

Department of Engineering Institute for Manufacturing

METIIA Course Handbook 2019-20

Disclaimer

We have endeavoured to ensure that the information contained in this handbook is as accurate as possible. However, it is likely that minor changes and updates may need to be made to some sections during the course of the year.

We will ensure that all updates are communicated to you by email and/or posted on the MET IIA Moodle site.

Contents

MET IIa People	4
Year group	7
IfM Map	8
Course overview & timetables	
Summary of Taught Modules	9
Examinations and Coursework Structure	10
Timetables (Michaelmas, Lent and Easter)	11
Induction	14
Skills workshops and industrial visits	16
Module specifications	
3P1: Materials into Products	24
3P2: Operation and Control of Production Machines and Systems	28
3P3: Product Design	32
3P4: Operations Management	35
3P5: Industrial Engineering	37
3P6: Organisational Behaviour	39
3P7: Managing Business and People	42
3P8: Financial and Management Accounting	46
3P9: Industrial Economics, Strategy and Governance	48
3P10: Contemporary Issues in Manufacturing	50
Coursework specifications	
CAD/CAM Exercise	54
Production Game	55
Major Project	57
General information	
Penalties for Late Hand In of Coursework and Missed Industrial Visits	59
Workshop Practical	60
ORP	61
Information and library services	63
Appendix 1: Referencing and Plagiarism	65
Appendix 2: Sample of METIIA Forms	70

MET IIa People

Course Directors	Dr Ronan Daly (Ila)	Prof Tim Minshall (IIb)	
Teaching office	Shane Strawson (Senior MET Admin)	Sally King (Senior ISMM Admin)	Megan Flood (Admin)
3P1 Materials into Products (Mich)	Dr Hugh Shercliff (module leader)	Dr Claire Barlow	Dr Graham McShane
3P2 Operation and Control of Production Machines and Systems (Mich)	Prof Bill O'Neill (module leader)	Prof Duncan McFarlane	
3P3 Product Design (Mich)	Dr Michael De Volder (module leader)	Lucia Corsini	Dr Sebastian Pattinson
3P4 Operations Management (Lent)	Dr Alexandra Brintrup (module leader)	Dr Feryal Erhun	
3P5 Industrial Engineering (Lent)	Dr Veronica Martinez (module leader)		

3P6 Organisational Behaviour (Mich)	Dr Mukesh Kumar (module leader)		
3P7 Managing Business and People (Lent)	Dr Mukesh Kumar (module leader)	Prof Tim Minshall	
3P8 Financial and Management Accounting (Mich)	Dr Judith Plummer- Braeckman (module leader)		
3P9 Industrial Economics, Strategy and Governance (Lent)	Dr Florian Urmetzer (module leader)		
3P10 Contemporary Issues in Manufacturing (Mich)	Dr Ronan Daly (module leader)	Dr Claire Barlow	Dr Eoin O'Sullivan
Major Project	Dr Michaël De Volder	Dr Sebastian Pattinson	Dr Chander Velu
Industrial Visits and Workshops	Dr Letizia Mortara		

IT Support

Workshop / Technical support



Lewis Grantham (Heads the IT team)



Giles Hainsworth (Senior Computing Technician)



Simon Sennitt (Workshop technician, electrical)

(Technical officer)
Others who you
should know

Maggie Harriss IfM Divisional Administrator

Alan Thorne



Chris Jennings

mechanical)

(Workshop technician,

Bridgit Dore (Catering manager)

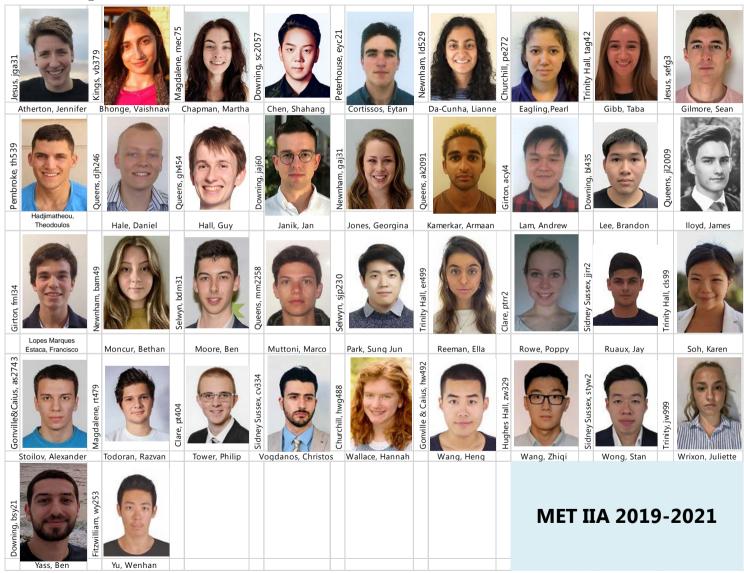


Ella Whellams (Events manager & supports the design show)

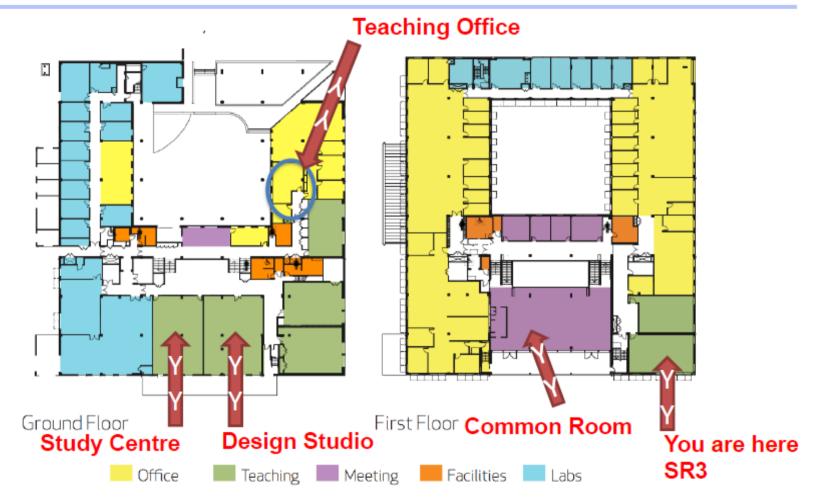


Lisa Barrett (IfM ECS & supports the design show)

2019-20 Year Group



IfM Floor Plan



8

Course overview and timetables

Summary of Taught Modules

Module number	Module Title	Module Scope	Assessment	Term
3P1	Materials into Products	From microstructure to mechanical property: manufacturing process optimisation for all classes of solids	100% Examination	Michaelmas
3P2	Production Machines and Systems	The specification, operation and management of production machines and systems	100% Examination	Michaelmas
3P3	Design	Integrating engineering and industrial design in the creation of new products	100% Coursework	Michaelmas
3P4	Operations Management	The management of material and information flow in the supply chain	100% Examination	Lent
3P5	Industrial Engineering	The design of production flows and operations in manufacturing	100% Examination	Lent
3P6	Organisational Behaviour	An introduction to the theory of organisational behaviour	100% Examination	Michaelmas
3P7	Managing Business and People	An introduction to the processes involved in starting and running a business	100% Examination	Lent
3P8	Financial and Management Accounting	An introduction to the principles and practice of financial and management accounting	100% Examination	Michaelmas
Industrial A 3P9 Economics, a Strategy and e		An introduction to the principles and practice of industrial economics, strategy and corporate governance	100% Examination	Lent
3P10 (a) Integrative industrial visits to Sudy modern manufacturing practice Manufacturing (b) Lectures to introduce current topics		100% Examination	Michaelmas	

Examinations and Coursework Structure

		TOTAL	840		
Visits	Coursework		40		
Production Game	Coursework		30		
CAD/CAM exercise	Coursework		30		
Major Project	Coursework		140		
3P3 Product Design	Single module assessed coursework		60		
Paper 6	Single module paper: 90 minutes	Module 3P10, Contemporary Issues in Manufacturing	60		
Paper 5	Double module paper: 3 hours	Module 3P8, Financial and Management Accounting Module 3P9, Industrial Economics, Strategy and Governance	120		
Paper 4	Double module paper: 3 hours	Module 3P6, Organisational Behaviour Module 3P7, Managing Business and People	120		
Paper 3	Paper 3Double module paper: 3 hoursModule 3P4, Operations ManagementModule 3P5, Industrial Engineering				
Paper 2	Single module paper: 90 minutes	-			
Paper 1	Single module paper: 90 minutes Common with 3C1	Module 3P1, Materials into Products	60		
Name	Descriptor	Contents	Marks		

we	eks		9-	10	10-	-11	11-	-12	12-1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6
0 07	-Oct					I	nduction [0],	DALY, IfM SR3			Induction [0], DALY, IfM S	'R3		
1 14	-Oct		3P10: Conte		manuf. [1], BA	ARLOW, <i>IfM</i>	3P6: Organis	sational Beha	viour [1], KUMAR, <i>IfM SR3</i>		Rapid Prototype Workshop (group of 20 students)		
2 21	-Oct	1					,				Workshop (2) - (Group of 4 s	students)		
	-Oct	lay									Workshop (6) - (Group of 4 s	students)		
4 04	Nov	DUC								Lunch	Workshop (8) - (Group of 4 s	students)		
5 11	Nov	Monday		3P6: Organis	ational Behav	r iour [2-8], KU	MAR, IfM SR3		3P10: Contemp issues in manuf. DALY [2-5] /		3P10: Contemp issues in manuf. [5], DALY IfM SR3			
6 18	Nov							O'SULLIVAN [6-8], IfM SR3		manui. [5], DALI IJM SIS				
	Nov													
	-Dec													
	-Oct		Induction [0]	DALY. IFM SE	23					Lunch	Induction [0], DALY, SR3 I	fM		
	-Oct				ll day but may	finish earlier de	ependina upon l	location		Burten		, ···		
	-Oct		Visit debrief			Skills worksh				Lunch	Workshop (3) - (Group of 4 s	students)		
	-Oct	lay	Industrial Vis	sit: scheduled a	ll day but may			location						
	Nov		Visit debrief			Skills worksh				Lunch	Workshop (9) - (Group of 4 s	students)		
5 12	-Nov	Ľű	Industrial Vis	sit: scheduled a	ll day but may j	finish earlier de	epending upon l	location						
	Nov	-	Visit debrief			Skills worksh				Lunch				
7 26	Nov					Skills worksh	юр			Lunch				
8 03	-Dec													
	-Oct		Induction [0]	, DALY, I <i>fM</i>										
	-Oct						3P8: Finan		ement accounting, [1-2],		Rapid Prototype Workshop (
	-Oct	esday						BRAECKMA	AN, IfM SR3		Workshop (4) - (Group of 4 s			
	-Oct	ssd	3P1: Mate								Workshop (7) - (Group of 4 s			
	-Nov	lπε	products [1-0							Lunch	Workshop (10) - (Group of 4	students)		
	Nov	/ec	MCSHANE/				3P8: Finan		ement accounting, [4-7],					
	Nov	Ν	LR4 Main Site Engineering			BRAECKMAN, IfM SR3								
	Nov													
8 04	Dec		202 I 1 Later	I.D	MDU	20212 D	CD 101	C	hada fina an di Carana da dara					
1 10	-Oct		3P3 L1 Intro	and Design pr IfM SR3	rocess, MDV,		typing, SP, <i>IJM</i> R3		briefing and Group design cise, Design Studio		Design Sketching Worksh	op, (not compulsory) MDV	I, IfM SR3	
2 17	-Oct		Desig		brief, Design St				tems, MDV, IfM SR3		Introduction to Solidwor	ks. AT. Desian Studio		
				-					ng and Tolerances, SP, IfM					
3 24	-Oct				bearings, MDV,	IfM SR3	SR3			SOLID CAM: Milling, Briefin	ng of CAD/CAM coursewor	rk, AT, Design Studio		
4 31	-Oct	lay		gn for Manufac SP, IfM SR3	cture, MDV /		DfM Ex	ercise, Design	Studio		SOLID CAM: Turning, AT, D	Design Studio	-	
5 07	Nov	hursday	3P3 L7 D Assembly, S			Design fo	r Assembly W	orkshop, Desig	gn Studio	Lunch	Design Portfolios worksh	op, MDV, <i>IfM SR3</i>	CAD/CAM: Informal suppo	rt
6 14	Nov	Τ	3P3 L8 Mecha	nisms, MDV, <i>If</i>	FM SR3			MDV, Desi			Major Project: Group wor	k, Design Studio		
7 21	-Nov			sign History, L	-		luct Form, LC, <i>SR3,</i>	Major Pro	ject: Group work, <i>Design</i> Studio		Major Project: Ideas Fair, .	Design Studio		
8 28			Ergo	12 Physical & nomics, LC, <i>IfM</i>	1 SR3		Major Project	: Group work,	Design Studio		Major Project: Group wor	k, Design Studio		
	Dec		Major Project	t: Project prop	osal presentati	ions IfM SR3							1	
	-Oct										3P10: Contemp issues in m			
2 18	-Oct										Workshop (1) - (Group of 4 s	students)		
	-Oct										Workshop (5) - (Group of 4 s	students)		
4 01	Nov	1	3P1: Mate						a				,	
5 08	-Nov	Friday	products [1-4 MCSHANE/ SH	IERCLIFF,LR4				[5-8], MCFAR	s & systems [1-4], O'NEILL, LANE <i>IfM SR3</i>	Lunch	3P8: Financial & manager BRAECKMAN, IfM SR3	ment accounting, [4],		
		FI	Main Site E	ngineering										
7 22	Nov													
8 29	Nov										3P8: Financial & manager	ment accounting, [8],		
											BRAECKMAN, IfM SR3			
9 06	-Dec													

