

Department of Engineering Institute for Manufacturing

## METIIA Course Handbook 2023-24

## Disclaimer

We have endeavoured to ensure that the information contained in this handbook is as accurate as possible. However, it is likely that minor changes and updates may need to be made to some sections during the course of the year.

We will ensure that all updates are communicated to you by email and/or posted on the MET IIA Moodle site.

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## **MET IIa People**

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Course Directors	Prof Aexandra Brintrup (IIa)	Prof Frank Tietze (IIb)
Teaching office	Shane Strawson (Senior MET Admin)	Hannah Smith (ISMM Admin)
3P1 Materials into Products (Mich)	Dr Hugh Shercliff (module leader)	Dr Claire Barlow
3P2 Operation and Control of Production Machines and Systems (Mich)	Prof Duncan McFarlane (module leader)	Prof Bill O'Neill
3P3 Product Design (Mich)	Prof James Moultrie (module leader)	Prof Michael De VolderDr Sebastian Pattinson
3P4 Operations Management (Lent)	Dr. Manu Sasihadran (module leader)	Prof Feryal Erhun
3P5 Industrial Engineering (Lent)	Dr Veronica Martinez (module leader)	

3P6 Organisational Behaviour (Mich)	Dr Mukesh Kumar			
	(module leader)			
3P7 Managing Business and People (Lent)	Prof Tim Minshall (module leader)			
3P8 Financial and Management Accounting (Mich)	Dr Judith Plummer- Braeckman (module leader)			
3P9 Industrial Economics, Strategy and Governance (Lent)	Dr Florian Urmetzer (module leader)			
3P10 Contemporary Issues in Manufacturing (Mich)	Prof Ronan Daly (module leader)	Dr Claire Barlow		
Major Project	Prof James MoutIrie	Prof Michaël De Volder	Dr Sebastian Pattinson	Dr Judith Plummer- Braeckman
Industrial Visits and Workshops				

Dr Angkur Shaikeea

### IT Support





Lewis Grantham (Heads the IT team)

Giles Hainsworth (Senior Computing Technician)

### Workshop / Technical support





Chris Jennings (Workshop technician, mechanical)



Simon Sennitt (Workshop technician, electrical)

Others who you should know



officer)

Maggie Harriss IfM Divisional Administrator



Bridget Dore (Catering Supervisor)



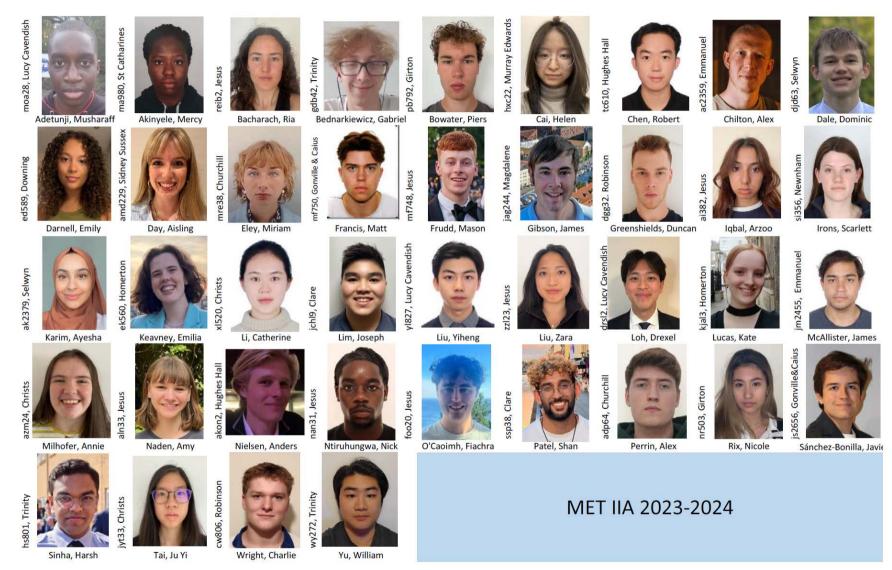
Ella Whellams (IfM Engage Events manager & supports the design show)



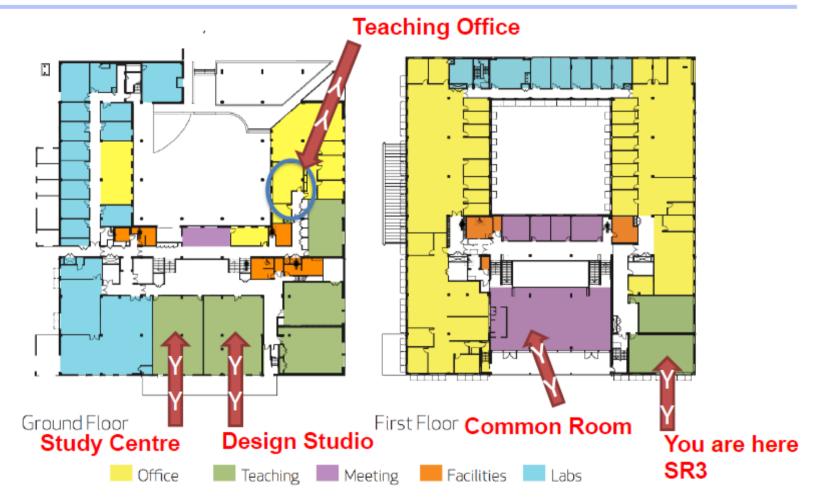
Lisa Barrett (IfM Engage & supports the design show)



## 2023-24 Year Group



## **IfM Floor Plan**



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## Course overview and timetables

