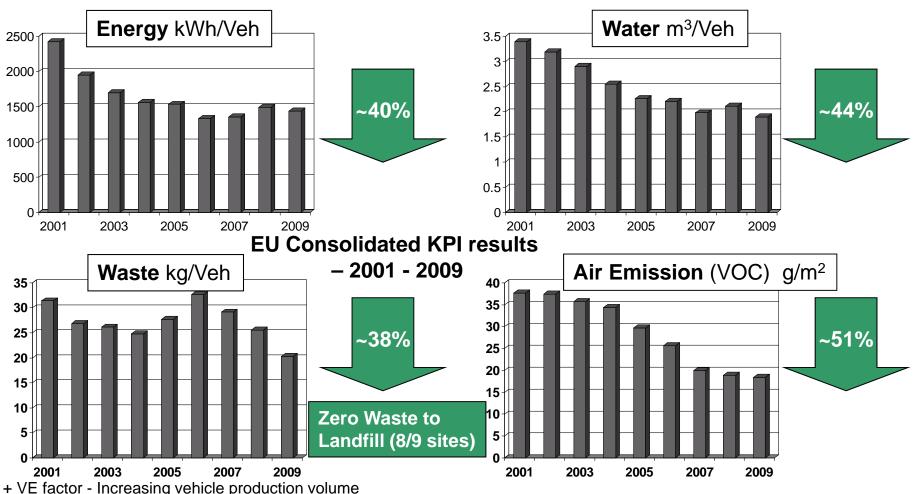


Key environmental priorities





.....dramatic reductions achieved in EU

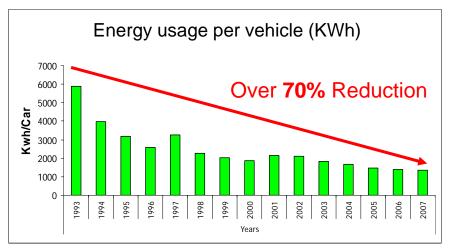


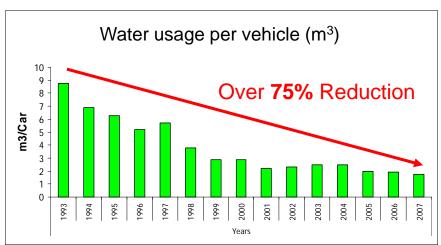
+ VE factor - Increasing vehicle production volume

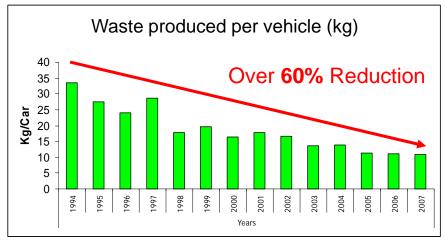
-VE factor - Increasing vertical integration (2 x engine / transmission plant introduced)

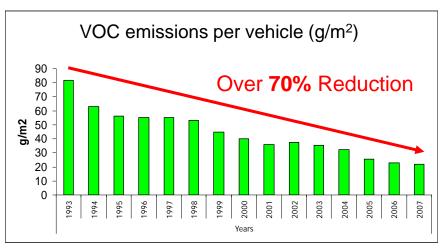


Environmental KPI Results (TMUK)