Michaelmas Timetable: Note, these timetables are provisional and are subject to change

Lent timetable: Note, these timetables are provisional and are subject to change

wee	eks		9-10	10-11	11-12	12-1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6
	-Jan										
	-Jan										
	-Jan	y									
	-Feb	Monday									
	-Feb	0U				Engineering [1-8],	Lunch				
	-Feb	ž			MARTINE	Z, IfM SR3					
	-Feb										
	-Mar										
	-Mar										
	-Jan				Tee des etcel			 			
	-Jan -Jan		Visit debrief			al Visit: scheduled all a orkshop	Lunch	lier depending upon ic	ocation		
	-Jan -Feb	уı	visit debilei			al Visit: scheduled all d		liar dananding unan k	cation		
	-Feb	sday	Visit debrief			orkshop	Lunch		Julion		
	-Feb	ne	VISIT UCDITCI			al Visit: scheduled all a		l lier denending unon la	ocation		
	-Feb	Т	Visit debrief		Skills w	orkshop	Lunch		Jeation		
	-Mar					p	Bunch				
	-Mar										
0 15	-Jan										
	-Jan										
2 29	-Jan	ay									
3 05	-Feb	sdi									
4 12	-Feb	ne	3P9: Industrial	Economics [1-8],	3P4: Operations M	Management, [1-8]	Lunch				
	-Feb	Wednesday	URMETZE	ZER, IfM SR3 BRINTRUP IfM SR3	ER, <i>IfM SR3</i>	BRINTRUP IfM SR3					
	-Feb	≥									
	-Mar										
	-Mar										
	-Jan			ect group consultations	S				, ,	t: Group Work	
	-Jan		Major Project: Supe							t: Group Work	
3 30	-Jan	4	Major Project: Desig	n review 1	<i>(</i>)				Major Projec	t: Group Work	
4 06	-Feb	day	Major Project: Proje	ect group consultations	s (introduction to final	ncials spreadsheet &			Major Projec	t: Group Work	
		r S(unit costs)				Lunch		Maian Duaian	to Constant Missile	
	-Feb -Feb	hu.	Major Project: Proje	ect group consultations ect group consultations n review 2	5				Major Projec	t: Group Work	
	-Feb -Feb	Η	Major Project: Desig Major Project: Busin	n review 2							
	-Mar		Major Froject: Bush	less Fiall Di letilig							
	-Mar										
	-Jan										
	-Jan										
	Jun				Skills Workshop: M	IcKinsey SMED game					
3 31	-Jan					M SR3					
4 07	-Feb	Friday	3P7: Managing Busi		[5] 1)						
	-Feb -Feb	rid	8], KUMA	R, IfM SR3			Lunch				
	-Feb	F									
	-Feb							Production Game	71 IFM SR3		
	-Mar							our con daille	, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,		
	-Mar				ļ					1	

	veeks		9-10	10-11	11-12	12-1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6
	20-Apr						Exam period				
	27-Apr						Exam period				
	04-May	٨									
	11-May	Monday									
	18-May)n(Major Project Period				
	25-May	Мс									
	01-Jun										-
	08-Jun										
	15-Jun										
	21-Apr						Exam period				
	28-Apr						Exam period				
	05-May	y					Major Project period				
	12-May	da	Annual visits debri	ef, MORTARA IfM, LT	2						
	19-May	Tuesday					Major Project period				
	26-May	Tu					-,,,		5 501011 011	0.111 GBT 115	
	02-Jun								DESIGN SH	OW SET UP	
	09-Jun										
	16-Jun										
	22-Apr						Exam period				
_	29-Apr 06-May	٨		Major Project period	1		Exam period	MET OP			
	13-May	day		Major Project period				MET OP	EN DAY		
	13-May 20-May	Wednesday					Major Project period				
	20-May 27-May	dn					Major rioject periou				
	03-Jun	Ve			MAIOR PR	OJECT FINAL PRESE	NTATIONS				DESIGN SHOW
	10-Jun	-									DESIGN SHOW
	17-Jun										
	23-Apr						Exam period				
	30-Apr						Exam period				
	07-May	1	Major Project: Supe	ervisions							
	14-May	lay		ect Group consulation	ns: final text for show	booklet					
_	21-May	rs(r pictures for show b	ooklet				
6	28-May	Thursday				olio and business pla					
7	04-Jun	Т				DESIGN SHOW, IN	TERNAL VIEWING		DES	IGN SHOW - TAKE DO	DWN
8	11-Jun										
9	18-Jun										
	24-Apr						Exam period				
	01-May						Exam period				
	08-May	y									
	15-May	da					Major Project Period				
	22-May	Friday			I				I		
	29-May							[
	05-Jun										
8	12-Jun										

Easter timetable: Note, these timetables are provisional and are subject to change

Induction

Aims

- **To provide information about the course** including: the content and structure of the taught modules; the opportunity presented by the course work to demonstrate an integrative approach; the process and administration of the 3P10 Company Visits; tablet based teaching; the methods of examination; timetable and locations.
- **To ensure operating procedures and administration are understood**: including the different ethos from Part 1 of Engineering; the role of the IfM teaching office; the use of Moodle for providing information and taught content; access to admin and teaching staff; layout of the Alan Reece Building and the use of its facilities.
- **To start the skills development programme.** The induction programme includes sessions on communications, including presentation skills which are required early in the course. The remainder of the skills development programme takes place on alternate Tuesdays during Michaelmas and Lent terms.
- **To facilitate group bonding** which is essential for the successful operation of the course. Students will meet academic and teaching staff, and the style of the course will be interactive with taught inputs interspersed with small group activities.
- **To provide a brief introduction to Manufacturing** to emphasise the integrated nature of Manufacturing and to explain the importance of retaining this perspective even though the subject is deconstructed into modules for the purposes of teaching.

Teaching style

To meet these aims the induction programme will necessarily contain taught input but will include substantial periods of interactive learning through group work and exercises.

Location

The induction programme is based in the Alan Reece Building.

Induction programme

Mon 7 October		
	Introductions	
10:00 - 10:45	Welcome and overview of induction programme	RD
	Discussion: your hopes from MET	
10:45 - 11:00	Welcome from Professor Tim Minshall	ТМ
11:00 - 11:30	Course overview and administration	RD
11:30 – 11:45	Break	
12:00 - 13:00	Manufacturing awareness	RD/SP/CRR
13:00 - 14:00	Buffet lunch with ISMM, MET and Staff	ALL
	Company visits: aims, visits process, themes and	
14:00 - 15:00	topics, assessment, safety	LM
	Introduction to tablets	RD
15:00 - 16:00	Safety and workshop introduction	SP
16:00 - 16:30	Facilities tours	SS/CJ
Tues 8 October		
09:00 - 09:30	Careers talk	Joy Warde
09:30 - 10:15	Introduction Library Facilities	Emma Etteridge
10:15 – 10:30	Break	
10:30 - 11:00	Retail shop exercise: Briefing	RD
	Retail shop exercise:	
11:00 - 14:00	Store Observation and Presentation Preparation	RD
	Lunch: Own arrangements	
14:00-15:30	Retail shop exercise:	RD
	Group Presentation and Feedback	
Wed 9 October		
0900 - 10:30	Presentation Methods	RD
10:30 - 11:15	Presentation Preparation	RD
11:15 – 11:30	Break	
11:30 - 12:30	Group Presentation and Lessons Learnt	RD

Skills Workshops and Industrial Visits

Programme

The module coniststs of Industrial Visits and Skills development Workshops. Both are delivered during the Michaelmas and Lent terms to allow maximum opportunity for observing real manufacturing environment and for testing and practicing a variety of managerial and practical skills as the course progresses.

All the module elements take place on Tuesdays. Visits are typically organised every other week (see programme)¹. In the intervening week, on the Tuesdays the programme comprises debriefing sessions and skills workshops.

The programme is assessed and attendance is expected at all events. In particular, any absence from any assessed part (i.e. industrial visits and the de-briefing presentations, final year presentation) needs to be approved by your College Tutor, the Module Leader and the Teaching Office through the available request forms. Unjustified absences will incur a marks penalty (see table below)².

However, wherever feasible, if approved by the tutor and with a warning of at least 2 weeks, the teaching office will amend the Industrial Visits/workshop programme schedule to comply with serious personal constraints.

Industrial visits: Briefing and Debriefing

Each visit day addresses a different business sector. All students therefore make six visits, one for each business sector.

Each visit group is divided into teams of two to four students with each team focusing on a different generic theme during the visit. The themes will be rotated between the teams so that each team focuses on a different theme for each visit (see table below). At every visit, one team (those looking into Design Management) will be responsible for collating the input from all the teams in their group to make the debrief presentation. This responsibility will be rotated between the teams.

For the preparation of the visits de-briefing, the following approach is suggested:

- i. Teams collect information on their theme during the visit.
- ii. Teams structure their information and feed to the presenter team. This should be started on the return coach trip while the details are still fresh. Summary power

² Penalty table for unjustified absences

Absences	Penalty
Any industrial visit	3 marks
Your de-briefing presentation	15 marks
Your final year presentation	15 marks

¹ The programme might be changed during the year – for the most up-todate version lookup the "Industrial Visits" Moodle folder

point slides should be given to the presenter team by the Thursday following the visit.

- iii. The presenter team prepares a 30 minute power point presentation incorporating information from all the teams. The presentation should be structured and edited to ensure an integrated overview of the company.
- iv. The formal debrief normally takes place on the Tuesday following the visit. All members of the team whose debrief is due need to attend and present. At these de-briefing sessions, students from both visit groups come together, with their visit supervisors and the Module Leader.
- v. The debriefing presentations are evaluated by the Module Leader and the accompanying supervisiors (15/40 marks). The debriefing presentations are evaluated as a group (all students in the de-briefing team will receive the same mark).
- vi. Debriefing process: The first visit group make their presentation, followed by discussion and questions, principally from the other group. All members of the first group will be encouraged to participate in the discussion. The process is repeated for the second visit group. There is a round up discussion about each of the themes in turn, drawing out comparisons and differences between the companies.
- vii. The presenters' team annotates their power point slides with comments ahead of the presentation and updates it as a result of the discussion. The annotated slides need to be sent to the teaching office after the presentations and are made available to all students on Moodle for reference and revision in preparation of the final review presentation.
- viii. At the end of the year, a review of the visits will consititute the rest of the module marks (25/40 of which 10 marks are allocated based on the submitted slides and 15 to the presentation). The process is as follows:
 - a. Students are allocated to each generic theme groups approximately 6 per group.
 - b. Within each group, discussions to review material from all visits will take place to identify learnings across all the cases visited during the previous months. A final presentation will be prepared with annotated slides
 - c. On the final presentation day, each group will have 15 minutes to present (each member of each team will need to contribute and present) and will receive questions from the module leader and the assessors as well as from the rest of the class. The overall final presentation day will last approximately 3 hours.
 - d. After the presentation, presenters update their slides to record the discussion and send their work to the Teaching office.

Expenses

If you will be out of Cambridge over lunchtime, then either the company will provide lunch, or MET will make a contribution towards the cost of meal purchased. In this case, students will be told explicitly that they may claim for lunch on that day. The maximum amount which may be claimed for lunch is £3.00. This is reckoned on the basis of the difference between the cost of a College meal and the cost of a meal on the open market; it is not expected to cover the

full cost of a meal. Claims should be made on expenses forms which are available from the MET Course Admin Moodle page. Expenses can only be claimed against receipts.

Dress Code

When visiting companies you are representing Cambridge University and the Institute for Manufacturing, and you are expected to maintain the high standards for which we are known. You should always behave in a responsible and professional manner, and you should be smartly turned-out and appropriately dressed. This means in compliance with the requests of the companies (which will be listed on the briefing notes provided ahead of each visit). You should always wear sensible shoes and **not** trainers on factory visits (no high heels or sandals). On some occasions safety footwear will be required, this will be advised on the Visit Brief. Other requirements, including the use of photography, may be specified by the company and must be adhered to.

Visit group 1 names	Visit group 2 Names	Primary processes	Aerospace	Automotive	Logistics	Electro- mech	FMCG
Team 1A	Team 2A	Materials Prod process	Ops Mgt	Industrial Eng	Design Mgt	HR	CSR
Team 1B	Team 2B	Ops Mgt	Industrial Eng	Design Mgt	HR	CSR	Materials Prod Process
Team 1C	Team 2C	Industrial Eng	Design Mgt	HR	CSR	Materials Prod process	Ops Mgt
Team 1D	Team 2D	Design Mgt	HR	CSR	Materials Prod process	Ops Mgt	Industrial Eng
Team 1E	Team 2E	HR	CSR	Materials Prod process	Ops Mgt	Industrial Eng	Design Mgt
Team 1F	Team 2F	CSR	Materials Prod process	Ops mgt	Industrial Eng	Design Mgt	HR

Company visits schematic

Visit themes

Theme	Details
	 History - how has the industry developed: what technical and structural changes have occurred.
Industry level context	 Markets - where are the major markets – how is this forecast to change; what are the current market conditions; what are the major trends affecting the industry. Competition - who are the major players; what market shares.