## Summary of Taught Modules

Module number	Module Title	Module Scope	Assessment	Term
3P1	Materials into Products	From microstructure to mechanical property: manufacturing process optimisation for all classes of solids	100% Examination	Michaelmas
3P2	Production Machines and Systems	The specification, operation and management of production machines and systems	100% Examination	Michaelmas
3P3	Design	Integrating engineering and industrial design in the creation of new products	100% Coursework	Michaelmas
3P4	Operations Management	The management of material and information flow in the factory and in the supply chain	100% Examination	Lent
3P5	Industrial Engineering	The design of production flows and operations in manufacturing	100% Examination	Lent
3P6	Organisational Behaviour	An introduction to the theory of organisational behaviour	100% Examination	Michaelmas
3P7	Managing Business and People	An introduction to the processes involved in starting and running a business	100% Examination	Lent
3P8	Financial and Management Accounting	An introduction to the principles and practice of financial and management accounting	100% Examination	Michaelmas
3P9	Industrial Economics, Strategy and Governance	An introduction to the principles and practice of industrial economics, strategy and corporate governance	100% Examination	Lent
3P10	Contemporary Issues in Manufacturing	<ul> <li>(a) Integrative industrial visits to study modern manufacturing practice</li> <li>(b) Lectures to introduce current topics</li> </ul>	100% Examination	Michaelmas

## **Examinations and Coursework Structure**

		TOTAL	840
Visits	Coursework		40
Production Game	Coursework		30
CAD/CAM exercise	Coursework		30
Major Project	Coursework		140
3P3 Product Design	Single module assessed coursework		60
Paper 6	Single module paper: 90 minutes	Module 3P10, Contemporary Issues in Manufacturing	60
Paper 5	Double module paper: 3 hours	Module 3P8, Financial and Management Accounting Module 3P9, Industrial Economics, Strategy and Governance	120
Paper 4	Double module paper: 3 hours	Module 3P6, Organisational Behaviour Module 3P7, Managing Business and People	120
Paper 3	Double module paper: 3 hours	Module 3P4, Operations Management Module 3P5, Industrial Engineering	120
Paper 2	Single module paper: 90 minutes	Module 3P2, Production Machines and Systems	60
Paper 1	Single module paper: 90 minutes Common with 3C1	Module 3P1, Materials into Products	60
Name	Descriptor	Contents	Marks

#### Michaelmas Timetable: Note, these timetables are provisional and are subject to change

#### Michaelmas Term 2023

Term begins on Tuesday 3 October and ends on Friday 2 December 2023 Paper numbers are shown in bold text, weeks in square brackets if not weeks 1-8 and room numbers in italics

weeks		9-10	10-11	11-12	12-1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6
0 02-0ct			Inductio	on [0], BRINTRUP, SR3			Induction [0], BRINTRUP, S	R3		
1 09-Oct		3P10: Contemp issues	in manuf. [1], BARLOW, SR3				Rapid Prototype Workshop 1	(group of 13 students)		
2 16-Oct							1.30pm - 5.30pm Workshop	(1) - (Group of 4 students)		
3 23-Oct	lay						1.30pm - 5.30pm Workshop (5) - (Group of 4 students)			
4 30-Oct	Monday		3P10: Contemp issues in	and operational pa	hardenn [4 0] WIMAD	Lunch	1.30pm - 5.30pm Workshop	(8) - (Group of 4 students)		
5 06-Nov	Ŭ		manuf. [2], BARLOW, [3-8],	3P6: Organisational Be	naviour [1-8], KUMAR					
6 13-Nov			DALY, SR3							
7 20-Nov										
8 27-Nov										
0 03-Oct			Induction [0], BRINTE	RUP, SR3			Induction [0], BRINTRUP, S	SR3		
1 10-0ct							1			
2 17-0ct	- <b>&gt;</b>			Skills wo			1.30 - 5.30 Workshop (2) - (0			
3 24-0ct	da,				Visit: scheduled all day but n	nay finish ea				
4 31-0ct	Tuesday	Visit	t Debrief	Skills wo		I	1.30pm - 5.30pm Workshop			
5 07-Nov	- F	T71-14	Debuief		Visit: scheduled all day but n	nay finish ea	ariier depending upon locat	ion		
6 14-Nov 7 21-Nov	_	VISI	t Debrief	Skills wo	огкsпор Visit: scheduled all day but n	ar finish a	anlian dan an ding un an la cat	lon		
7 21-Nov 8 28-Nov	_	Vicit	t Debrief	Skills wo		lay misi ea	arner depending upon locat	1011		
0 04-Oct	-	Induction [0], BRINTRUP, If		Skills we	лкзнор					
1 11-0ct	-	induction [0], DRIVEROF, IJ	, 51(5			-	Rapid Prototype Workshop 2	(avour of 12 students)		
	<u> </u>									
2 18-0ct	da	and Manufalations					1.30pm - 5.30pm Workshop (3) - (Group of 4 students) 1.30pm - 5.30pm Workshop (6) - (Group of 4 students)			
3 25-Oct	es	3P1: Materials into products [1-8],	3	D9. Financial & manage	mont accounting [1.9]	Lunch				
4 01-Nov	Wednesday	SHERCLIFF/MCSHANE/BA	5	3P8: Financial & management accounting, [1-8], BRAECKMAN			1.30pm - 5.30pm Workshop	10) - (Group of 4 students)		
5 08-Nov 6 15-Nov	- š	RLOW/ SEITA, LR4								
7 22-Nov	-1-	, ,								
8 29-Nov	-									
1 05-Oct	-	L1: Process & prototy	vping (IM) L.2: Machine sys	stems design (SP) (Desigi	n Task briefing at 12.30)		Design Task Work			
2 12-Oct		Design challenge competit			L4 Actuators (SP)		Introduction to Solidwork	s, THORNE		
3 19-0ct		L5 Bearings (S	SP) L6 Mechai	nisms (SP)	Coursework Briefing (JM)		SOLID CAM: Milling, Briefin	g of CAD/CAM coursework,	THORNE	
4 26-0ct	v	L7 Design for Assen	nbly (JM)	DfA Exercise and Del	brief		SOLID CAM: Turning, THOP	NE		
5 02-Nov	Fhursda	L8 Design for Manufacture (SP)	L9 Design for Injection Moulding (SP) L10	Design for AM (JM)	Coursework Q&A (JM)	Lunch	Optional: Sketching worksh	ор		
6 09-Nov	hu	L11 Design Histo	ory JM L12 Product Form (	[JM] L13	: Ergonomics (JM)					
7 16-Nov	F	Major Project Briefing	Major Project Group V	Nork (Team Partnership	agreement)		Major Project Work / Cours	ework		
8 23-Nov		9:00 Project announcements/notices (sign-up sheet). 9:20 onwards Project consultations					Major Project Work / Cours	ework		
9 30-Nov		Major Project Proposal Presentations SR3								
1 06-0ct							3P10: Contemp issues in	nanuf. [1], BARLOW		
2 13-Oct							Rapid Prototype Workshop 3		1	
3 20-Oct		3P1: Materials into					1.30pm - 5.30pm Workshop	(4) - (Group of 4 students)		
4 27-0ct	Friday	products [1-8],	3P2: P	3P2: Production machines & systems [1-4], O'NEILL, [5-8]				(7) - (Group of 3 students)		
5 03-Nov	- i	SHERCLIFF/MCSHANE/BA RLOW/ SEITA, LR4		MCFAR	LANE	Lunch	1.30pm - 5.30pm Workshop	(11) - (Group of 3 students)		
6 10-Nov	- <b>-</b>	KLUW/ SEITA, LR4								
7 17-Nov	_									
8 24-Nov	-									
9 01-Dec										