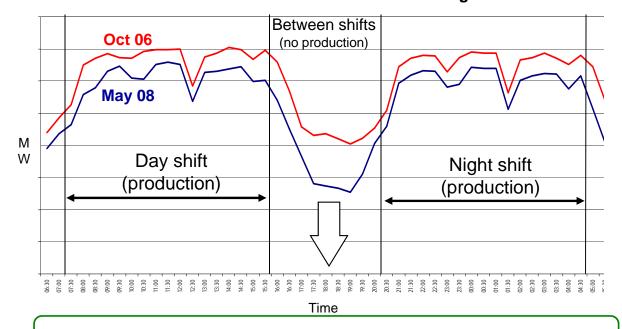




Examples of Leadership Energy reduction

Inter-shift shutdown focus

Burnaston Plant site electrical loading

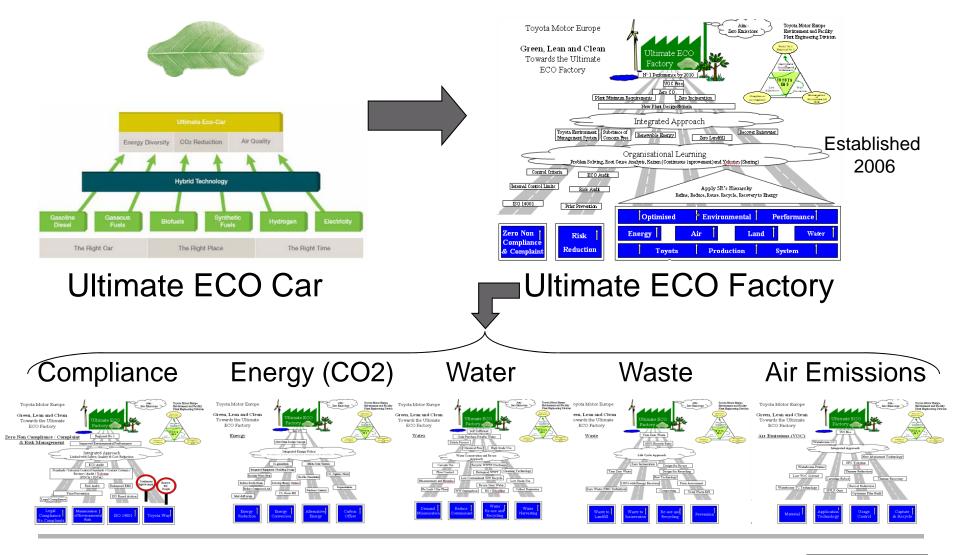


Target: no production = no energy use



- Employees responsible for switch off
- Energy switch observation points
- Clear instructions for switch off times
- Local ownership of energy control

Further Develop the Manufacturing "Vision"





Equipping & inspiring our members (employees)

Consistent & Strong Leadership eg Board-led environmental forums

Environment training

eg general awareness, technical skills

Member involvement

eg - "window" role, quality circles

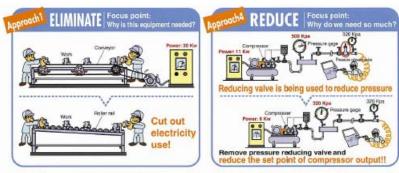
Consistent / Frequent Communications eg – Green Month, Open days, shop level events

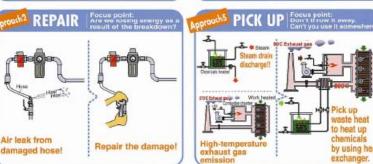


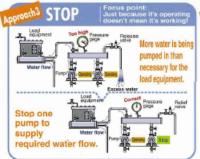
Kaizen

Develop Specialised Energy Saving Teams

In House Training - The 6 Attitudes









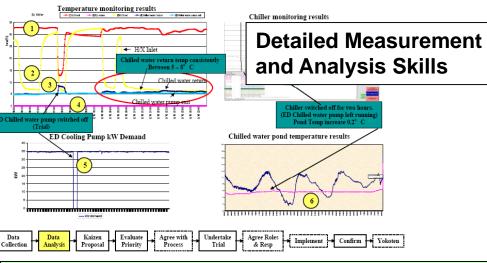
Train the Trainers



Then develop EU Wide Teams



1 Assessment of current state of energy usage in process



Beyond benchmarking – Determine concepts of "Minimum Requirement"



Eco-Efficiency at Toyota Europe

- Energy in manufacturing (kWh/vehicle)
 - 2001 2006 = 44% reduction
 - 2006 on = new programmes
 - 2010 = investigation of paint plant refrigeration?
 - 2011 = investigation of paint drying?

What is your upper limit & how close are you?