	 History – what is the history of the company; has the ownership structure changed; is there a specific culture, ethos, or set of values.
	 Scale - key metrics for this site – turnover, employees, products
	 Structure – how is the company structured; how does it fit into the whole organisation.
Company level context	• <i>Market</i> - where does the company position itself in the market; who is the competition; who are the customers; where are they.
context	 Products - what is the range of products - to what extent are products customised
	 Strategy - what is the business model – how does the company make money how does the company compete – price, quality delivery, responsiveness, others; what is the impact of low cost economies.
	• <i>Materials</i> - what range of materials is used – why; where are they sourced.
Materials, production processes and	 Production processes - what production processes are employed; are there a areas of special expertise; which processes are outsourced – why and where what level of automation is in evidence – are there further opportunities; is operation labour intensive or capital intensive.
technology	 Technology - how does the company stay abreast of technical developments how is new equipment selected and justified.
	 How many product variants are there – how does uncertainty affect the husiness and manufacturing analytical
	business and manufacturing operations
Operations	 What are the key challenges in matching supply and demand What is the typical time from order to delivery
Mgt -	 What is the typical time from order to delivery. How is production configured - cell, line, functional etc – why.
organisation	 How is production configured - cell, line, functional etc – why. What cost reduction techniques are used.
and control	 How are lean processes applied.
	 What are the systems for controlling production flow e.g. MRP, JIT, Kanban
Industrial	 Industrial engineering - how are work study methods applied; how is work place layout determined; how are task times determined; what performance measures are used.
engineering and quality	 Quality - what quality control systems are in place; are statistical approaches evidence; what continuous improvement techniques are used e.g. quality circles, kaizan projects, suggestion schemes
	How is the brand positioned in the market?
Design management	• What is the customer journey: what are the range of 'touch points' (e.g. well brochures, people, stores, telephone calls etc.) that define the customers interface with the company. How are these designed and who is responsible ensuring consistency?
	What is the company's design strategy?
	 How are industrial and engineering design linked?
Human Resources	• <i>Recruitment and training</i> - how are employees recruited and trained; what a the critical skills; how are they developed; how are they forecast to change.

	 Remuneration - what pay systems are in place – e.g. piece work, salary, bonus; what non pay reward systems are in place.
	• <i>Employee relations</i> - are any unions recognised; what structures are in place to work with them; how are communications with employees handled.
Corporate social responsibility, H&S, environment	 <i>H&S</i> – what is the company's safety record; how is safety managed. <i>Environment</i> - why is the operation based in this locality – what advantages, disadvantages; what is the impact of the operation on the local environment and community; what measures are in place to reduce any negative impact; in what ways does the company engage with the community. <i>Sustainability</i> - what regulations impinge on the business – are they getting
and sustainability	 Sustainability - what regulations implinge on the business – are they getting tougher; are alternative technologies being developed to reduce the environmental impact – are there cost implications; how are sustainability issues affecting the business – markets, products, operations.

Skills workshops

The skills workshops are designed to develop some of the personal skills critical for success in industry and related employment. The skills are introduced in the workshop series and are practiced and developed during the two years of the MET programme.

The skills considered in the workshop series are:

- **Process improvement skills**: bringing improvements to manufacturing processes form a fundamental part of the skillset that any manufacturing engineer must possess. These sessions focus on using structured approaches to understand a manufacturing process and to improve its performance.
- *Working in Teams*: this session focuses on understanding and identifying the different skills, personalities and motivations which individuals bring to a team, and the ways in which they can be harnessed to optimum effect.
- *Writing skills*: these are essential both in exams and detailed reports that require you to present a broad set of ideas in a coherent, evidence-based structure. A workshop and discussion will develop the skills, which will be of use throughout your career.
- Artefacts workshop: exploring how different components are manufactured.
- **SMED** analysis game to help understand the principles of Just in Time and Single Minute Exchange of Dies.
- **Examination skills:** giving guidance on examinations and examination preparation skills.

Michaelmas visits and workshops programme

The class will be split into two groups, 1 and 2, and companies will be informed of those attending. Changes to a scheduled visit are very difficult to organize, but in case, please inform the IfM Teaching office of your constraints (<u>met-admin@eng.cam.ac.uk</u>) for consideration.

NOTE: Please check email and MOODLE for any changes to the schedule

All debrief and workshop sessions will be held at the IfM, Alan Reece Building

Date	Activity	Leader
Tue 15 th October	Primary Process Visit :	ТВС
	All: British Steel, Scunthorpe	
Tue 22 th October	9:30 – 10:45 Visit debrief	L. Mortara and TBC
	11:00-13:00 Workshop: Technical	Michael Daley
	Problem Solving	(Chartwell Consulting)
	Automotive Visits :	
Tue 29 rd October	Group 1: Caterpillar	ТВС
	Group 2: BMW Oxford Mini Plant	ТВС
Tue 5 th November	09:00 – 10:45 Visit debrief	L. Mortara and TBC
	11:00-13:00 Workshop: Process improvement	Nicholas Schulman
		(Newton Consultants)
	Electromechanical Visits:	
Tue 12 th November	Group 1: SMC Pneumatics	ТВС
	Group 2: Domino Printing Sciences	L. Mortara
Tue 19 th November	09:00 – 10:45 Visit debrief	L. Mortara and TBC
	11:00 – 13:00 Writing skills for MET	Anthony Haynes
Tue 26 November	11:00-13:00 Workshop: Creative Skills	Organisation Effectiveness Cambridge

Provisional Lent workshops and visits programme (to be confirmed)

The class will be split into two groups, 1 and 2, and companies will be informed of those attending. Changes to a scheduled visit are very difficult to organize, but in case, please inform the IfM Teaching office of your constraints (<u>met-admin@eng.cam.ac.uk</u>) for consideration.

NOTE: Please check email and MOODLE for any changes to the schedule

All debrief and workshop sessions will be held at the IfM, Alan Reece Building

Date	Activity	Leader
	Aerospace Visits:	
Tue 21 nd January	Group 1: Rolls Royce, Derby	ТВС
	Group 2: Marshalls Aerospace	IDC
Tue 28 th January	09:30 – 10:45 Visit debrief	L. Mortara and TBC
	11:00 – 13:00 Artefacts workshop	S. Pattinson
Tue 4 th February	Fast Moving Consumer Goods Visits:	
	Group 1: PepsiCo	ТВС
	Group 2: Hain Daniels	ТВС
Tue 11 th February	09:00 – 10:45 Visit Debrief	L. Mortara and TBC
	11:00-12:30 Examination skills	C. Barlow
Tue 18 th February	Logistics Visits	
2017	Group 1: Amazon visit (TBC)	ТВС
	Group 2: UK Mail / DHL (evening)	L. Mortara
Tue 25 th February	09:00 – 10:45 Visit Debrief	L. Mortara and TBC
	11:00-13:00 TBC	ТВС
Easter Term		
Tue 12 th May	09:00 – 13:00 Annual Visits Debrief (LT2)	L.Mortara, visit supervisors and open

invitation

Module Specifications

Note: PART IIA BOOKLIST

The Library Shelfmark indicates where these works can be found in the Library.

An additional copy of books marked with a star (*) will be available in a Special Part II Reference Collection kept in the Library; the attention of Directors of Studies (for College Librarians) will be drawn to these titles.

3P1: Materials into products

Module summary	From microstructure to final properties: manufacturing process optimisation for all classes of materials.
Taught by	Dr H Shercliff (module leader) Dr C Barlow, Dr G McShane
Supporting activities	Artefacts workshops - TBA
Assessment	100% by examination. Paper 1, single module paper common with Engineering Part IIA 3C1
Supervision	4 supervisions, using a combnation of groups of 3-4 and larger classes

Module Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, students should:

- Have a broad appreciation of the different materials processing methods used for metals, ceramics and polymers.
- Understand the main interactions between process and material in design and process selection, for each of the main classes of material.
- Understand the factors which control the microstructure of shaped castings, and their consequences for final properties and design of castings.
- Know the main deformation processes for wrought alloys, and be able to conduct simple upper bound analysis of plastic deformation.
- Know the microstructural characteristics of wrought alloys, and the reasons for alloying and heat treatment, with examples from Al alloys and steels.
- Understand hardenability of steels, using CCT diagrams to select steels and heat treatments for a given component specification.
- Know the main classes of polymers and composites, and understand the processing and design considerations in selecting these for a given component.
- Understand the processes and issues in the manufacture of powder metallurgy and ceramic products, and in additive manufacturing.
- Understand the importance of surface treatments and joining technologies, and know the main factors to consider in process selection.
- Be able to apply their knowledge of materials processing, microstructure evolution, and the mechanisms of material degradation to analyse and predict failures and to improve product design.

Syllabus

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1 Introduction and Process Selection	Classification of manufacturing processes. Review of material and process selection.	Take a structured approach to choosing material-process combinations for making components
	Coupled problems in design and manufacturing: the interaction between material, process and design parameters.	
2 Heat Treatment of Steels	Revision of phase transformations and TTT diagrams. CCT diagrams and hardenability for steels.	Predict microstructure and mechanical properties in steel components following a given heat treatment.
3 – 4 Casting of Metals	Ingot and shaped casting technology. Revision of phase diagrams and transformations applied to solidification: segregation, constitutional supercooling, casting alloys and microstructures. Casting defects and design of shaped castings. <i>Examples paper 1</i>	Describe the factors involved in optimising casting processes, alloys and design to achieve required physical and mechanical properties for a component.
5 - 8 Deformation Processing of Wrought Alloys, Heat treatment.	Wrought alloy processing and microstructure evolution. Simple modelling of plastic forming processes (upper bound method). Application to rolling, forging, extrusion, machining of metals. <i>Examples paper 2</i>	Describe the factors involved in optimising wrought processes, alloys and design to achieve required physical and mechanical properties for a component. Estimate load, power, and temperature rise for shaping processes involving plastic deformation of metals.
9 - 10 Processing of Polymers and Composites	Polymer and composite processing technology. Design, material and process selection for polymers and composites.	Select polymer and process to achieve required shape and properties for a component. Select manufacturing process to achieve required shape and mechanical properties in fibre-reinforced polymer composites.
11 – 13 Powder Processing, Welding and Joining, Surface Engineering	Sintering, HIPing and other processing technologies for powder metals and ceramics. Additive manufacturing. Welding technology: fusion, friction, laser, ultrasonic. Other joining processes: diffusion bonding, brazing, soldering, adhesives.	Make informed decisions about choice of powder and additive manufacturing routes versus conventional processing for metals and ceramics. Make recommendations for suitability of joining technologies for different materials and applications. Select surface treatments to achieve required physical and mechanical

	Surface engineering processes and their applications.	properties; make recommendations for when such treatments are appropriate
14 - 16 Design against Failure.	Processing as the origin of defects and failures (microstructure, damage, residual stress).	Identify likely sources of failure for components made from all classes of materials.
	Environmental factors in failure of materials.	Propose ways in which such failures can be avoided.
	Analysis and case studies of failures. Examples paper 3	

Reading List

*ASHBY, M.F.	MATERIALS SELECTION IN MECHANICAL DESIGN Butterworth- Heinemann 4th edition 2010, 3rd edition available as an ebook at:	JA.208
	http://www.myilibrary.com?id=75447	
*ASHBY, M.F. & JONES, D.R.H.	ENGINEERING MATERIALS 2 Butterworth-Heinemann 3rd edition 2006 (mainly revision) Available as an ebook at: http://www.myilibrary.com?id=75451	JA 191
ASHBY, M., SHERCLIFF, H. & CEBON, D.	MATERIALS: ENGINEERING, SCIENCE, PROCESSING AND DESIGN Butterworth-Heinemann 4 th edition 2019, 3 rd edition 2014, 2nd edition 2010 2nd edition available as an ebook at: https://www.dawsonera.com/guard/protected/dawson.jsp?name =https://shib.raven.cam.ac.uk/shibboleth&dest=http://www.dawsone ra.com/depp/reader/protected/external/AbstractView/S97800809615 52	JA.209
CALLADINE, C.R.	PLASTICITY FOR ENGINEERS Ellis Horwood 1985	FA 127
*CAMPBELL, J.	CASTINGS Butterworth-Heinemann 1991 = Author's Castings principles, 2nd ed available as an ebook at:	JO 41
	https://www.dawsonera.com/guard/protected/dawson.jsp?name=htt ps://	
	shib.raven.cam.ac.uk/shibboleth&dest=http://www.dawsonera.com/d epp/reader/protected/external/AbstractView/S9780080488448	
*EDWARDS, L. & ENDEAN, M.	MANUFACTURING WITH MATERIALS Open University 1990	JA 146
JONES, D.R.H.	ENGINEERING MATERIALS III Pergamon 1993	JJ 308
*KALPAKJIA N, S. & SCHMID, S.R.	MANUFACTURING PROCESSES FOR ENGINEERING MATERIALS Pearson/Prentice Hall 5th edition SI units 2008	JN 67

LLEWELLYN, D.T. & HUDD, R.C.	STEELS: METALLURGY & APPLICATIONS Butterworth-Heinemann 3rd edition 1998	JD 64
MILLS, N.J.	PLASTICS Butterworth Heinemann 3rd edition 2005 Available as e- book at <u>http://www.myilibrary.com/?id=101358</u>	JG 216
*POLMEAR,	LIGHT ALLOYS Butterworth-Heinemann 4th edition 2006	JB 73
Ι.	Available as an ebook at: https://www.dawsonera.com/guard/protected/dawson.jsp?name=htt ps://	
	shib.raven.cam.ac.uk/shibboleth&dest=http://www.dawsonera.com/d epp/reader/protected/external/AbstractView/S9780080496108	
ROWE, G.W.	ELEMENTS OF METAL WORKING THEORY Arnold 1979	JN 39
STRONG, A.B.	PLASTICS – MATERIALS AND PROCESSING Pearson Prentice Hall 3rd edition 2006	JG 219
TEMPELMA N, E., SHERCLIFF H.R. & NINABER VAN EYBEN, B.	MANUFACTURING AND DESIGN Butterworth-Heinemann 1 st edition 2014	AP343
WATERS, T.F.	FUNDAMENTALS OF MANUFACTURING FOR ENGINEERS UCL Press 1996	BN 204