## Lent timetable: *Note, these timetables are provisional and are subject to change* Lent Term 2024

Term begins on Tuesday 16 January and ends on Friday 15 March 2024 Paper numbers are shown in bold text, weeks in square brackets if not weeks 1-8 and room numbers in italics.

	weeks		9-10	10-11	11-12	12-1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6			
0	15-Jan				1		-							
1	22-Jan													
2	29-Jan	2												
3	05-Feb	Monday			-									
4	12-Feb	n n				ngineering [1-8],	Lunch							
5	19-Feb	ž			MARTI	NEZ SR3								
6	26-Feb				-									
7	04-Mar				_									
8	11-Mar													
0	16-Jan				-1.11	<u></u>	-							
1	23-Jan					orkshop			•					
2	30-Jan	b				Visit: scheduled all da	y but may finish ear	lier depending upon	location					
3	06-Feb	da	VISIU	Debrief	Skills w	orksnop Visit: scheduled all da	1	1. 1. 1.	1					
4	13-Feb 20-Feb	Tuesday	Visit	Debrief		orkshop	ay but may finish ear	ner depending upon	location					
6	20-Feb 27-Feb	Ē	VISIUI	Debilei		Visit: scheduled all da	what way finish as	lion don on din g un on	legation					
7	05-Mar		Vicit I	Debrief		orkshop	iy but may mish ear	ner depending upon	location					
8	12-Mar		VISICI	Debilei	SKIIS W		al Presentations - al	l dav						
0	17-Jan													
1	24-Jan						-							
2	31-Jan	b												
3	07-Feb	ga												
4	14-Feb	les	3P9: Industrial	Economics [1-8], 3P4: Operations Management, [1-8]	3P9: Industrial Economics [1-8], 3P4: Operations Management, [1-8] Lunch	3P4: Operations Management, [1-8]		Lunch						
5	21-Feb	Wednesday		ZER SR3										
6	28-Feb	Ň												
7	06-Mar													
8	13-Mar													
1	18-Jan		Major Project: Project	st group consultations				Major Project: Grou	n Work					
1	-			<u> </u>				Major Project: Grou	p work					
2	25-Jan		Major Project: Super					Major Project: Grou						
3	01-Feb	5	Major Project: Design					Major Project: Grou	p Work					
4	08-Feb	rsday		ct group consultations (i	introduction to financial	s spreadsheet & unit		Major Project: Grou	n Work					
		ILS	costs)				Lunch		•					
5	15-Feb	Ę.	Major Project: Project					Major Project: Grou	•					
6	22-Feb	5	Major Project: Design					Major Project: Grou						
7	29-Feb		Major Project: Busin	ess Plan briefing			-	Major Project: Grou	p Work					
8	07-Mar						-							
9	14-Mar													
1	19-Jan													
2	26-Jan													
3	02-Feb						Lunch							
4	09-Feb	Friday			ness and People [1-8],									
5	16-Feb	ric		KUMA	AR, SR3			Skills Works	<b>hop:</b> 2pm - 4pm					
6	23-Feb	<b>1</b>						Due du -ti-	n Cama [7] (aameraa	cing at 1mm)				
· ·	01-Mar 08-Mar							Productio	on Game [7] (commen	eng at ipinj				
8	08-Mar 15-Mar						Lunch							
9	15-Mar													

#### Easter timetable: Note, these timetables are provisional and are subject to change

#### Easter Term 2024

Term begins on Tuesday 23 April and ends on Friday 14 June 2024

wee	ks		9-10	10-11	11-12	12-1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	
0 22-			Exam period									
	Apr	1	Exam period									
2 06-	May	. I	·									
3 13-	May	ay					Maine Duningt Davis d					
	May	Ы					Major Project Period					
5 27-	May	Monday										
6 03-	Jun	~				Major Projec	t: Hand in porfolio, B	usiness plan				
7 10-												
8 17-												
0 23-							Exam period					
1 30-	Apr						Exam period					
	May	▶										
3 14-	May	da										
4 21-		esi					Major Project period					
	May	Tuesday										
6 04-		۰L										
7 11-		L										
8 18-												
0 24-		- F					Exam period					
1 01-	May						Exam period					
2 08-	May	Wednesday										
3 15-	May	SS					Major Project period					
4 22-	May	Ĕ.										
5 29-	May	e.										
6 05-		>			MAJOR PRO	DJECT FINAL PRESE	NTATIONS (Poster D	isplay and evening	reception			
7 12- 8 19-	Jun	ŀ										
		-										
1 25- 2 02-	Apr	- H					Exam period Exam period					
							Бхат реной					
	Мау	da	Supervisions: Team	Supervisions: Team	11.30 - 12.30 Supervi	sions: Team 7 9 9						
	May	S.II	1, 2, 3	4, 5, 6	11.30 - 12.30 Supervi 10				Major Project period			
	May	Thursday	1, 2, 3	т, 5, 0	10							
6 30- 7 06-	may	-										
8 13-												
1 26-			Exam period									
	Apr May	- F					Exam period					
	14	_ F					sam periou					
	May	Friday										
	May	id	Major Project Period									
	мау Мау	Ξ										
7 07-		ŀ										
8 14-												
0 14-	յաւ											