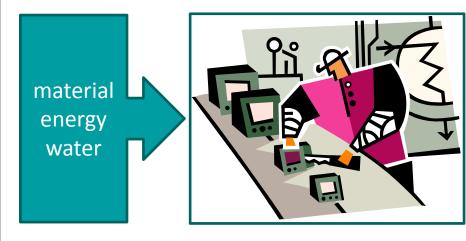


Areas of activity in manufacturing

Use best practice
Use best technology
Use best systems

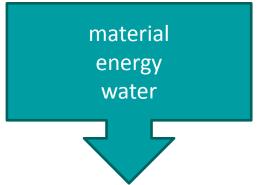
Includes:
monitoring,
measurement,
modelling,
process technology,
control technology,
waste processing,
energy harvesting,
energy creation,
material substitution,
etc





material (higher value)

toxicity quantity purity (mix)







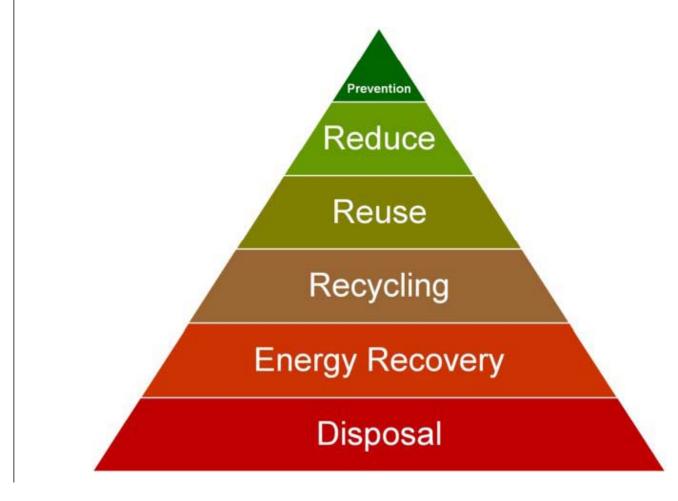








Material Hierarchy (aka waste hierarchy)









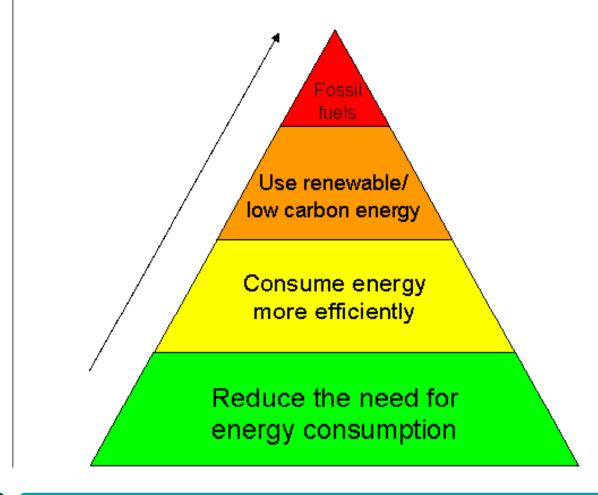




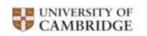




Energy Hierarchy













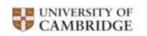




Water Hierarchy

Efficient Targeting in Water - Short Version Bang for Buck Find and Fix Leaks Water and Energy Wins Tidy Up Operation Cold Water Flowrates Cultural Change Alternate supply including: Rainwater Tanks Stormwater Harvesting Impressive but **Bore Supply** less Economic Grey/Blackwater Recycling















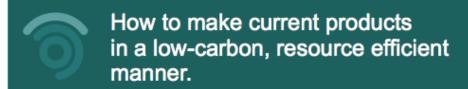
Research Themes

Use best practice

Use best technology

Use best systems





How to transform our factories and products.

Explore how the entire industrial system might change













What are we planning to do about it?













A new national research centre















Vision

• We are creating a transparent, collaborative community for practical research into ways to enable industry to become more sustainable.

• We are global in outlook, open & pro-active in working with others, and transparent about our successes & failures.

Challenge-led
20 Grand Challenges
200+ manufacturers
88 PhDs
International cooperation















Our Purpose

To support and encourage the transformation toward a sustainable industrial system the Centre delivers:

- Knowledge
- Tools & methods
- Leaders
- Policy support

By 2016:

20 Grand Challenge Projects 200+ manufacturers 88 PhDs

by being collaborative, transparent, grounded in practice and challenging & innovative.













Outputs

Large cohort of future industry and research leaders

Tools and techniques that improve current performance

20 Grand Challenges 200+ manufacturers 88 PhDs



A strong membership that uses results

Direct policy influence

Envision the potential future shape of the industrial system













Centre Investigators

Professor Steve Evans

Centre Director, Institute for Manufacturing (fM), University of Cambridge.