3P2: Operation and Control of Production Machines and Systems

Module summary	The specification, operation and management of production machines and systems	
Course leader	Prof Bill O'Neill	
Courses	 Operation of production machines, 4 x 2hr lectures, Michaelmas Term (Prof W ONeill) 	
	 b. Control of production machines and systems, 4 x 2hr lectures, Michaelmas Term (Prof D McFarlane) 	
Supporting activities	Integrated coursework – CAD/CAM exercise	
Assessment	100% by examination. Paper 2 - single module paper.	
Supervision	The course will be supported by two examples papers, for each of which one supervision will be arranged.	
Timetable	Lectures are given in 2 hour blocks on Fridays (some changes may occur due to time-table issues) in Michaelmas term	

Module Learning Outcomes

On completion of the module students should be able to:

- 1. Know the operational aspects of the main categories of machining processes
- 2. Know the operational aspects of the main categories of metal based additive manufacturing processes
- 3. Understand the types of interaction between components and process tooling
- 4. Understand the factors that affect the accuracy and precision of machining, grinding operations, and additive manufacturing processes
- 5. Understand the various control strategies used to mitigate the sources of error in machining processes, and metal based additive manufacturing pocesses
- 6. Understand the issues in cell-level control and be able to model cell operations using Petri Nets and Ladder Logic
- 7. Know the means by which machining cells are integrated into factory wide operations

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1 Introducti-on to machine tols	History and development of machine tools, and metal based additive manufacturing systems. Concept and definition of machining and machine tools. Classification and specification of machine tools. Basic constructional features, advanced system designs.	Know the history of machine tool developments. Know elements of machine tool design and their configurations. Know their manufacturing and operational capabilities. Know the applications domain and range of materials processed by modern machine tools.
2 Basics of machining and chip formation	Tool geometry, mechanism of chip formation, mechanics of machining, cutting temperature: causes, effects, estimation, measurement and control. Operations of single and multi-point tooling. Classification of machining processes. Basic machining operations - turning, shaping, planing, drilling, milling processes	Understand the basic physics of cutting- tool/material interactions. Understand the influence that parametric variables have on cutting performance (tool tip condition, cutting fluid flow, temperature, force, feed etc). Know the range of cutting tool materials and cutting tip geometries. Know the range of machining methodologies employed in modern machining operations.
3 Cutting tools and machinability	Failure modes, wear mechanisms, and life of cutting tools. Cutting tool materials, influence of geometrical, process and cutting fluid parameters on machinability and surface roughness, economics of cutting tool operations	Know the conditions necessary to deliver accurate machining processes. Understand the causes of wear and process strategies to reduce it. Know the techniques applied to characterize machining performance. Understand roughness classifications and measurement techniques. Understand Taylor's tool life equation and be able to apply it to make informed decisions on tool choice for a range of materials. Determine cost and times of machining operations.
4 Metal Additive Manufacturing Processes (AM)	System architectures, processing configurations. AM materials, process performance and applications, economics of additive manufacturing operations.	Know the conditions necessary to deliver accurate AM processes. Understand the causes of process variation and process strategies to reduce it. Understand the benefits and limitations of current processes.

Syllabus: Operation of Production Machines

5-6	Factors affecting the accuracy	Understand the factors that affect the accuracy
Process Variability	and precision of processes, static and dynamic effects, sources of uncertainties: inputs, process interactions, process degradation. Response to uncertainties: design of production equipment and tooling, online inspection, corrective processes	and precision of machining and grinding operations. Know the sources of variation in machining. Understand the various strategies used to mitigate the sources of error in machining processes.
7 - 8 Quality Control	Testing and inspection points in machining operations. Statistical process control- control charts, process improvement techniques, causes of variation, control chart patterns, control chart applications.	Understand quality control techniques in machining operations. Know how to measure and minimize process variation using statistical process control (SPC). Understand the various SPC strategies used to implement quality control measures in machining operations.

Syllabus: (Control of Pro	duction N	Machines and	Systems

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
9 – 10 Machine automation and control	Issues in automation of machines, CNC control, Open loop and closed-loop control of m/c tools, adaptive control, sensing and actuation, robotic control	Discuss the benefits and downsides of automation Design a feedback control loop to compensate for machine tool deflection during operation Describe how sensing and actuation is achieved to implement control Describe how machine tools are automated Articulate challenges in robotic control
11 – 12 Cell Control Using PLC Programming	Issues in cell-level control, Programmable Logic Controllers, Ladder Logic Diagrams, modeling of cell operations using FSM	Understand requirements for cell automation Develop Ladder Logic code to automate the operations of a manufacturing cell Learn how to develop Finite State Machine process representations Use Finite State Machines to develop Ladder Logic Code
13 – 14 Petri Net Based Automation Modelling and Control	Introduction to Petri-Nets, modeling of cell operations using petri nets, conversion of Petri Nets to Ladder Logic	Know the rationale for selecting different discreteevent models for automated systems Understand how to develop Petri Net models Develop a cell management scheme using a Petri Net approach Convert Petri Nets to equivalent Ladder Logic code
15-16 Factory Automation & Comms	Automation options in factory wide operations. Communication systems. Future automation developments	Understand automation requirements across the factory. Learn different options for communications at different levels in the factory, Be aware of modern automation and communications developments and how they will impact on modern manufacturing

Reading List: Operation of Production Machines

*Kalpakjian, Serope & Schmid, Steven R	MANUFACTURING PROCESSES FOR ENGINEERING MATERIALS, PRENTICE HALL, Edition: 0005, August 2007 (ISBN10: 0132272717, ISBN13: 9780132272711)
*Winston A. Knight,	
Geoffrey Boothroyd	FUNDAMENTALS OF METAL MACHINING AND MACHINE TOOLS, Third Edition. 2005 by CRC Press (ISBN 9781574446593)
Helmi A Youssef, & Hassan El-Hofy	MACHINING TECHNOLOGY, Taylor & Francis Ltd CRC Press Inc, 2008 (ISBN10: 1420043390, ISBN13: 9781420043396)
*Ian Gibson, David Rosen, Brent Stucker	Additive Manufacturing Technologies: 3D Printing, Rapid Prototyping, and Direct Digital Manufacturing, Edition 2, Springer, Nov 26 2014, (ISBN 9781493921133)
Reading List: Control o	f Production Machines and Systems
*BOUCHER, T.O.	COMPUTING AUTOMATION IN MANUFACTURING: AN INTRODUCTION Chapman & Hall 1996

- *KALPAKJIAN, S. &MANUFACTURING ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY Prentice Hall 5thSCHMID, S.R.edition 2004
- BOLTON, W. INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROL SYSTEMS <u>Newnes</u> 2004
- BOLTON, W. PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLERS, <u>Newnes 4TH Edition</u> 2006

3P3: Product Design

Module summary	Integrating engineering and industrial design in the creation of new products
Taught by	Dr M De Volder (Module leader), S Pattinson, L Corsini
Assessment	Coursework
Supervision	The lecture courses are supported by studio time with group supervision of projects.

Module Learning Outcomes

On completion of the module students should be able to:

- 1. Apply basic engineering principles to the design of products
- 2. Undertand the iterative nature of the design process
- 3. Understand and apply the basic principles of machine design
- 4. Be able to assess and improve the design for manufacture of a component
- 5. Be able to assess and improve the design for assembly of an existing design
- 6. Understand and apply dimensional tolerances to engineering drawings
- 7. Understand and be able to apply basic ergonomic principles
- 8. Understand why products are designed as they are and be able to explore a product's form

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1 The design process	Overview of the design process and product architecture	Understand the difference between a theoretical and real design processes. Understand how a product's architecture influences the change and variety
2 Prototyping	Types and roles of prototypes, simulations and models in design	Understand the importance of prototyping in the design process and the role of different types of prototype
3 Machine systems	Overview of good design practices used in machine and product design	Application and understanding of kinematic design, force loops, flexure hinges, etc
4 Actuators and bearings	Introduction to different types of actuation principles and techniques to guide the generated motion	Understand that different types of actuators serve different needs. Understand the need for bearings, and be able to select the appropriate type of bearings in a design
5 Engineering Drawing and Tolerancing	Introduction to dimensional and geometric tolerances, basic drawing conventions, limits and fits, dimensioning assemblies	Produce and read engineering drawings Apply engineering tolerances

Syllabus

manufacturemanufacture for a range of production processeswith emphasis on maching, injection moulding and 3D printing.7 Design forBoothroyd & Dewhurst / Lucas Engineering DfA methodsApply the basic principles of design for manufacture/ assembly8 MechanismsIntoduction to linkages, cams and other mechanismsUnderstanding of the opportunities and limitations of mechanisms.9 Design historyKey design movements, designers, forms and technologiesUnderstand how design has evolved since th start of the industrial revolution. Be aware of key design movements and their ascociated forms and designers as well as the technological, social and economic context influencing this.10 Product formPrinciples of creating product formUnderstand how designers create a product's form. Apply basic principles to create a product's form11-12 Physical & cognitivePhysical interaction with products and how we relate toApply basic principles of design for use			
AssemblyEngineering DfA methods DfA Heuristics A structured approach to design for assemblymanufacture/ assembly8 MechanismsIntoduction to linkages, cams and other mechanismsUnderstanding of the opportunities and limitations of mechanisms.9 Design historyKey design movements, designers, forms and technologiesUnderstand how design has evolved since th designers as well as the technological, social and economic context influencing this.10 Product formPrinciples of creating product formUnderstand how designers create a product form. Apply basic principles to create a product's form11-12 Physical & cognitivePhysical interaction with products and how we relate toApply basic principles of design for use	-	manufacture for a range of	
for assembly8 MechanismsIntoduction to linkages, cams and other mechanismsUnderstanding of the opportunities and limitations of mechanisms.9 Design historyKey design movements, designers, forms and technologiesUnderstand how design has evolved since the start of the industrial revolution. Be aware of key design movements and their ascociated forms and designers as well as the technological, social and economic context influencing this.10 Product formPrinciples of creating product formUnderstand how designers create a product form. Apply basic principles to create a product's form11-12 Physical & cognitivePhysical interaction with products and how we relate toApply basic principles of design for use	-	Engineering DfA methods	
and other mechanismslimitations of mechanisms.9 Design historyKey design movements, designers, forms and technologiesUnderstand how design has evolved since the start of the industrial revolution. Be aware of key design movements and their ascociated forms and designers as well as the technological, social and economic context influencing this.10 Product formPrinciples of creating product formUnderstand how designers create a product form.10 Product formPrinciples of creating product formUnderstand how designers create a product form.11-12 Physical & cognitivePhysical interaction with products and how we relate toApply basic principles of design for use			
designers, forms and technologiesstart of the industrial revolution. Be aware of key design movements and their ascociated forms and designers as well as the technological, social and economic context influencing this.10 Product formPrinciples of creating product formUnderstand how designers create a product form. Apply basic principles to create a product's form11-12 Physical & cognitivePhysical interaction with products and how we relate toApply basic principles of design for use	8 Mechanisms		-
formformform.11-12 PhysicalPhysical interaction with products and how we relate toApply basic principles of design for use	9 Design history	designers, forms and	technological, social and economic context
form11-12 PhysicalPhysical interaction with products and how we relate toApply basic principles of design for use			
& cognitive products and how we relate to			
	•	•	Apply basic principles of design for use

Workshop activities

To support the lecture course, there will be a number of supporting activities:

- 1. Group design exercise: to focus attention on prototyping and basic mechanical design
- 2. Design Sketching and Photoshop: basic design skills development
- 3. Design for assembly exercise: to put theory into practice
- 4. Design for manufacture exercise: to put theory into practice
- 5. Design portfolios workshop: to explore good practice

Assessment

The coursework will take the form of a product redesign. All students will be given a current product to use as a starting point. This will be theirs to take apart and analyse as they wish. Specifically, students will analyse the current product's strengths and weaknesses in design for manufacture and assembly. They will then redesign the product to improve it's design for manufacture and assembly as well as changing the product form to make it suitable for a specific brand. Work will be submitted in the form of a design portfolio which in addition to documenting the design work will include an engineering drawing of a key component, an overall assembly drawing and a final presentation drawing. All work will be submitted and assessed anonymously. A full brief for the coursework will be provided separately.