## Induction

Aims

- **To provide information about the course** including: the content and structure of the taught modules; the opportunity presented by the course work to demonstrate an integrative approach; the process and administration of the 3P10 Company Visits; tablet based teaching; the methods of examination; timetable and locations.
- **To ensure operating procedures and administration are understood**: including the different ethos from Part 1 of Engineering; the role of the IfM teaching office; the use of Moodle for providing information and taught content; access to admin and teaching staff; layout of the Alan Reece Building and the use of its facilities.
- **To start the skills development programme.** The induction programme includes sessions on communications, including presentation skills which are required early in the course. The remainder of the skills development programme takes place on alternate Tuesdays during Michaelmas and Lent terms.
- **To facilitate group bonding** which is essential for the successful operation of the course. Students will meet academic and teaching staff, and the style of the course will be interactive with taught inputs interspersed with small group activities.
- **To provide a brief introduction to Manufacturing** to emphasise the integrated nature of Manufacturing and to explain the importance of retaining this perspective even though the subject is deconstructed into modules for the purposes of teaching.

#### **Teaching style**

To meet these aims the induction programme will necessarily contain some taught input but will include substantial periods of interactive learning through group work and exercises.

#### Location

The induction programme is based in the Alan Reece Building, Seminar Room 3. Some components, highlighted in the timetable will be delivered remotely and additional resources will be available online.

## Induction programme

Mon 2 October		
	Welcome from Professor Tim Minshall 9:30	
09:30 - 10:30	Welcome and overview of induction programme	Tim Minshall
	Discussion: your hopes from MET	Alexandra Brintrup
10:45 - 11:15	Course overview and administration	Alexandra Brintrup
11:15 – 11:30	Break	
11:30 - 12:30	Manufacturing awareness	Ronan Daly /
11.30 - 12.30	Manufacturing awareness	Sebastian Pattinson
12:30 - 14:00	Buffet lunch with MET and Staff	ALL
14:00 – 14:45	Company visits: aims, visits process, themes and topics, assessment, safety	Angkur Shaikeea
15:00 - 16:00	Facilities tours	Simon Sennitt /
15.00 - 10.00	Facilities tours	Chris Jennings
Tues 3 October		
09:30 - 10:00	Introduction Library Facilities	Emily Bamber
10:00 - 10:30	Retail shop exercise: Briefing	Alexandra Brintrup
	Retail shop exercise:	
11:00 - 14:00	Store Observation and Presentation Preparation	Alexandra Brintrup
	Lunch: Own arrangements	
14:00-16:00	Retail shop exercise:	Alexandra Brintrup
	Group Presentation and Feedback	
Wed 5 October		
10:00 - 10:15	IfM Health & Safety	Sebastian Pattinson
10:15 – 10:45	Introduction to workshop training	Alan Thorne
		Alan Thorne
11:00 - 11:45	Workshop Health & Safety lecture	/Simon Sennitt /
		Chris Jennings

## **Industrial Visits and Skills Workshops**

Programme Leader: Dr Angkur Shaikeea

#### Programme

The Module consists of Industrial Visits and Skills Development workshops. These are delivered during the Michaelmas and Lent terms to allow maximum opportunity for observing real manufacturing environment and for testing and practicing a variety of managerial and practical skills as the MET IIA course progresses.

Industrial visits occur on Tuesdays, and typically are organised every other week (see programme)<sup>1</sup>. In the intervening week, on the Tuesdays the programme comprises debriefing sessions and skills workshops. The workshops start during the Induction programme and thereafter during all Michealmas and Lent terms.

All the elements of this module require attendance.

The coursework is expected to be delivered by teams and it is of the utmost importance that students will work collegially to produce the required outputs.

#### Industrial visits and Debriefing

#### Visits

It is important that the students' calendar remains completely free on Tuesdays for the whole day, to facilitate our organisation of visits. As the Covid pandemic is still morphing, changes to the calendar can happen at any point during the programme.

Punctuality is expected. Companies will be informed of those attending. The coaches will be leaving on time and will not wait for any late student. Any absence from visit or presentation needs to be communicated by emailing the IfM Teaching office (<u>met-admin@eng.cam.ac.uk</u>) so your case can be considered.

If you will be out of Cambridge over lunchtime, then either the company will provide lunch, or MET will make a contribution towards the cost of meal purchased. In this case, students will be told explicitly that they may claim for lunch on that day. The maximum amount which may be claimed for lunch is £3.50. This is based on the difference between the cost of a College meal and the cost of a meal on the open market; it is not expected to cover the full cost of a meal. Claims should be made on expenses forms which are available from the MET Course Admin Moodle page. Expenses can only be claimed against receipts.

#### **Dress Code**

When visiting companies you are representing Cambridge University and the Institute for Manufacturing, and you are expected to maintain the high standards for which we are known. You should always behave in a responsible and professional manner, and you should be smartly turned-out and appropriately dressed. This means in compliance with the requests of the companies (which will be listed on the briefing provided ahead of each visit). You

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The programme might be changed during the year – for the most up-todate version lookup the industrial Visits Moodle folder

should always wear sensible shoes and **not** trainers on factory visits (no high heels or sandals). Safety footwear will be required on most visits. Other requirements, including the use of photography, may be specified by the company and must be adhered to. All rules visit by visit will be advised on the Visit Brief (which will be stored on Moodle).