Professor Sir Mike Gregory

Head of the IfM, University of Cambridge.

Professor Shahin Rahimifard

Deputy Director, Professor of Sustainable Engineering, Loughborough University.

Dr Peter Ball

Senior Lecturer in Manufacturing Operations, Cranfield University

Dr Mike Tennant

Lecturer in Business and Environment, Imperial College London

Executive Group are: Toyota GM

Riversimple Unilever FS-KTN















Current Members











Palm



Unilever































Member interactions

Join webinars, member days, annual conference, QuickGuides

Use our tools and techniques before others

Join specific research projects

Get involved in policy influence

Share ideas on the future shape of the industrial system









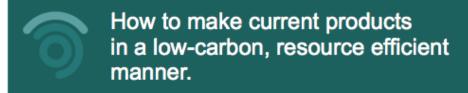






Research Themes

WHAT ARE TODAY'S KEY CHALLENGES?



How to transform our factories and products.

Explore how the entire industrial system might change

3 themes align with short, medium and long term changes to the industrial system















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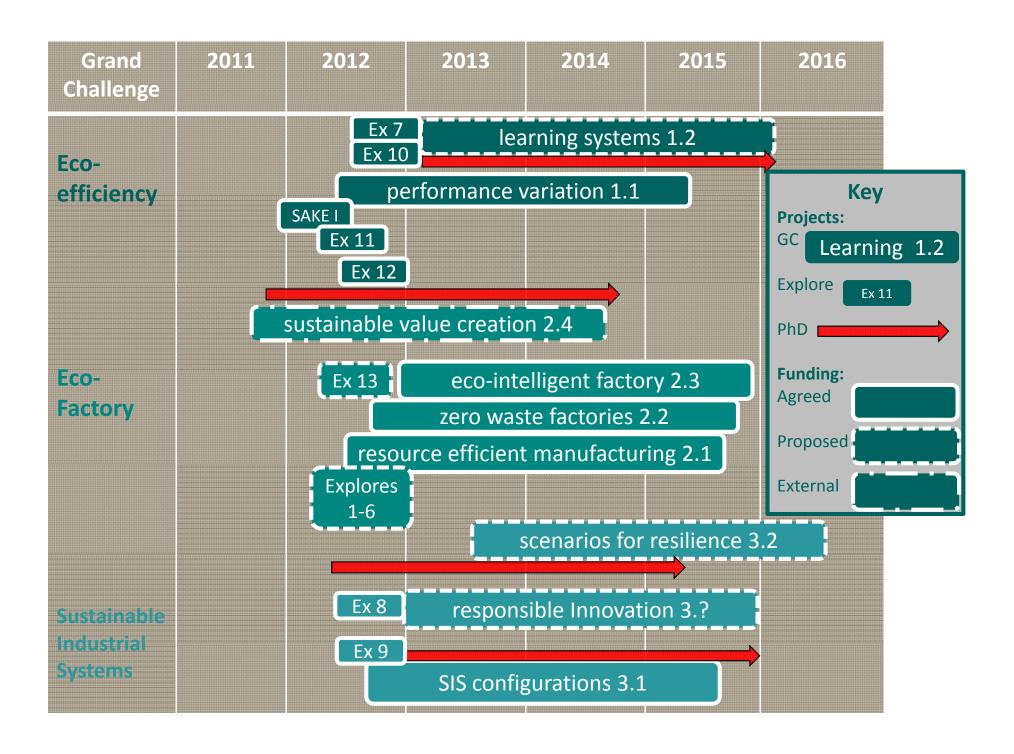














Year 1 priorities

Recruit best staff & researchers

Set up admin & back office

Key resources

Start projects

Member start

with members
Cohort building
Public Launch
Governance
operating

Projects active

Policy plan
International
development
External UK
Other Centres

Explore new project ideas

New members

Progress on plan except for:
Delayed administration















Progress & achievement















Year 1 priorities & overall progress

Started July 2011 20 months into 60 month funding

Progress on plan except for:
Delayed administration,
International
Development.



Recruit best staff & researchers Governance operating

Set up admin & back office
Select projects
Member start

Projects active with members
Cohort building
Public Launch

Policy plan
International
development
Other Centres

Explore new project ideas
New members













Outputs to date

Tools and techniques (lagging)

Research leaders
Over 50 people

Shaping the industrial system
7 (+5) journal papers, 2++ conf.