Reading List

*BAXTER, M.R.	PRODUCT DESIGN: A PRACTICAL GUIDE TO THE SYSTEMATIC METHODS OF NEW PRODUCTS DEVELOPMENT <u>Nelson Thornes</u> 1995 (2002 reprint)	AP 308
*ULRICH, K.T. & EPPINGER. S.D.	PRODUCT DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT <u>McGraw-Hill/Irwin</u> 3rd edition 2004	BN 220
SLOCUM A H	PRECISION MACHINE DESIGN, 1991	AP 323

3P4: Operations Management

Module summary	The management of material and information flow in factory systems and the supply chain
Taught by	Dr A Brintrup (Module leader), Dr F Erhun
Supporting activities	Production Game to simulate the operations of a card-manufacturing company. Combined with 3P5
Assessment	100% by examination. Paper 3, double paper with 3P5
Supervision	The course will be supported by three examples papers, for each of which one supervision will be arranged

Module Learning Outcomes

On completion of the module students should be able to:

- 1. Understand the ways in which manufacturing processes are managed in order to achieve the right quality of product, manufactured to meet the customer requirements and delivered on time, and making the most efficient use of the resources available.
- 2. Understand the role of inventory in manufacturing systems, and apply basic ordering, replenishment, and forecasting techniques
- Describe the major influences on the efficient flow of work through a factory, apply MRP techniques to scheduling, describe the implications of different co-ordination structures on job design, describe how improvement processes relate to co-ordination strategies
- 4. Understand how manufacturing operations are integrated with other aspects of the business; how operations are managed across supply networks; and the role of different IT systems in supporting operations across the supply chain

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1 - 2 Introduction	Course introduction, introduction to operations management, management levers, Volume vs Variety	Discuss the key issues in manufacturing and supply chain operations and the key levers available to managers to tackle them. Discuss the importance of the volume-variety choice in process design
		Describe how volume-variety choice affects the manufacturing system layout Describe how volume-variety choice affects the choice
		of automation systems

Syllabus and Lecture Learning Outcomes

3 - 4 Consolity	Capacity planning, Queuing Theory	Discuss reasons why actual capacity will be lower than theoretical and the levers that a manager can "pull" to
Capacity Management	Queuing meory	improve capacity
-		Discuss different options for a manager to cope with variations in demand and capacity
		Model a manufacturing operation as a queuing system and calculate key process parameters
5 - 6	EOQ, POQ Safety stock,	Discuss the role of inventory in a production system
Inventory management	other inventory models	Derive the expression for and calculate the Economic Order Quantity
		Discuss the concept of safety stock in inventory management
7 - 8 Forecasting	Moving average, exponential smoothing,	Calculate demand forecasts using different forecasting methods
0	regression, time series analysis	Discuss the appropriateness of different forecasting methods
9 - 10	Line balancing, EDD,	Balance a production line
Scheduling	SPT, FIFO scheduling rules	Implement different production scheduling rules
11 – 12	Materials	Generate MRP records for a product and its
Procurement	Requirements Planning, JIT	components, given market demand and other process parameters. Discuss the differences between "push" and "pull" manufacturing approaches
13 – 14	Transportation model,	Solve simple transportation problems for allocating
Logistics &	warehousing and	product flows between two supply chain locations
transportation	distribution, DRP	Determine the optimal factory/warehouse location for a given demand distribution
		Generate DRP records for a product
15 - 16	SC Dynamics, ERP/SCM	Discuss the implications of dynamics in supply chains
Enterprise & SC information	systems, CPFR, VMI	Discuss the role of the Internet and IT in improving supply chain visibility
systems		Discuss various mechanisms used by organizations to coordinate product and information flows within a supply chain

Reading List

GOLDRATT, E.M. & COX, J.	THE GOAL: A PROCESS OF ONGOING IMPROVEMENT <u>Gower</u> 3rd edition 2004
*PINEDO, M. & CHAO, X.	OPERATIONS SCHEDULING WITH APPLICATIONS IN MANUFACTURING AND SERVICES <u>Irwin/McGraw-Hill</u> 1999
*SLACK, N., CHAMBERS, S. & JOHNSTON. R.	OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT <u>FT/Prentice Hall</u> 5th edition 2007 4th edition (2004) available as e-book at: <u>http://ul-newton.lib.cam.ac.uk/cgi- bin/Pwebrecon.cgi?BBID=4508815</u> Click on 'Connect to MyiLibrary resource' for access
WOMACK, J.P., JONES D.T. & ROOS, D.	THE MACHINE THAT CHANGED THE WORLD: THE TRIUMPH OF LEAN PRODUCTION <u>Rawson Associates</u> 1990

3P5: Industrial Engineering

Module summary	The design of production flows and operations in manufacturing
Taught by	Dr V. Martinez (Module leader)
Supporting activities	The Production Game course work integrates material from 3P4 and 3P5
Assessment	100% by examination, consisting of 2 questions. Students will attempt all questions.
Supervision	The module is supported by 3 supervisions: EP 1 – Lectures 1-6; EP 2 – Lectures 7-10; EP 3 – Lectures 11-16.

Syllabus and Lecture Learning Outcomes

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1-2 Introduction and	Introduction to Industrial Engineering; objectives of Method Study.	Understand and be able to apply the traditional techniques of method study.
Method Study	Method Study procedure: Select, Record, Examine, Develop, Define, Install, Maintain.	
3-4 Ergonomics	Ergonomics, principles of Motion Economy. Job Design, use of the Human Body. Arrangement of the Workplace. Design of Tools and Equipment	Understand the factors that affect the ergonomic design of jobs, tools and equipment, and the workplace.
5-6 Lean Production Techniques	Toyota Production System: JIT, 5S and Kaizen.	Understand the principles of Lean production, and be able to relate these to traditional work study
7-8 Work Measurement 1	The Need for Time Standards. Establishing Time Standards: Activity Sampling, Time Study, Rating, Learning Curves, Allowances, Basic time, Work Content, Standard time	Understand the roles of time standards in manufacturing. Know the different ways in which time standards can be determined and the advantages and disadvantages of each method. Understand the basic principles behind learning and be able to manipulate a simple learning model to predict the effect of learning on the cycle time of repetitive work.

9-10	Predetermined Time	Know the basic motion elements and how these
Work	Standards: MTM-1; Standard	are used in predetermined motion time
Measurement 2	Data Systems; Activity	systems.
	Sampling.	Know how standard data systems are
		developed.
		Understand work sampling is used for measuring
		proportion of time spent in different activities.
11-12	Failure detection and	Discuss the basics of machine tool reliability, and
Reliability	prevention in factory	explain the implications of the "bathtub curve".
, Engineering	equipment. Reliability	Understand how to calculate reliability of
0 0	modelling.	, complex engineering systems.
13-14	Maintenance strategies	Explain various maintenance strategies, their
Maintenance	Preventive maintenance	advantages and disadvantages.
Management	planning.	Understand how to develop an optimal
C		maintenance schedule for equipment.
15-16	Project, jobbing, batch, line,	Understand the different types of process layout
Process	continuous flow; cellular	and the advantages and disadvantages of each.
Organisation &	production; group technology	Appreciate the factors that affect the layout of a
Plant Layout	Factory, Department and	factory.
·	Workplace layout; Systematic	Group technology
	Layout Planning.	Understand and be able to apply the techniques
		used in planning factory layouts.
		useu in platitilig lactory layouts.

Reading List

*GROOVER, M.P.	WORK SYSTEMS: THE METHODS, MEASUREMENT, AND MANAGEMENT OF WORK <u>Pearson 2</u> 014		
*MUHLEMANN, A., OAKLAND, J. & LOCKYER, K	PRODUCTION AND OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT <u>Pitman</u> 6th edition 1992		
*BICHENO J. & HOLWEG M.	THE LEAN TOOLBOX, 4 th Edition, <u>PICSIE Books,</u> 2009		
*WOMACK JP, JONES DT, ROOS D.	THE MACHINE THAT CHANGED THE WORLD, Rawson Associates, 1990		
*IMAI M	KAIZEN, Random House, 1986		
HELANDER, M.	A GUIDE TO THE ERGONOMICS OF MANUFACTURING, Taylor and Francis,1995		
CHASE R, AQUILANO N.& JACOBS	PRODUCTION AND OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT,8 th Ed, McGraw Hill,1998		
SLACK, N., CHAMBERS, S. & JOHNSTON. R.	OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT FT/ <u>Prentice Hall</u> 5th edition 2007 4th edition (2004) available as e-book at: http://ul- newton.lib.cam.ac.uk/cgi- bin/Pwebrecon.cgi?BBID=4508815		

3P6: Organisational Behaviour

Module	An introduction to theories of organisational behaviour	
summary		
Taught by	Dr M Kumar (Module leader)	
Assessment	100% by examination. Paper 4, double module paper combined with 3P7	
Supervision	There will be three supervisions on Organisational Behaviour in the Michaelmas term	

Syllabus and Learning Outcomes

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1	Introducing	Understand some of the central issues in work
Introduction	Organisational Behaviour	organizations
		Define organisational behaviour
2	Free Market	Explain ethical dilemma in the workplace
Corporate Social Responsibility,	Business Ethics Sustainability and	Describe key principles of corporate social responsibility, business ethics and sustainability
and Business Ethics	Corporate Social Responsibility	
3 Culture	Levels of Organizational Culture	Understand advantages of managing people through culture
	Cultural Typology Cultural Change	Distinguish between Schein's three levels of organizational culture
		Explain how mangers try to change culture
4	Nomothetic Approach	Understand key approaches to study personality
Personality and	Personality Testing	Explain how personality is mesured in organisational
Individual	Ideographic Approach	settings
Differences	Social-radical Approach	
5 Communication	Organizational Communication	Describe theories and processes of comminucation in organisations
communication	Noise	Explain how technology mediates communication,
	Information,	producing a trade-off between efficiency and
	Communication, and	richness of communication
	Technology	
6	Hawthorne Studies	Describe the power of the informal organisation
Social	Human Relations	Explain how the Hawthorne studies lead to the
Organisation		foundations of organisational behaviour
7	Extrinsic Motivators	Understand what motivates people to work
Motivation	Intrinsic Motivators	Use theories to identify motivational problems in
-	Bahavioural, Content, Process and Social Theories	organizations and recommend solutions

8	Definitions of Groups and	Understand the differences between groups and
Groups and	Teams	teams
Teams	Types of teams and	Explain the link between teamwork and productivity
	loafing Groupthink	Analyse the factors needed to produce an effective team
	Social Identity Theory	Explain how groupthink can have negative implications on teams
9	Rational Work design	Describe the principles behind Taylorist and fordist
Work Design	Rational Production	rational work design
	Capitalist Working Relationship	Analyse the effect that Taylorism and Fordism are said to have upon workers
10	Force-field analysis	Describe approaches to the managem, ent of chnage
Changing the Organisation	Approaches to change Three-Step Model	Explain how change can be messy, causing conflict and resistance
11	Bureaucracy	State the main characteristics of a bureaucratic
Organization	Rational Organisation	organization structure as specified by Max Weber
Design and	Design	Explain how bureaucracy is a form of rational
Bureaucracy	Iron Cage Bureaucracy	organisational design
12	Behaviourism	Describe the key leadership theories
Leadership	Contingency theory Post-heroic	Explain the diffences between leadership and management
		Analyse whether there is too much emphasis on the individual leader
13 Perception and	Attribution Theory Drawback in judgments	Undertand perception and explain the factors that influence it
Decision Making	Link between perception and decision making	Identify the shortcuts Individuals use in making judgement about others
	Organizational Decision- making	Decribe the common Decision Biases or errors
14	Office politics	Describe the power as property view
Power and	Emancipation	Explain why power and politics exist within
Politics	False Consciousness	organisations
	Empowerment	Analyse the different underlying assumptions
15 & 16	Challenges of	Explain the importance of connecting
Review	Organisations	organisational behaviour theories
/Summary	Changing Nature of OB Predicting Future trends	Describe some of the changes that have occurred in organisations over the last forty years

Reading List

* HUCZYNSKI,
 A.A. &
 BUCHANAN, D.
 ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR, <u>Pearson</u>, 8th edition 2013. Several university
 departments and colleges have copies of this text. You can purchase it at a 20%
 discount via http://www.pearson-books.com/cam using the voucher code
 ZP031F. The sixth and seventh editions are also acceptable.

ROBBINS,	ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR: CONCEPTS, CONTROVERSIES AND
STEPHEN P.	APPLICATIONS. Prentice Hall, 1991
KING, DANIEL, AND SCOTT LAWLEY	ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR. Oxford University Press, 2016

A list of additional readings for each topic will be made available online.

3P7: Managing Business and People

Module summary	An introduction to the processes involved in starting and running a business.	
Taught by	Dr M Kumar (Module leader), Prof T Minshall	
Assessment	100% by examination. Double module paper combined with 3P6 Organisational Behaviour.	
	Students will be required to answer one question from Managing Business and one from Managing People.	
Supervision	There will be two hours of supervisions.	