The visit rota will follow a schematic, (see example below).

De-briefing presenting									
* Responsibi	responsibility * Responsibility for taking		De-briefing presentations						
notes during industrial visits and contributing to de- briefing team Group 1 Group 2		Sector 1 Primary Processes	Sector 2 Electro- mechanical	Sector 3 Food	Sector 4 Vehicles	Sector 5 Goods and information distribution	Review of practices Across sectors		
Team 1A	Team 2A	*Materials Prod process	*Ops Mgt	*Industrial Eng	<mark>©</mark> *Design Mgt	*HR +CSR	Industrial Eng		
Team 1B	Team 2B	*Ops Mgt	*Industrial Eng	<mark>©</mark> *Design Mgt	*HR+CSR	*Materials Prod process	Design Mgt		
Team 1C	Team 2C	*Industrial Eng	<mark>©</mark> *Design Mgt	*HR+CSR	*Materials Prod process	*Ops Mgt	HR +CSR		
Team 1D	Team 2D	<mark>©</mark> *Design Mgt	*HR+CSR	*Materials Prod process	*Ops Mgt	*Industrial Eng	Materials Prod process		
Team 1E	Team 2E	*HR+ CSR	*Materials Prod process	*Ops mgt	*Industrial Eng	© *Design Mgt	Ops mgt		

#### **Company visits schematic (example)**

Each visit group is divided into Groups (1 and 2), each group will attend a different visit in parallel.

Within each group, people will be assigned to teams (E.g., 1D). Each team will focus on a different generic theme during the visit (e.g. Materials and production processes). The themes will be rotated between the teams so that each team focuses on a different theme for each visit (see example of table above). For every visit, one team (the Design management team highlighted by a smiley icon) will be responsible for collating the input from all the teams in their group and to prepare a debriefing presentation for the following Tuesday. This responsibility is rotated between the teams.

The programme is assessed and so attendance is expected at all events. Any absence from any industrial visits needs to be approved by the Module Leader and the IfM Teaching Office by emailing <u>met-admin@eng.cam.ac.uk</u>

The following approach is suggested:

- i. Teams (e.g. 1a, 1B, 1C etc) collect information on their theme during the visit. It is important that the "design management team" instructs the other teams on how to feed information (e.g. 'please remember to ask this question, please remember to look for XXXX'). A good time to do this is during the travels to reach the companies.
- Teams structure their information and feed it to the presenter team. This should be started on the return coach trip while the details are still fresh. Additionally, summary power point slides should be given to the presenter team by the Thursday following the visit.
- iii. The presenter team prepares a 25 minutes power point presentation incorporating information from all the teams. The presentation should be structured and edited to ensure an integrated overview of the company and the analysis.
- iv. The formal debrief normally takes place on the Tuesday following the visit. All members of the team whose debrief is due need to attend and present. At these de-briefing sessions, students from both visit groups come together, with their visit supervisors and the visits programme Module Leader.
- v. The debriefing presentations are evaluated by the Module Leader and the accompanying supervisiors (15/40 marks). The debriefing presentations are evaluated as a group (all students presenting will receive the same mark).
- vi. Debriefing process: The first visit group make their presentation, followed by discussion and questions, principally from the other group. All members of the first group will be encouraged to participate in the discussion. The process is repeated for the second visit group. There is a round up discussion about each of the themes in turn, drawing out comparisons and differences between the companies.
- vii. The presenters' team annotates their power point slides with comments and update them as a result of the discussion. The annotated slides need to be sent to the teaching office after the presentations and are made available to all students on Moodle for reference and revision in preparation of the final presentation.
- viii. At the end of the year, a final presentation, will consititute the rest of the module marks (25/40). The process is as follows:
  - a. Students (e.g. D teams, together), will present on one theme (e.g., Material production processes)
  - b. Within each team, discussions to review material from all visits will take place to identify learnings across all the companies visited during the previous months. A final presentation will be prepared with annotated slides
  - c. On the final presentation day, each team will have 15 minutes (exactly) to present (each member of each team will need to contribute and present). The group will receive questions from the module leader and the assessors as well as from the rest of the class for 10 minutes The overall final presentation day will last approximately 4 hours.
  - d. After the presentation, presenters update their slides to record the discussion and send their work to the Teaching office.