Very strong team,
Cohort programme,
Winning bids,
Active projects,
Active Members



Membership

14

Website launched

Policy GOS Foresight, UNIDO, APPMG Being sustainable £1.65M funding gained













Stop:
Wasted effort on admin & legal

Start:
China plan
India plan
Clear policy plan

Continue:
Project progress,
Cohort programme,
Winning bids,
Active projects,
Active Members,
Papers, etc.



Plans for 2013/14

Tools and techniques

(being used, having impact)

Research leaders
Over 60 people

Shaping the industrial system papers, road-mapping

Membership

Excellent & regular communications

Policy
Foresight, UNIDO,
APPMG, UNESCAP

Being sustainable People & funding













Early results















Sustainability Assessment & Knowledge Exchange (SAKE)

- Investigate sustainability metrics and KPIs, and how these may are being used
- Help members address areas of concern and identify future research directions
- Encourage knowledge exchange between members

An example Explore project driven by Members short term needs















SAKE: OUTCOMES (1)

1. Members are not sure whether KPIs are leading to the right behaviour or to desired performance.

Setting the boundaries, and choosing metrics (absolute or per product) will greatly influence improvement.

2. How can we make trade-offs between social, economic and environmental metrics, because all are important?

Should we consider one metric more than the others and how do we go about this? Social metrics are not widely used yet, but are of increasing interest to governments and some companies.

3. Measurement and control of impacts outside of direct scope (customer, suppliers) are of concern.

How can we best engage our suppliers and downstream stakeholders?















SAKE: OUTCOMES (2)

4. Leaders are finding ways to move beyond the metrics they have used in the past

What are these and how do we prove they are good metrics?

5. There may be tension between internal and external sustainability reporting

Are we measuring what we want and need, and are we broadcasting what we do well?

- 6. Learning within the company is important but challenging
 Learning within a company between different sites is
 important but may be difficult.
- 7. Emissions to air in factories are not regularly measured and are of concern to some members.

Some companies do measure emissions to air but not on a regular basis. Others do not know exactly how to measure this.















SustainValue Grand Challenge Project

BUSINESS MODEL INNOVATION – FINDINGS TO DATE

- Business model innovation is seen to offer the opportunity for fundamental shift
- A good conceptual understanding in the literature but limited practical
- Our Industrial case studies demonstrate:
 - Leading firms are exploring business model innovation successfully
 - ➤ The business modelling process is ad-hoc and largely dependent on visionary leadership
- There is a lack of systematic tools and methods to help manufacturers innovate their business models for sustainability

Providing
manufacturers with a
business modelling
process and
accompanying tools to
embed sustainability
into everyday
business operations















Better Business Modelling needs:

- A Multiple stakeholder view of value
 - current tools focus largely on customers
- A Comprehensive view of value:
 - Value proposition is not just value exchanges
 - Existing value opportunities are being missed in the current model
 - value is being actively destroyed
- A systematic approach to shifting value is needed:
 - using existing industrial knowledge on business model innovation

Systematic and practical process for reconceptualising the business model for sustainability