Module Learning Outcomes

On completion of the module students should be able to:

- 1. Explain the core processes involved in starting and running a business
- 2. Demonstrate the importance of integrating management and business practices with the firm's strategic objectives
- 3. Evaluate HR practices and the importance of making the best use of people

Syllabus

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1 Introduction	The key integrating frameworks for understanding a manufacturing business Module overview Key areas of activity of a manufacturing business External factors that influence a manufacturing business Frameworks to show linkages between internal and external activities of a manufacturing business	Describe and apply a framework for management of a manufacturing business and the context within which it operates
2 Entrepreneurship	Starting and growing a business The role of entrepreneurship in an economy Defining entrepreneurship: Resource- based versus opportunity based activities How a firm grows: Typical growth trajectories and common management challenges	Describe entrepreneurial activity and its place in the economy, and to outline the most significant challenges faced by those managing a young firm

3 Staying competitive 4 Marketing	Guiding and managing an established business Managing steady state c.f. managing change Tools for planning Managing Innovation (product, process, business model, organisational, etc) Identifying future business opportunities The business planning cycle Identifying customer needs and opportunity areas Designing business models to address	Explain the challenges faced in managing an established business, and some of the tools available to assist in planning and implementing change Outline the marketing function and its contribution to the business
	new needs	
5 Sales	Accessing customers (PBH) The links between business models and routes to market	Describe the sales process, its role in the business, and a selection of key tools and techniques
	The key tools and techniques for sales	
	Integrating sales with other business activities	
6 Case study	Integrating example	Discuss how the principles covered in lectures 1 to 5 might be applied practice
7	Managing people to deliver business	Describe the core principles of HRM
Introduction to HRM	objectives	and discuss its practical application
	People as a resource	
	The principles of HRM (and contrasts with earlier models)	
	The application of HRM (Hard & Soft; integrated, devolved, outsourced) Strategic HRM	
8 Recruitment and Selection	Establishing the need for recruitment; establishing processes to attract good employees to the organisation; and identifying the best mechanism for selection.	Understand the supply-side factors that influence recruitment and describe the main components of the employee recruitment process.
9	Goals of performance measurement	Describe how employee
Performance	Performance appraisals	performance is measured and managed.
management	Potential biases in appraisals	manageu.
	Stack ranking	
	360 degree appraisals	
	Appropriate employee compensation and different means of achieving it	

10 Nurturing talent	Models of learning Training/learning methods	Discuss the process of employee learning and different methods of
U	Segmenting talent	training employees
	Employee retention	Describe how employee talent should be recognised and managed effectively to deliver value to the organisation
11	Types of change in organisations	Discuss why change is an issue for
Change	Resistance to change and overcoming	organisations
Management	resistance	Describe the implications of change
	Satir Model of change	for the management of people
	Kotter's 8 steps for successful change management	
12 Legislation and regulation	Managing within the legal framework Employment law (hiring, firing, equal opportunities etc)	Describe the main features of the regulatory and legal framework for employment
	Workplace legislation	
	Employee participation and consultation	
13	Managing people within a framework	Outline the main features of the
Dispute Resolution	Dispute resolution	frameworks within which
and Governance	Governance and ethics in HRM (inc objective-subjective perspectives)	employees are managed, and explain modern approaches to dispute resolution.
14 International practices/Globalisati	Addressing diversity - Cultural and regulatory variations; Pan-national influences	Explain, with examples, how cultural and national norms influence the nature and practice of HRM
on	Universalist and contextualist paradigms	
	Convergence and divergence	
	Cultural and institutional explanations	
	Variations in practice	
15 Current trends	including globalisation, new technology, demographics, flexible working, outsourcing (People management)	Demonstrate awareness of current trends and developments in HRM and in the management of people
	Technology in HRM	
	Dynamic organisations	
16 Review/Summary	Integrating people, management practices, and business strategy	Explain and illustrate how strategic, operations and human resource management practices interact in the process of starting and running a business

Reading List

*MOORE, G CROSSING THE CHASM, New York: <u>Harper Business</u> 1991

*MULLINS, J. W THE NEW BUSINESS ROAD TEST: WHAT ENTREPRENEURS AND EXECUTIVES SHOULD DO BEFORE WRITING A BUSINESS PLAN. London, <u>FT Prentice Hall</u>. 2003

*STOREY, J. (ed)	HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT: A CRITICAL TEXT Thomson Learning 3rd edition 2007	1844806154
*TIMMONS, J. A. & SPINELLI, S	NEW VENTURE CREATION: ENTREPRENEURSHIP FOR THE 21 st CENTURY <u>McGraw-Hill</u> 8 th edition, 2008	0071276327
*BEARDWELL, J., & CLAYDON, T.	HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT: A CONTEMPORARY APPROACH <u>Financial Times/Prentice Hall 5</u> th edition 2007	0273707639
*LEGGE, K	HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT: RHETORICS AND REALITIES, <u>Palgrave Macmillan</u> , 2005	1403936005

3P8: Financial and Management Accounting

Module summary	An introduction to the principles and practice of financial & management accounting and finance
Taught by	Dr J Plummer-Braeckman (Module leader)
Supporting activities	The module content is used in the production of business plans for the major project
Assessment	100% by examination, Paper 5 combined with 3P9 Economics of Industry and Strategy
Supervision	Four supervisions will be offered in support of this module.

Aims

The course is designed to situate management and shareholders' decision making in their financial context. The course aims to develop students' understanding of the financial processes affecting corporate life - in particular, their understanding of the factors impinging upon corporate decisions and of the financial aspects of organisations.

Syllabus: Financial Accounting

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1-2	 Overall framework of financial reporting 	 Understand the importance of financial accounting.
		 Understand the principles, conventions and regulatory framework of financial accounting.
3-4	 The mechanics of accounting Balance Sheet, Profit and Loss Account/Income 	 Understand the principles of double entry bookkeeping. Understanding the principles of preparing of company financial statements such as the Profit and Loss Accounts and the Balance Sheet
5-6	 Asset valuation methods, cash flow statements 	 Understand different methods of asset valuation and the purpose and creation of cash flow statements
7-8	Performance ratios	 Understand and be able to use firm performance ratios.
	 Analysing and interpreting financial statements Creative accounting 	 Be familiar with company reports and their analysis, be able to compare performance of firms.
	~	 Awareness of creative accounting and possible management of earnings.

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
9-10	 Cost concepts and cost behaviour 	 Understand the classification of different costs
	 Product costing systems and activity based costing 	 Understand and be able to apply different costing methods and to apply different methods for dealing with overhead costs
11-12	Building a budget	Understand budgeting methods and
	 Budgeting and variance 	processes.
	analysis/cash flow management	 Understand and be able to apply variance analysis, and manage the cash in a business.
13-16	 Investment Appraisal 	 Understanding the approaches to compare
	Financing decisions	the financial viability of different projects
	-	 payback calculations
		 capital budgeting decisions (opportunity cost of capital, investment rules such as net present value and real options)
		 time value of money and risk versus return;
		 financing decisions (debt versus equity).
		 Understand financing decisions (debt versus equity) and the capital markets.

Syllabus: Management Accounting and Finance

Reading List

ATRILL, P. & McLANEY, E.J.	ACCOUNTING AND FINANCE FOR NON-SPECIALISTS <u>FT/Prentice Hall</u> 9th edition 2014
ATRILL, P. & McLANEY, E.J.	FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING FOR DECISION MAKERS <u>FT/Prentice Hall</u> 7th edition 2013
ATRILL, P. & McLANEY, E.J.	MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING FOR DECISION MAKERS <u>Prentice Hall</u> 7th edition 2012
BARKER, R.	SHORT INTRODUCTION TO ACCOUTING, Cambridge University Press, 2011
ATKINSON, A.A., et al.	MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING: INFORMATION FOR DECISION MAKERS AND STRATEGY EXECUTION Prentice Hall 6th edition 2011
ROSS, S.A., WESTERFIELD, R.W. & JORDAN, B.D.	FUNDAMENTALS OF CORPORATE FINANCE. McGraw-Hill Irwin. 11th ed. 2015.

3P9: Industrial Economics, Strategy and Governance

Module summary	An introduction to the principles and practice of economics in order to understand the structure of industries and corporate strategy
Taught by	Dr F Urmetzer (Module leader)
Assessment	100% by examination, Paper 5, combined with 3P8 Financial and Management Accounting
Supervision	Four supervisions will be offered in support of this course

Aims

The course is designed to situate firm practices and decisions in their wider economic context. The course aims to develop student understanding of the global economy and the evolving structure of industries and firms. It explores the key aspects of strategy formulation and the management of firms that shape the development of business.

Syllabus: Industrial Economics

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1-2	The Global Economy, markets and industries	Understand the global economy and the changing structure of markets and industries.
	The importance of manufacturing	Understand the development of the manufacturing
	The rise of the service economy	and service industries.
	The role of strategy and strategic planning	Appreciate of different views of strategic planning
3-4	Firm boundaries	Understand the theory of the firm
		Understand the horizontal and vertical boundaries of the firm
5-6	Competitive analysis	Appreciate the analytical framework of standard
		microeconomics.
		Understand the principles of models of perfect competition, monopoly and oligopoly.
		Understand the economics of entry and exit
		Understanding dynamics of competing across time
7-8	Industry and strategic positioning	Appreciate the main issues affecting the macro environment
		Understand the benefits of coopetition
		Analyse how firms may respond strategically to its changing environment.
		Understand strategic positioning and competitive advantage
9-10	Resources and capabilities	Appreciate of positioning versus resource base view
		Sustaining competitive advantage

13-14	Strategic marketing	Understand the role of marketing in the execution of strategy
		Appreciation of marketing objectives and strategies
		Understand product and pricing
		Understand distribution and promotion
11-12	Business models and innovation	Understand the relationship between strategy, business models and tactics and its relationship to innovation
15-16	Strategy and governance	Appreciate departmentalisation, coordination and control
		Appreciate of organizational structures
		Understanding efficient information processing

Reading List

BESANKO, D., DRANOVE, D., SHANLEY, M. & SCHAEFER, S.	ECONOMICS OF STRATEGY, 6 th edition, <u>Wiley</u> . 2013
KOTLER, P.,KELLER, K.L. & BRADY, M.	MARKETING MANAGEMENT. <u>Prentice-Hall/Pearson Education</u> Global edition 2015
GRANT, R.	CONTEMPORARY STRATEGY ANALYSIS: Text and Cases, 8 TH edition, <u>Wiley,</u> 2013

3P10: Contemporary Issues in Manufacturing.

Module summary	a. Integrative industrial visits to study modern industrial practiceb. Lectures to introduce current topics
Taught by	Dr R Daly (module leader), Dr C Barlow, Dr E O'Sullivan
Supporting activities	The module is linked with the industrial visits, which will enhance understanding of all lecture modules and provide examples of their application in modern manufacturing companies.
Assessment	100% by examination. There will be a 90 minute examination in which students will be required to answer one question from each of the three sections – (i) industrial sustainability, (ii) bio engineering and medical device manufacturing and (iii) scaling up to manufacturing
Supervision	 a. Whole debriefing for each industrial visit, group feedback sessions b. Industrial Sustainability - One review and discussion class for the whole group (1.5h) c. Bioengineering & Medical Device Manufacturing - One examples paper and class for whole group (1.0h) d. Scaling up to Manufacturing – One examples paper and class for whole group (1.0h)

Syllabus: Industrial sustainability

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1 The big picture	The industry landscape: The eco- impact of industrial activity. Energy and resource usage and security. "Triple bottom line"	Assess the contribution of industry to carbon emissions Discuss major resource implications relevant to manufacturing industry
2 The detailed picture	Measurement and legislation How do we assess the eco-impact of industry? What can we measure and how can we compare different environmental stressors? ISO, LCA., 'LCA Light'	Explain where the eco-impact of industry arises, including the role of supply chains and the implications of the product lifecycle Know what the legislation is Discuss the strengths and weaknesses of different metrics
3 Mitigation measures	 How can eco-efficiency be improved? Design for sustainability Optimising materials and process selection The role and limitations of recycling Waste reduction measures Paradigm shifts: Product service systems; zero waste systems 	Choose materials and processes to minimise eco-impact Discuss the role and limitations of recycling Identify sources of waste and suggest how waste may be reduced Be aware of radically different ways of meeting materials needs of society

4	How and why do companies 'go
Effecting	green'?
industrial	Case studies
change	

Assess the eco-impact of a company and make reasoned proposals for how to reduce it.

Syllabus: Bioengineering & Medical Device Manufacturing

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1	Introduction to medical devices, materials, required properties and	Understand the breadth of the medical device industry and the classification of devices.
	tissue engineering	Display familiarity with the range of synthetic and biomaterials used to form medical devices.
2	The medical device industry Sector analysis in UK and	Explain the evolution and essential features of the medical device industry.
	international context	Explain the unique features and considerations
	Regulatory bodies and their influence on manufacturing	of this manufacturing sector show an understanding of the regulatory procedures that are followed.
3	Key challenges in manufacturing of medical devices.	Explain the specific challenges faced in manufacturing of medical devices, e.g. sterilisation, Q.C., storage/transport.
4	Future trends in medical devices and potential impact on manufacturing. E.g. Nanomanufacturing, personalised medicine	Show awareness of trends in the industry and identify the challenges they pose to manufacturing.

Syllabus: Scaling up to Manufacturing

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to		
1	Introduction to multiple dimensions of scale-up and links to other modules Case-studies of scale-up challenges	Understand the multidimensional nature of scale-up in manufacturing Systematically think through the scale-up challenges for an emerging technology		
2	Introduce risks leading to the Valley of Death Techniques for risk management Innovation infrastructure for scale-up	Assess combination of risk factors when scaling up Understand the industrial innovation infrastructure needed to address risks		
3	Challenges of scale-u can be addressed through contributions from science, engineering, industry and policy	Systematically address risks of scale-up Understand the international approaches to addressing scale-up risks		

Examinations The tripos examination for 3P10 Contemporary Issues in Manufacturing will consist of three compulsory 30 minute questions, one on each of the lecture sets.

Reading list - Industrial Sustainability

ALLWOOD, J.M., CULLEN, J.	Sustainable materials – with both eyes open
	Available as download from the web http://www.uit.co.uk/B- SMWBEO/
ASHBY, M.F.	Materials and the environment, Butterworth-Heinemann 2009, ISBN 978-1-85617-608-8
VON WEISZACKER E, LOVINS A.B., LOVINS L.H.	Factor Four: doubling wealth, halving resource use. Earthscan publications, 1997,
MACKAY, DJC	Sustainable energy – without the hot air, <u>www.withouthotair.com</u> , 2008

Reading List - Bio Engineering: Medical Devices and Bio materials

BIRLA, RAVI	Introduction to Tissue Engineering: Applications and Challenges, Wiley-IEEE Press, 2014
SINGER, P.A., VIENS, A.M.	Cambridge Textbook of Bioethics, Cambridge University Press, 2008
WORLD HEALTH ORGANISATION	Medical Device Regulations- Global overview and guiding principles, Geneva, 2003, ISBN 92 4 154618 2.