### Visit themes

Theme	Details
Industry level context	<ul> <li><i>History</i> - how has the industry developed: what technical and structural changes have occurred.</li> <li><i>Markets</i> - where are the major markets – how is this forecast to change; what are the current market conditions; what are the major trends affecting the industry.</li> <li><i>Competition</i> - who are the major players; what market shares.</li> </ul>
Company level context	<ul> <li><i>History</i> – what is the history of the company; has the ownership structure changed; is there a specific culture, ethos, or set of values.</li> <li><i>Scale</i> - key metrics for this site – turnover, employees, products</li> <li><i>Structure</i> – how is the company structured; how does it fit into the whole organisation.</li> <li><i>Market</i> - where does the company position itself in the market; who is the competition; who are the customers; where are they.</li> <li><i>Products</i> - what is the range of products - to what extent are products customised</li> <li><i>Strategy</i> - what is the business model – how does the company make money; how does the company compete – price, quality delivery, responsiveness, others; what is the impact of low cost economies.</li> </ul>
Materials, production processes and technology	<ul> <li>Materials - what range of materials is used – why; where are they sourced.</li> <li>Production processes - what production processes are employed; are there any areas of special expertise; which processes are outsourced – why and where to; what level of automation is in evidence – are there further opportunities; is the operation labour intensive or capital intensive.</li> <li>Technology - how does the company stay abreast of technical developments; how is new equipment selected and justified.</li> </ul>
Operations Mgt - organisation and control	<ul> <li>How many product variants are there – how does uncertainty affect the business and manufacturing operations</li> <li>What are the key challenges in matching supply and demand</li> <li>What is the typical time from order to delivery.</li> <li>How is production configured - cell, line, functional etc – why.</li> <li>What cost reduction techniques are used.</li> <li>How are lean processes applied.</li> <li>What are the systems for controlling production flow e.g. MRP, JIT, Kanban etc</li> </ul>
Industrial engineering and quality	<ul> <li>Industrial engineering - how are work study methods applied; how is work place layout determined; how are task times determined; what performance measures are used.</li> <li>Quality - what quality control systems are in place; are statistical approaches in evidence; what continuous improvement techniques are used e.g. quality circles, kaizan projects, suggestion schemes</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>How is the brand positioned in the market?</li> </ul>
Design management	• What is the customer journey: what are the range of 'touch points' (e.g. web, brochures, people, stores, telephone calls etc.) that define the customers interface with the company. How are these designed and who is responsible for ensuring consistency?
	<ul> <li>What is the company's design strategy?</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>How are industrial and engineering design linked?</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Recruitment and training - how are employees recruited and trained; what are the critical skills; how are they developed; how are they forecast to change.</li> </ul>
Human	<ul> <li>Remuneration - what pay systems are in place – e.g. piece work, salary, bonus; what non pay reward systems are in place.</li> </ul>
Resources + Corporate	<ul> <li>Employee relations - are any unions recognised; what structures are in place to work with them; how are communications with employees handled.</li> </ul>
social	• <i>H&amp;S</i> – what is the company's safety record; how is safety managed.
responsibility, H&S, environment and	<ul> <li>Environment - why is the operation based in this locality – what advantages, disadvantages; what is the impact of the operation on the local environment and community; what measures are in place to reduce any negative impact; in what ways does the company engage with the community.</li> </ul>
sustainability	<ul> <li>Sustainability - what regulations impinge on the business – are they getting tougher; are alternative technologies being developed to reduce the environmental impact – are there cost implications; how are sustainability issues affecting the business – markets, products, operations.</li> </ul>

#### Skills workshops<sup>2</sup>

The skills workshops are designed to develop some of the personal skills critical for success in industry and related employment. The skills are introduced in the workshop series and are practiced and developed during the two years of the MET programme.

The skills considered in the workshop series are<sup>2</sup>:

- **Process improvement skills**: bringing improvements to manufacturing processes form a fundamental part of the skillset that any manufacturing engineer must possess. These sessions focus on using structured approaches to understand a manufacturing process and to improve its performance.
- **Working in Teams**: this session focuses on understanding and identifying the different skills, personalities and motivations which individuals bring to a team, and the ways in which they can be harnessed to optimum effect.
- *Writing skills*: these are essential both in exams and detailed reports that require you to present a broad set of ideas in a coherent, evidence-based structure. A workshop and discussion will develop the skills, which will be of use throughout your career.
- Artefacts workshop: exploring how different components are manufactured.
- **Examination skills:** giving guidance on examinations and examination preparation skills.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The skills workshops list will be updated at the start of the year. Please refer to Moodle more up to date timetable.

NOTE: Please check email and MOODLE for updated schedule. All debriefing and workshop sessions will be held at the IfM, Alan Reece Building, SR3

*Example timetable (this is indicative, the visits and de-briefing days can change. See Moodle for up to date schedule)* 

Michaelmas	Morning	Afternoon
10 October	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Visits
17 October	Debriefing and Skills workshop	
24 October	N N	Visits
31 October	Debriefing and Skills workshop	
7 November	N N	Visits
14 November	Debriefing and Skills workshop	
21 November	N N	Visits
28 November	Debriefing and Skills workshop	
Lent		
23 January	Debriefing and Skills workshop	
30 January	N N	Visits
6 February	Debriefing and Skills workshop	
13 February	N N	Visits
16 February (Friday)		Workshop
20 February	Debriefing and Skills workshop	
27 February	N	Visits
5 March	Debriefing and Skills workshop	
12 March	Final Presentations	

#### **Marking scheme**

The programme is assessed and a total of 40 marks are available (15 marks for the debriefing presentations and 25 for the final presentation). Presentations are evaluated as a group (all students in the team will receive the same marks).

Attendance is expected at all events. Any absence from any assessed part (i.e. de-briefing presentations and final year presentation), and from the visits, should be discussed with the Module Leader and the IfM Teaching Office by emailing <u>met-admin@eng.cam.ac.uk</u> Please note that the debriefing presentations and final year presentations cannot be rearranged (see the Extension Policy in Appendix 2).

#### The assessment will consider:

- **Structure**: is the presentation structured in a logical way? Are all the necessary parts covered?
- **Content**: Has the presentation given an exhaustive account of the visit and demonstrates further research into the themes?
- **Analysis**: Have the team reflected on the issues and identified key take aways from the visit? Has this been done across all the themes?
- **Clarity**: is the presentation clearly delivered (professional language, clear slides, well referenced content, good time keeping) etc?

#### **Reading list:**

Goodson, R. E., "Read a Plant -Fast", Harvard Business Review, May, 2002

Upton, M.U., Macadam, S.E., "Why (and How) to Take a Plant Tour", Harvard Business Review, May-June, 1997.

## Module Specifications

## **3P1: Materials into products**

Module summary	From microstructure to final properties: manufacturing process optimisation for all classes of materials.
Taught by	Dr H Shercliff (module leader) Dr G McShane, Dr C Barlow, Dr M Seita, Dr A Shaikeea
Supporting activities	Artefacts workshops - TBA
Assessment	100% by examination. Paper 1, single module paper common with Engineering Part IIA 3C1
Supervision	4 supervisions (1 per examples paper, plus revision class), using a combination of groups of 4-5 and larger classes
Links to other elements of the course	Complementary materials know-how for aspects of 3P2 (processes), 3P3 (design) and Major Projects. Directly relevant to visits to industrial materials processing operations.