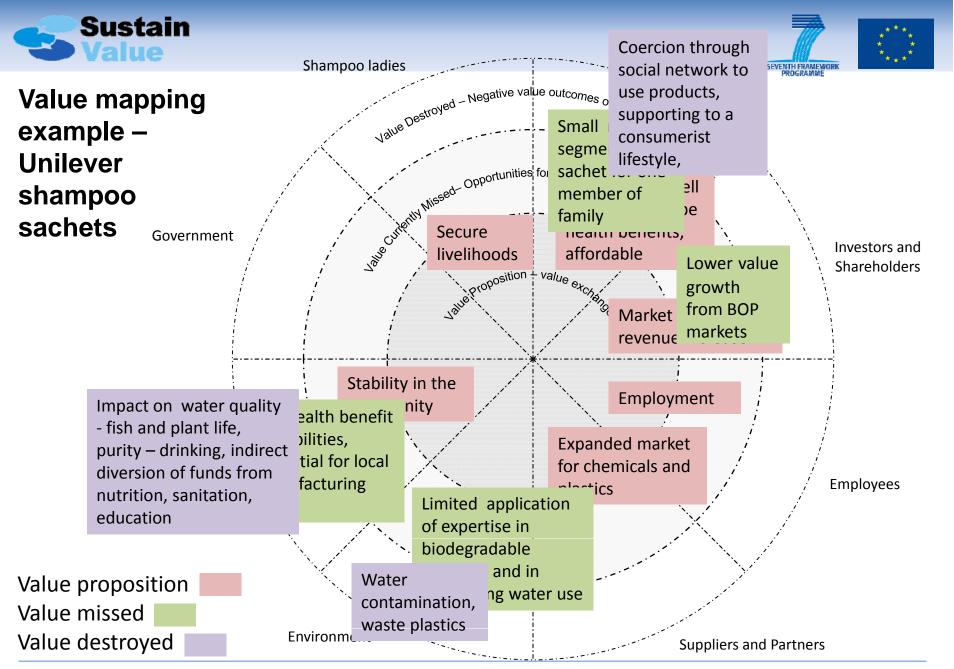


















Sustainable Business Model Element Archetypes

PROGRAMME	P4-
Business model archetype	Examples from practice
Maximise material and energy efficiency (Do more with less resources, generating less waste, emissions and pollution)	Lean Manufacturing, Low-carbon solutions, Dematerialisation, Packaging reduction, Bio-mimicry, Green Chemistry
Create value from waste (Turn waste streams, emissions and discarded products into feed stocks for other products and processes)	Closed-loop production, Circular economy, Cradle-to-Cradle, Industrial symbiosis, Take-back Management
Deliver functionality, rather than ownership (Provide services that satisfy users' needs without having to own physical products)	Product service systems - Product Orientated, Use Orientated, Result- orientated, PFI (Private Finance Initiative)/DBFO (Design, Build, Finance, Operate)
Encourage sufficiency (Solutions that actively seek to reduce consumption and production)	Consumer/User Education, Demand Management, Cap and Trade, Ethical product promotion, Slow Fashion, Responsible product/distribution – Health, wellbeing, Product Longevity
Adopt a stewardship role (Proactively engaging with all	Ethical Trade (fair trade), Resource Stewardship, Bio-diversity protection,
stakeholders to ensure their long-term health and well-being)	Choice editing to promote consumer health
Re-purpose the business for society/environment (Focusing the business on delivering social and environmental benefits, rather than economic profit maximization)	Not-for-profit, Hybrid businesses, Social Enterprise (for profit), Entrepreneur/ Business Support models, Base of Pyramid Solutions
Integrate the business more fully with other stakeholders (Including community, employees, partners, etc. through more collaborative approaches)	Alternative ownership structures – Employee ownership, Collectives, Partnerships, Cooperatives, Crowd-funding, Localisation
Develop scale-up solutions (Delivering sustainable solutions at a large scale to maximise benefits for society and the environment)	Licensing, Franchising, Open-innovation, Standardisation of the process – business practices and legal/law
Radical Innovation (Introduce system change through introduction of new technologies to facilitate a greener economy)	Technology & network reconfiguration, (process innovation, e-learning) Step-change technology solutions – Including renewable energy solutions

www.therm-project.org

THrough-life Energy and Resource Modelling



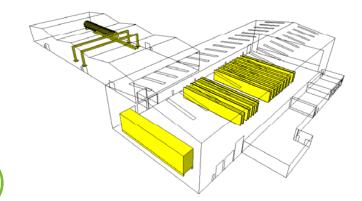






Technology Strategy Board

- Systems view of the factory
 - Model buildings and manufacturing processes
 - Import process data
 - Create "profiles" (inputs/outputs)

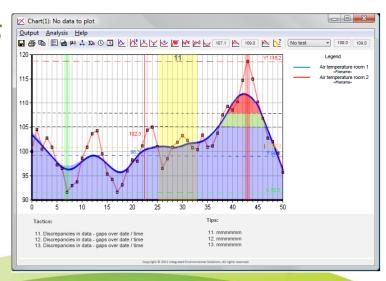


- Improve using *Toyota attitudes*
 - STOP

- REDUCE
- ELIMINATE
- TRADE

- CHANGE







Grand Challenge Project Sustainable Industrial Systems

HOW DO WE PREPARE FOR A CHANGING FUTURE?