Coursework

CAD/CAM Exercise

Overview

The CAD/CAM coursework aims to develop and test the student's ability to produce engineering drawings using CAD, turn the CAD drawings into programmes for the production of the components, and operate the machine tool to produce the parts. The coursework contributes 30 marks. The group will be split into half, with one half producing drawings and programmes for the machining of a milled component, the other half for a turned component.

The CAD exercise is to be completed using SolidWorks. The CAM work is to be produced using SolidCam. There will be classroom support early in Michaelmas term in the use of both software packages.

Students will work in pairs, and be assessed as a pair.

Deliverables

Students will be provided with a simple assembly of 3 parts, 2 of which will have an engineering drawing. Each pair will be required to:

- produce a complete engineering drawing of the 3rd component in the assembly. This must be approved before any programming can begin;
- produce a programme to be loaded onto the machine tool.

Electronic Submission

The CAD drawings must be electronically submitted on or before **23:59 Wednesday 30th October**. They will be marked and returned by the end of the following week.

Your drawing must include your candidate numbers. A pdf file of your engineering drawing is to be electronically submitted to the IfM Teaching office (<u>met-admin@eng.cam.ac.uk</u>), using the following file name structure, where you replace the numbers with your own: **70n_72x_CAM_date.pdf**

The CAM programmes must be submitted electonically on or before **23:59 Thursday 5th December** to the IfM Teaching office (<u>met-admin@eng.cam.ac.uk</u>). To hand in the CAM component of coursework, please create a zip file, named using the following convention: **70n_72x_CAM_date.zip**

Assessment

The coursework is worth 30 marks in total.

- CAD drawing: 50% marks, awarded for completeness, clarity, precision and presentation. Individual drawing will be 'marked-up' with suggested changes, much as would be done in industry by a senior engineer.
- CAM programme: 50% marks, awarded for elegance in programming

Production Game

Introduction

The Production Game is a simulation of a manufacturing operation. Small companies (teams) are required to manufacture simple paper-based products (greeting cards) based on orders from a market place. Products which meet the required standards of quality and delivery are purchased by the market. Unacceptable products are rejected.

The Production Game typically provides a rich array of first-hand experience with which to think about the issues involved in the organisation and control of manufacturing systems.

Students are required to electronically submit two reports, a pre-game report, and a final report.

Deliverable 1: pre-game report

Each team is required to submit a report before the game starts outlining the following:

- Resource allocation: How are your resources going to be allocated?
- Production Layout: Are you going to go for a functional or a product-based layout?
- Order selection: What type of orders would you pick?
- Coordination and control: What co-ordinating (integrating) and scheduling mechanisms are you going to use?
- It is important to not only describe the strategies, but to describe the manner in which the strategy was formulated. Prior preparation (e.g., time study, cost-benefit analysis) will pay dividends.

Deliverable 2: Final report

Final report (individual): Each student should produce a report of a maximum of 2000 words in length which analyses the performance and activities of their company during the Game. Where appropriate, draw on material from 3P3 and 3P4 in your report. The report should include treatment of at least some of the following issues:

- Did your strategy prove to be correct if so, why, if not, why not?
- How did you design, organize and control your manufacturing system? How did this reflect your wider strategic decisions vis a vis the market? What methods did you use to control costs, quality, time etc?
- How was whole enterprise managed? For example, how did coordination between 'Marketing and Sales' and 'Manufacturing', and 'Manufacturing' and 'Purchasing' occur? What formal and informal information systems were designed (or evolved) during the game? How appropriate were these?
- The things that you feel you did right, and the major errors you made; how you would do it differently next time.

• Comparisons between the performance and processes of your company and those of the other firms. Were there any patterns in who did well and who did badly?

Evaluation

The coursework will be marked out of 30, with the following allocation of marks to different activities:

- Pre-game report 25%
- Performance in the game 25%
- Final report 50%

Standard filenames for electronic submission to: <u>met-admin@eng.cam.ac.uk</u> in the following format please:

Your group coursework numbers followed by the coursework name and date

e.g. 70n_71f_73x_ProdGame_date.doc or .pdf

Major Project

Overview

The Major Project runs from the end of Michaelmas term until the end of the academic year and aims to integrate the design, manufacturing and management elements of the course.

The main components of the project are the development of a viable design solution to a genuine problem or issue, in tandem with understanding the market and producing a comprehensive business plan. The business plan will also include some detailed analysis of the financial viability of the product.

The brief for the project will be to develop a new manufacturing technology with the overall theme of 'manufacturing a better future'.

At the end of the project, students should have:

- applied their engineering design skills to solve technical problems;
- applied their industrial design skills to develop solutions which are fit for the intended users, appropriately styled and clearly explained visually;
- applied their knowledge of materials and production engineering to develop solutions that could be produced in volume;
- explored issues relating to environmental, economic and social sustainability relating to their products;
- gained experience in market and user research;
- applied their skills in financial analysis to develop a robust business model for their proposed designs;
- developed their skills in producing a compelling and believable business plan.

Assessment

Detailed assessment criteria are outlined in the course handbook. In total, the project contributes 140 marks.

General information

Penalties for late hand in of coursework or missing an industrial visit

There are automatic penalties for late submission of any piece of coursework. The penalty will be **20% of marks per week, or part week, that the work is late.**

There are automatic penalties for missing an Industrial Visit without prior approval. The penalty will be **20% of the marks available for visit de-brief presentations.**

Coursework extensions requested prior to the hand in date, notification of missing a visit prior to visit, or any mitigating reasons for a late hand in or a missed visit, must be accompanied by a METIIA Coursework Allowance form signed by your college tutor. An Allowance form can be obtained from the IfM Teaching Office (<u>met-admin@eng.cam.ac.uk</u>)

Reasons for arranging coursework or missing Industrial Visits

Reasons for seeking to rearrange course work or missing an Industrial Visit fall into one of the following five categories:

Illness

Educationally it is always preferable to rearrange coursework missed through illness, and this should be attempted wherever practicable. If rearrangement is not possible, then students should apply for the appropriate allowance.

'Illness' is broadly defined as any illness, mental health problem, physical injury or other grave cause which, in the opinion of both the student's tutor and the METIIA Course Director, prevents the student from completing their scheduled coursework activities on time, or in some cases at all.

Compassionate or religious grounds

Students will, wherever practicable, be allowed to rearrange coursework, or miss visits, on compassionate or religious grounds (for instance, to enable them to attend a funeral, or because the coursework is scheduled on the day of a religious festival). The student concerned should try to rearrange the coursework in advance. If rearrangement proves impossible, then an application for an allowance may be made with the support of the student's tutor.

Interviews

When applying for jobs, work placements or sponsorship, students may be invited for interview on days that conflict with coursework activities and visits. Students should in the first instance seek to rearrange the interview rather than the coursework or visit. If this proves impossible, then the student should try to rearrange the coursework. Allowances are not normally given for coursework missed through interviews. For a missed industrial visit, an application for an allowance may be made with the support of the student's tutor.

Sporting commitments

Coursework and visits may **not** be rearranged to accommodate **College** sporting commitments. Students will, wherever practicable, be allowed to rearrange coursework that conflicts with **University** sporting competitions (i.e. representing the University of Cambridge in a competitive event) but not for training sessions. For a missed industrial visit, an application for an allowance may be made with the support of the student's tutor.

Workshop Practical

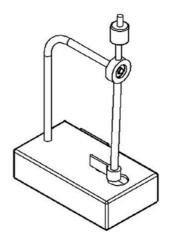
Alan Thorne, Simon Sennitt, Chris Jennings Marks: <u>This activity is not marked</u> (Training for use of studio & workshop equipment)

Overview

The objective of this workshop practical is to provide MET IIA students with a basic understanding of fabrication skills required to:

a) Produce prototyped components using 3D printing, laser cutting and vacuum forming processes.
b) Produce actual components using more traditional production processes such as turning, milling and electronic assembly techniques.

The workshop sessions have been designed to enable students to produce components required for the fabrication of a perpetual pendulum. The pendulum makes use of an electro-magnet to provide the pendulum with pulses of energy to overcome losses in the mechanical system.



The pendulum blister pack and transport jig will be made using Rapid Proto Type (RPT) technologies. The Pendulum body, arm and base containing the electromagnetic drive will be made using more traditional production processes.

Students will be asked to attend two workshop sessions. The first workshop session will focus on skills required to use the RPT equipment within the design studio. An option of two RPT sessions will scheduled, each accommodating up to half of the class. The second workshop session will focus on skills required to operate hand tools, machine tools and electronic fabrication tools within the IfM workshop. A series of workshop sessions will be scheduled, each accommodating a maximum of four students. Students will be asked to sign up to workshop sessions on a first come first served basis. (A signup sheet will be posted on the MET IIA notice board)

At the end of the workshop sessions the students are expected to have a good understanding of the different production processes as well as the use of various equipment in a safe manner. Successful completion of this activity will allow students to utilise the facilities within the IfM for other project activities such as the Design Project and CAD/CAM.

Information

- Students will complete a safety questionnaire before entering the workshop.
- Students should be appropriately dressed to work within a workshop environment. Closed toe shoes, no loose clothing or jewellery and hair tied back. (Lab coats and safety glasses will be provided.)

The Overseas Research Project (ORP)

Aims

The aims of the Overseas Research Project (ORP) are to:

- i. expose students to a broad cross section of current practice in international manufacturing;
- ii. experience in an integrated manner the application of the course material in a range of industrial settings;
- iii. enable the students to practice project management and team working skills;
- iv. expose students first hand to the importance of stakeholder management.

ORP Process

When: The METIIB ORP takes place in the 4th year, during a two week period following the end of the Easter term. Some preparation time is allocated within the MET IIB timetable but most of the work is extracurricular. However, METIIA students should start their ORP preparation during the 3rd year.

Who: A staff member is appointed in an advisory/ supervisory role but the project is organised and delivered by the MET IIB students as a group.

How: Towards the end of the 3rd year, students are responsible for identifying a research location and topic (in discussion with the MET IIB Director and relevant MET staff and researchers). During the 4th year students will arrange visits to companies, coordinate with MET Administrator to arrange travel and accommodation and secure sponsorship to fund the ORP. Due to tightened budgets, the Engineering Department is not in a position to provide finance for the ORP. However, the IfM Teaching Office will provide matched funding of £50 for each student, subject to each student contributing an equal amount.

Reporting: The key deliverables from the project are a report on the identified research theme and a presentation at the IfM. Students are responsible for the detailed content of the report, though this must be signed off by the MET IIB Director prior to dissemination.

Assessment: The ORP itself is not assessed but parts of the background research may be used as examples in the synoptic examination papers.

Finance: The University has very strict rules on how money is received and paid out. Before committing to any financial arrangements, transactions or committments, you must check with the MET Administrator to make sure you do not inadvertently break any University finance rules.

Key actions and timings

When	What
By the end of MET IIA	Appoint the student project leader and three team members responsible for sponsorship, research and logistics respectively.
	Agree the research location. Plan B is essential.
	Outline the research topic or options.
Over the summer break	Continue planning.
	Keep MET IIB Director. MET Administrator, Mukesh Kumar and IfM-ECS Communications Officer informed of developments.
By start of METIIB	Identify and contact potential sponsors.
Michaelmas term	Develop a refined statement of the research topic.
	Draft the project brochure for sending to sponsors and companies, in discussion with IfM-ECS Communications Officer.
As early as possible	Confirm the outline of the programme.
	Identify target companies for visits.
	Negotiate timing of visits to companies.
	Confirm with the MET IIB Director who from IfM will be accompanying the tour.
Preparing the Project Report	Much of the report should be prepared before the tour. This should certainly include the literature review, and the research questions and methodology. The structure of the final report should also be clear.
	During the tour it is important to have daily reviews of the visits, and for individuals to be responsible for writing up the results of each visit.
Following the tour	Immediately on return from the tour students should complete the project report , which must be signed-off by the MET IIB Director before publication.
	IfM-ECS Communications Officer will be able to assist with the dissemination of the report.
	A presentation summarising the report should be arranged as part of the IfM Friday Seminar Series (coordinated by Dr Yongjiang Shi)

CUED Information and Library Services

The library team at the Department of Engineering is available to help with any questions you may have about resources, search strategies and managing references.

A member of the team is based at IfM on Friday mornings, or you can visit them in the CUED Library in the Baker Building, Trumpington Street.

Contact them at 01223 332626 or cued-library@eng.cam.ac.uk

Judge Business School: Information and library services

The Business Information Centre is located in the left-hand wing on the ground floor of the Judge Business School building.

Opening Hours

Term-time:	Vacation:		
Mon-Fri	08.45-18.00	Mon - Fri	09.00-17.00
Weekends	Closed	Weekends	Closed

Registration

Please register at the Information Centre desk when you first visit. You will need to present your University card and your email address.

Printed Resources

The Information Centre's printed collection includes core texts on Judge Business School reading lists, together with general research texts and journals. You may place reservations on books that are on loan and renew books that are not reserved by other users. Fines are charged for overdue items at 50p per day. You may borrow a maximum of 5 items.