#### **Module Learning Outcomes**

By the end of the course, students should:

- Have a broad appreciation of the different materials processing methods used for metals, ceramics and polymers.
- Understand the main interactions between process and material in design and process selection, for each of the main classes of material.
- Understand the factors which control the microstructure of shaped castings, and their consequences for final properties and design of castings.
- Know the main deformation processes for wrought alloys, and be able to conduct simple upper bound analysis of plastic deformation.
- Know the microstructural characteristics of wrought alloys, and the reasons for alloying and heat treatment, with examples from Al alloys and steels.
- Understand hardenability of steels, using CCT diagrams to select steels and heat treatments for a given component specification.
- Know the main classes of polymers and composites, and understand the processing and design considerations in selecting these for a given component.
- Understand the processes and issues in the manufacture of powder metallurgy and ceramic products, and in additive manufacturing.
- Understand the importance of surface treatments and joining technologies, and know the main factors to consider in process selection.
- Be able to apply their knowledge of materials processing, microstructure evolution, and the mechanisms of material degradation to analyse and predict failures and to improve product design.

## Syllabus

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1 Introduction and Process Selection	Classification of manufacturing processes. Coupled problems in design and manufacturing: the interaction between material, process and design parameters.	Take a structured approach to choosing and interpreting viable material-process combinations for making components.
2 Heat Treatment of Steels	Revision of phase transformations and TTT diagrams. CCT diagrams and hardenability for steels.	Predict microstructure and mechanical properties in steel components following a given heat treatment.
3 – 4 Casting of Metals	Ingot and shaped casting. Revision of phase diagrams and transformations applied to solidification: segregation, constitutional supercooling, casting alloys and microstructures. Casting defects and design of shaped castings. <i>Examples paper 1</i>	Describe the factors involved in optimising casting processes, alloys and design to achieve required quality and mechanical properties for a component.
5 – 8 Deformation Processing of Wrought Alloys, Heat treatment.	Wrought alloy processing and microstructure evolution. Simple modelling of plastic forming processes (upper bound method). Application to rolling, forging, extrusion, machining of metals. <i>Examples paper 2</i>	Describe the factors involved in optimising wrought processes, alloys and design to achieve required physical and mechanical properties for a component. Estimate load, power, and temperature rise for shaping processes involving plastic deformation of metals.
9 – 10 Processing of Polymers and Composites	Polymer and composite processing technology. Design, material and process selection for polymers and composites.	Select polymer and process to achieve required shape and properties for a component. Select manufacturing process to achieve required shape and mechanical properties in fibre-reinforced polymer composites.
11 – 13 Powder Processing, Welding and Joining, Surface Engineering	Sintering, HIPing and other powder methods for metals and ceramics. Additive manufacturing. Welding technologies and other joining processes, and design considerations. Surface engineering processes and their applications.	Describe the factors that govern the choice of powder and additive manufacturing routes instead of conventional processes. Make recommendations for suitability of joining technologies for different materials and applications. Select surface treatments to achieve required physical and mechanical properties.

14 - 16	Processing as the origin of defects	Identify likely sources of failure for
Design against Failure.	and failures (microstructure, damage, residual stress).	components made from all classes of materials.
	Environmental factors in failure of materials.	Propose ways in which such failures car be avoided.
	Analysis and case studies of failures.	
	Examples paper 3	

### **Reading List**

*ASHBY, M.F.	MATERIALS SELECTION IN MECHANICAL DESIGN Butterworth- Heinemann 4th edition 2010, 3rd edition available as an ebook at:	JA.208
	http://www.myilibrary.com?id=75447	
*ASHBY, M.F. & JONES, D.R.H.	ENGINEERING MATERIALS 2 Butterworth-Heinemann 3rd edition 2006 (mainly revision) Available as an ebook at: http://www.myilibrary.com?id=75451	JA 191
ASHBY, M., SHERCLIFF, H. & CEBON, D.	MATERIALS: ENGINEERING, SCIENCE, PROCESSING AND DESIGN Butterworth-Heinemann 4 <sup>th</sup> edition 2019, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition 2014, 2nd edition 2010 2nd edition available as an ebook at: https://www.dawsonera.com/guard/protected/dawson.jsp?name =https://shib.raven.cam.ac.uk/shibboleth&dest=http://www.dawsone ra.com/depp/reader/protected/external/AbstractView/S97800809615 52	JA.209
CALLADINE, C.R.	PLASTICITY FOR ENGINEERS Ellis Horwood 1985	FA 127
*CAMPBELL, J.	CASTINGS Butterworth-Heinemann 1991 = Author's Castings principles, 2nd ed available as an ebook at:	JO 41
	https://www.dawsonera.com/guard/protected/dawson.jsp?name=htt ps://	
	shib.raven.cam.ac.uk/shibboleth&dest=http://www.dawsonera.com/d epp/reader/protected/external/AbstractView/S9780080488448	
*EDWARDS, L. & ENDEAN, M.	MANUFACTURING WITH MATERIALS Open University 1990	JA 146
JONES, D.R.H.	ENGINEERING MATERIALS III Pergamon 1993	JJ 308
*KALPAKJIA N, S. & SCHMID, S.R.	MANUFACTURING PROCESSES FOR ENGINEERING MATERIALS Pearson/Prentice Hall 5th edition SI units 2008	JN 67
LLEWELLYN, D.T. & HUDD, R.C.	STEELS: METALLURGY & APPLICATIONS Butterworth-Heinemann 3rd edition 1998	JD 64

MILLS, N.J.	PLASTICS Butterworth Heinemann 3rd edition 2005 Available as e- book at <u>http://www.myilibrary.com/?id=101358</u>	JG 216
*POLMEAR,	LIGHT ALLOYS Butterworth-Heinemann 4th edition 2006	JB 73
Ι.	Available as an ebook at: https://www.dawsonera.com/guard/protected/dawson.jsp?name=htt ps://	
	shib.raven.cam.ac.uk/shibboleth&dest=http://www.dawsonera.com/d epp/reader/protected/external/AbstractView/S9780080496108	
ROWE, G.W.	ELEMENTS OF METAL WORKING THEORY Arnold 1979	JN 39
STRONG, A.B.	PLASTICS – MATERIALS AND PROCESSING Pearson Prentice Hall 3rd edition 2006	JG 219
TEMPELMA N, E., SHERCLIFF H.R. & NINABER VAN EYBEN, B.	MANUFACTURING AND DESIGN Butterworth-Heinemann 1 <sup>st</sup> edition 2014	AP343
WATERS, T.F.	FUNDAMENTALS OF MANUFACTURING FOR ENGINEERS UCL Press 1996	BN 204