- There are a number of weak signals for future changes to the industrial system:
 - O Pressures from energy cost, resource availability, policies...
 - Suggested solutions from Cradle to Cradle, The Natural Step, Industrial Ecology, Industrial Symbiosis, Product Service Systems, Green Chemistry, Bio-mimicry...
- How will we make decisions about what gets made where and how?
 - There are a number of tools and techniques
 - Road-mapping, foresight, scenario planning, PEST, forecasting, backcasting, systems modeling....
- These techniques do not deal with the growing challenge of coping with uncertainty, resilience, unintended system consequences, etc
 - We would like to understand the shaping forces and cope with weak signals, black swans, interconnectedness, etc.

There are many approaches to planning – how do we prepare for a step change?















Project aims

Help manufacturers understand how to plan for futures, that may need to be radically different, from today's business as usual trajectory. . .

- What gets made where
- What needs to change
 - System parameters
 - Governance, business models
 - Relationships
 - At the system level (policy, conditions)

What is different about planning for sustainability at the system level?









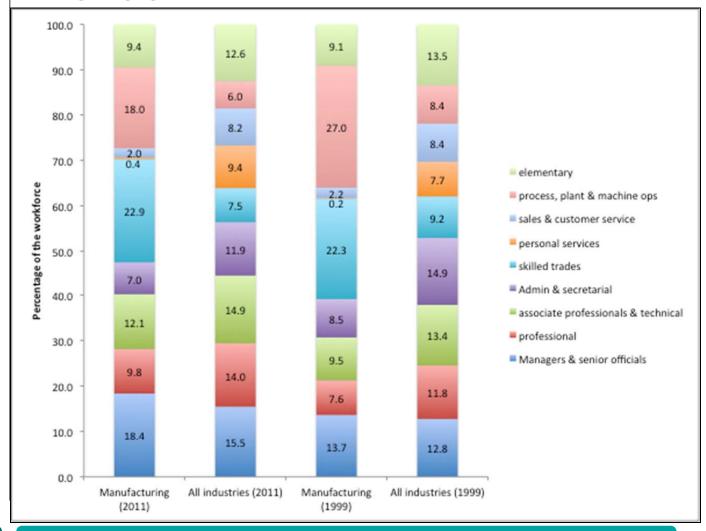






Future of Manufacturing in the UK

THE WORKFORCE







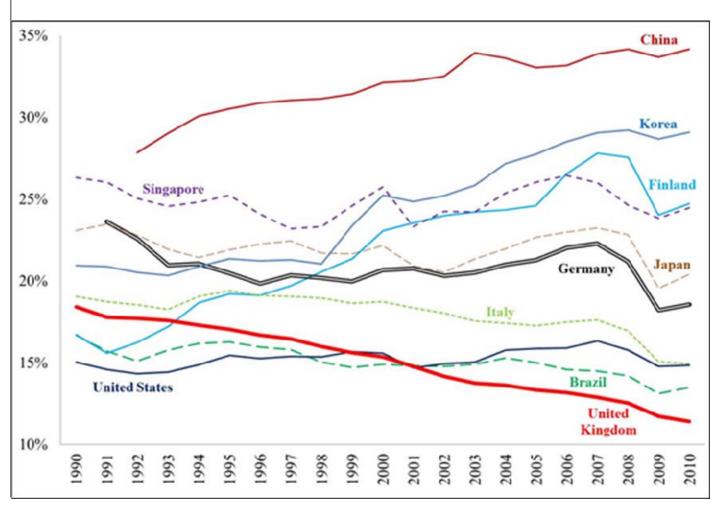


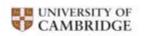






'Re-balancing the economy'















Things will change:

Lean & Clean,
Never saying
goodbye,
Making it
everywhere,
Keeping in touch,
Kissing frogs,
Slow local
manufacturing.



Future of manufacturing?

Growing vs subtracting, sensors, data, services, global & local, disruptions/shocks...

eco-efficiency, closed-loop, local making, selling service, new collaborations, & high-value.













Join us!

































POIN

MARKS&

SPENCER









Thank you