Electronic Resources

Electronic resources are housed on the CJBS Information Blog

(<u>http://www.blogs.jbs.cam.ac.uk/infolib/</u>) and a linked portal (for which you will need to use your Raven password) which can be accessed wherever you are in the world. *Databases available:*

- ABI Inform Complete
- Business Insights
- Business Source Complete
- Capital IQ
- Factiva
- Fame
- Global Insight

- Key Note
- Passport GMID
- Thomson One Banker
- WRDS
- (Compustat, CRSP,I/B/E/S & RiskMetrics)

In addition to the resources on the blog, we provide access to Bloomberg and Datastream on terminals in the Information Centre.

Staff and Contact Details

Please contact us by if you have any enquiries about our service:

Email: infolib@jbs.cam.ac.uk, Tel: 01223 339599

Appendix 1: Referencing and Plagiarism

Guidance on referencing, collaboration and plagiarism

- 1. The confidence which a reader has in the contents of a report, paper or dissertation is based on trusting the author. An important contribution to building that trust is through the author demonstrating clearly how they have built on the work of others, and giving full credit to previous contributions, as well as indentifying unambiguously which parts of the overall work are their own, original contribution. That is the role of references in technical writing: to give recognition to other people's work and to provide an 'audit trail' of links to previous work. Developing a good style of referencing takes some effort; in many cases, facts and ideas are so well known and standard that no reference is needed, but if you have any doubts about whether the reader might misinterpret the extent of your own contribution you should always refer explicitly to the source of previous work.
- 2. In some of your work you will collaborate with other students. Not only does this often make sense in terms of splitting up a larger task into smaller parts, but it can also be a very fruitful method of generating new ideas. Learning how to manage and work within a collaborating team forms an important part of your training as an engineer. In some cases work which results from a team effort will be assessed for examination credit. In such cases all authors of the work must be clear among themselves as to which parts have been contributed by each member, and where required by the Examiners this should be indicated by initials at the bottom of each page.
- 3. If a report contains material of which you (or in the case of a collaborative report, a member of your team) are not the originator, then you must make the origin of the material explicitly clear by suitable references. Not to do so constitutes plagiarism, which is defined as 'submitting as your own work material which derives in part or in whole from the work of others without due acknowledgement'. Wherever you use sources of information or data such as books, journal articles, internal company sources, personal interviews, web-sites or other internet resources you should ensure that they are fully referenced, so that the reader can locate the source and if necessary make an independent judgement of the quality of the information. You should include text which you have not generated yourself only if it is clearly marked as a quotation (e.g. by placing it in quotation marks with a full reference to its source).
- 4. Plagiarism is both poor scholarship and a breach of academic integrity, and is regarded extremely seriously within the University. Plagiarism is a form of cheating and any incident in work assessed for examination credit will be reported to the Head of Department, who will normally refer the matter to the University Proctors.
- 5. Forms of plagiarism include copying someone else's language and/or ideas as if they are your own by, for example, quoting verbatim, paraphrasing, cutting and pasting from the internet, or submitting someone else's work as part of your own without full and explicit acknowledgement of the source. Plagiarism applies to all types of sources and media, whether published or not.

- 6. The guiding principle is that Examiners and others who may read your work must be in no doubt as to which parts of it are your own original work and which parts are the work of others, or have been produced by you in collaboration with others.
- 7. These guidelines apply to all assessed work: for example, coursework and project reports.
- 8. Further guidance can be found in the statement of the University's Policy on Plagiarism at www.admin.cam.ac.uk/univ/plagiarism. If you are uncertain about these guidelines or have any questions about their application, the MET Course Director will be glad to provide advice.

University of Cambridge General Board Statement on Plagiarism

The General Board, with the agreement of the Board of Examinations and the Board of Graduate Studies, has issued this guidance for the information of candidates, Examiners and Supervisors. It may be supplemented by course-specific guidance from Faculties and Departments.

Plagiarism is defined as submitting as one's own work that which derives in part or in its entirety from the work of others without due acknowledgement; or, in the case of self-plagiarism, unless explicitly permitted by regulation, submitting one's own work that has already been submitted for assessment to satisfy the requirements of any other academic qualification, or submitted for publication without due acknowledgement. It is both poor scholarship and a breach of academic integrity.

Examples of plagiarism include **copying** (using another person's language and/or ideas as if they are a candidate's own), by:

- quoting verbatim another person's work without due acknowledgement of the source;
- paraphrasing another person's work by changing some of the words, or the order of the words, without due acknowledgement of the source;
- using ideas taken from someone else without reference to the originator;
- cutting and pasting from the Internet to make a pastiche of online sources;
- **submitting** someone else's work as part of a candidate's own without identifying clearly who did the work. For example, buying or commissioning work via professional agencies such as 'essay banks' or 'paper mills', or not attributing research contributed by others to a joint project.

Plagiarism might also arise from colluding with another person, including another candidate, other than as permitted for joint project work (i.e. where collaboration is concealed or has been forbidden). A candidate should include a general acknowledgement where he or she has received substantial help, for example with the language and style of a piece of written work.

Plagiarism can occur in respect to all types of sources and media:

- text, illustrations, musical quotations, mathematical derivations, computer code, etc;
- material downloaded from websites or drawn from manuscripts or other media;
- published and unpublished material, including lecture handouts and other students' work.

Acceptable means of acknowledging the work of others (by referencing, in footnotes, or otherwise) vary according to the subject matter and mode of assessment. Faculties or Departments should issue written guidance on the relevant scholarly conventions for submitted work, and also make it clear to candidates what level of acknowledgement might be expected in written examinations. Candidates are required to familiarise themselves with this guidance, to follow it in all work submitted for assessment, and may be required to sign a declaration to that effect. If a candidate has any outstanding queries, clarification should be sought from her or his Director of Studies, Course Director or Supervisor as appropriate.

Failure to conform to the expected standards of scholarship (e.g. by not referencing sources) in examinations may affect the mark given to the candidate's work. In addition, suspected cases of the use of unfair means (of which plagiarism is one form) will be investigated and may be brought to one of the University's Courts. The Courts have wide powers to discipline those found guilty of using unfair means in an examination, including depriving such persons of membership of the University.

The University's plagiarism and good academic practice website (<u>www.cam.ac.uk/plagiarism</u>) provides more information and guidance.

Student information on the use of Turnitin

The University subscribes to Turnitin UK software which is widely used in UK universities and matches text in work submitted to the software to that in a large database of online sources. This document explains how Turnitin UK will be used by the Department of Engineering and explains the implications of submitting your work to the software.

You are reminded that Turnitin is only one method of checking the originality of your work. Examiners may initiate the standard investigative procedures if they have unresolved queries about the originality of your work, regardless of whether Turnitin has been used or whether it has substantiated any concerns.

The University Advocate may decide to prosecute a student suspected of plagiarism even where that student has not consented to the use of Turnitin. In such circumstances the student may be specifically asked by the Advocate to consent to submission to Turnitin and a failure to consent will be proved as part of the evidence against him or her.

Plagiarism and good academic practice: your responsibilities

You should ensure that you are familiar with the <u>discipline-specific guidance</u> about referencing conventions and good academic practice which is issued by the Faculty Board. If, after reading this guidance, you have any outstanding queries, you should seek clarification at the earliest opportunity from your Director of Studies or supervisor.

You should also familiarise yourself with the statement on plagiarism posted on the University's plagiarism website, <u>www.cam.ac.uk/plagiarism</u>, which also features links to useful resources and guidance.

If, after reading the guidance, you have any outstanding queries you should seek clarification at the earliest opportunity from your Director of Studies or supervisor.

About Turnitin UK text-matching software

Who controls the service?

Turnitin UK is part of the JISC Plagiarism Advisory Service (JISCPAS). This University is the recognised Data Controller for the data held and processed by, or on behalf of, the service. An American company, iParadigms, is the Data Processor.

How does Turnitin UK work?

Turnitin UK may detect direct plagiarism, paraphrasing and collusion as submitted work is compared with a vast database of online material and with a 'private' database of previous submissions. Therefore, submitting work to the database helps to protect it from future attempts to plagiarise it, and helps to maintain the integrity of the University's qualifications.

The software makes no judgement about whether a student has plagiarised, it simply shows the percentage of the submission that matches other sources and produces an originality report which highlights the text matches and, where possible, displays the matching text and its immediate context.

In many cases the software highlights correctly cited references or 'innocent' matches. Therefore, Examiners will carefully review all originality reports to determine whether the work does contain plagiarism.

How will Turnitin UK be used in the Manufacturing and Management Division, Department of Engineering?

Work submitted for assessment in the Manufacturing and Management Division, Department of Engineering will be subjected to spot checks from time to time, or in cases where there is cause for concern. Students should note that, upon screening work, the resulting originality reports will be referred only to the Examiners responsible for the academic assessment of the work if there is prima facie evidence of plagiarism or poor academic practice. Work must be submitted electronically.

What will happen if matches are identified between my work and another source?

If Turnitin UK detects matches between your work and another source, the Examiners will review the resulting originality report to judge whether the matches are innocent, or whether you have appropriately referenced these matches (if not, this may constitute plagiarism), and/or whether you have made excessive use of material from other sources (which may be poor academic practice).

The Examiners will mark your work purely on the basis of its academic merit. However, depending on the extent and context of the matches, your work may be referred to the Proctors for further investigation. In such cases the Turnitin UK originality report may be used as evidence. If you are found to have plagiarised the penalty may be severe and your degree may be withheld.

Will Turnitin UK affect my intellectual property rights or copyright?

The copyright and intellectual property rights of the submitted material remain wholly with the original owner (normally the student, with the exception of some collaborative or sponsored research projects). However, you are asked to permit Turnitin UK to:

- reproduce your work to assess it for originality;
- retain a copy of your work for comparison at a later date with future submissions.

Will my personal data be retained by Turnitin UK?

Material submitted to Turnitin UK will be identified by your examination number, course details and institution: personal data will not be used.

What will happen if text submitted by another student matches that in my work?

Matches to text submitted from other HE institutions

If a report generated by another institution identifies a match to your work the report will only show the extent of the match and the contact details of the University's Turnitin UK Administrator. If approached, the Turnitin UK Administrator will attempt to contact you about the matter. The contents of your work will not be revealed to a third party outside Cambridge without your permission.

Matches to text submitted from within the University

If a match is found to material submitted from within the University, the Examiners can obtain the full text without approaching you.

How do I apply for my work to be removed from Turnitin UK?

Work submitted to Turnitin UK will be stored indefinitely on the Turnitin UK database unless you specifically request that it be removed. To maximise the effectiveness of the software it is hoped that such requests will be kept to a minimum. However, once examinations have been concluded, you may at any time contact [the Department's Turnitin UK contact] to request that your work be removed.

Sources of further information and support

The University's plagiarism website: <u>www.cam.ac.uk/plagiarism</u> Department's plagiarism advice: http://teaching.eng.cam.ac.uk/node/526 Plagiarism guidance in the Second Notice on Fourth-year Projects: <u>www.eng.cam.ac.uk/teaching/courses/projects/yr4_proj/2ndNotice.pdf</u>

Turnitin UK's website: http://www.turnitinuk.com/

Appendix 2: Sample of MET IIA Forms

METIIA	Coursework allowance application form	71
METIIA	Industrial Visit allowance application form	72

METIIA Coursework allowance application form

Students must make every effort to contact staff in advance of the visit. E-mails should be copied to the MET office met-admin@eng.cam.ac.uk

Cambridge University Engineering Department Application for Allowance for Coursework / Missed Assessment

Student Name:	College:	CRSID:	Tripos (METIIA, METIIB)

Requesting an E	XTENSION					
Coursework title / Staff member contacted for METIIB Module rescheduling		Date contacted	Reason for request	Current deadline	Requested deadline	Teaching Office response
Requesting MAF	Requesting MARKS					
Coursework title / Staff member contacted for METIIB Module rescheduling		Date contacted	Reason for claim, e.g. Missed module assessment; late CW submission	Current mark	Requested mark	Teaching Office response

Tutor's name:		e-mail:	Phone:					
This section to be completed by the student's	TUTOR (NOT DoS)							
Nature of illness or extenuating circumstan	ces:							
Dates between which work was impossible		Dates between which work was hine	dered:					
Additional comments (attach separate letter	if you wish) Please enclo	se doctor's certificate if period affected wa	s more than 7 days					
Signature of Tutor Date		Signed (Teaching Office)		Date				

Return completed form to: IfM Teaching Office met-admin@eng.cam.ac.uk

Teaching Office decisions will be recorded on this form and a copy sent to the student and the Tutor

METIIA Industrial Visit allowance application form

Students must make every effort to contact staff in advance of the visit. E-mails should be copied to the MET office met-admin@eng.cam.ac.uk.

Manufacturing Engineering Tripos Application for Allowance for industrial visits programme

Student Name:	College:	CRSID:
	/	

Request for credit for missed visit							
Visit date	Company	Staff member i/c visit	Date staff member contacted	Reason for missing visit MET response			
Request for cred	it for missed	debrief session		-			
Debrief date				Reason for missing debrief session	MET response		

Tutor's name:	e-mail:	Phone:

This section to be completed by the student's **TUTOR** (NOT DoS)

Nature of illness or extenuating circumstances:						
Dates between which work was impossible		Dates between which work was hindered:				
Additional comments (attach separate letter if you wish) Please enclose doctor's certificate if period affected was more than 7 days						
Signature of Tutor	Date	Signed (METIIA Director or Visits Co-ordinat	tor)	Date		

Return completed form to: MET Teaching Office, IfM, 17 Charles Babbage Road met-admin@eng.cam.ac.uk

Decisions will be made by the Visits Coordinator in consultation with METHA Course Director. Responses will be recorded on this form and a copy sent to the student and the Tutor