# 3P2: Operation and Control of Production Machines and Systems

Module summary	The specification, operation and management of production machines and systems
Course leader	Prof Bill O'Neill (module leader), Prof Duncan McFarlane
Courses	<ul> <li>Operation of production machines, 4 x 2hr lectures, Michaelmas Term (Prof B O'Neill)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>b. Control of production machines and systems, 4 x 2hr lectures, Michaelmas Term (Prof D McFarlane)</li> </ul>
Supporting activities	Integrated coursework – CAD/CAM exercise
Assessment	100% by examination. Paper 2 - single module paper.
Supervision	The course will be supported by two examples papers, for each of which one supervision will be arranged.
Timetable	Lectures are given in 2 hour blocks on Fridays in Michaelmas term
Links to other elements of the course	Links to 3P1, 3P4, 3P5, and industrial visits.

#### **Module Learning Outcomes**

On completion of the module students should be able to:

- 1. Know the operational aspects of the main categories of machining processes
- 2. Know the operational aspects of the main categories of metal based additive manufacturing processes
- 3. Understand the types of interaction between components and process tooling
- 4. Understand the factors that affect the accuracy and precision of machining, grinding operations, and additive manufacturing processes
- 5. Understand the various control strategies used to mitigate the sources of error in machining processes and the manner in such which machines are automated
- 6. Understand the systems, requirements and challenges in cell-level automation and
- 7. Be able to model cell operations using Petri Nets and Ladder Logic
- 8. Know the means by which machining cells are integrated into factory wide operations using modern communications and computing systems
- 9. Develop an appreciation for recent developments in industrial automation

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1 Introduction to machine tools	History and development of machine tools, and metal based additive manufacturing systems. Concept and definition of machining and machine tools. Classification and specification of machine tools. Basic constructional features, advanced system designs.	Know the history of machine tool developments. Know elements of machine tool design and their configurations. Know their manufacturing and operational capabilities. Know the applications domain and range of materials processed by modern machine tools.
2 Basics of machining and chip formation	Tool geometry, mechanism of chip formation, mechanics of machining, cutting temperature: causes, effects, estimation, measurement and control. Operations of single and multi-point tooling. Classification of machining processes. Basic machining operations - turning, shaping, planing, drilling, milling processes	Understand the basic physics of cutting- tool/material interactions. Understand the influence that parametric variables have on cutting performance (tool tip condition, cutting fluid flow, temperature, force, feed etc). Know the range of cutting tool materials and cutting tip geometries. Know the range of machining methodologies employed in modern machining operations.
3 Cutting tools and machinability	Failure modes, wear mechanisms, and life of cutting tools. Cutting tool materials, influence of geometrical, process and cutting fluid parameters on machinability and surface roughness, economics of cutting tool operations	Know the conditions necessary to deliver accurate machining processes. Understand the causes of wear and process strategies to reduce it. Know the techniques applied to characterize machining performance. Understand roughness classifications and measurement techniques. Understand Taylor's tool life equation and be able to apply it to make informed decisions on tool choice for a range of materials. Determine cost and times of machining operations.
4 Metal Additive Manufacturing Processes (AM)	System architectures, processing configurations. AM materials, process performance and applications, economics of additive manufacturing operations.	Know the conditions necessary to deliver accurate AM processes. Understand the causes of process variation and process strategies to reduce it. Understand the benefits and limitations of current processes.

### **Syllabus: Operation of Production Machines**

5-6	Factors affecting the accuracy	Understand the factors that affect the accuracy
Process Variability	and precision of processes, static and dynamic effects, sources of uncertainties: inputs, process interactions, process degradation. Response to uncertainties: design of production equipment and tooling, online inspection, corrective processes	and precision of machining and grinding operations. Know the sources of variation in machining. Understand the various strategies used to mitigate the sources of error in machining processes.
7 - 8 Quality Control	Testing and inspection points in machining operations. Statistical process control- control charts, process improvement techniques, causes of variation, control chart patterns, control chart applications.	Understand quality control techniques in machining operations. Know how to measure and minimize process variation using statistical process control (SPC). Understand the various SPC strategies used to implement quality control measures in machining operations.

<b>Syllabus:</b>	<b>Control</b> of	of Product	ion Machin	es and Systems

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
9 – 10 Machine automation and	Issues in automation of machines, CNC control, Open loop and closed-loop control	Discuss the benefits and downsides of automation Design a feedback control loop to compensate for machine tool deflection during operation
control	of m/c tools, adaptive control, sensing and actuation, robotic control	Describe how sensing and actuation is achieved to implement control Describe how machine tools are automated Articulate challenges in robotic control
11 – 12 Cell Control Using PLC Programming	Issues in cell-level control, Programmable Logic Controllers, Ladder Logic Diagrams, modeling of cell operations using FSM	Understand requirements for cell automation Develop Ladder Logic code to automate the operations of a manufacturing cell Learn how to develop Finite State Machine process representations Use Finite State Machines to develop Ladder Logic Code
13 – 14 Petri Net Based Automation Modelling and Control	Introduction to Petri-Nets, modeling of cell operations using petri nets, conversion of Petri Nets to Ladder Logic	Know the rationale for selecting different discreteevent models for automated systems Understand how to develop Petri Net models Develop a cell management scheme using a Petri Net approach Convert Petri Nets to equivalent Ladder Logic code
15-16 Factory Automation & Comms	Automation options in factory wide operations. Communication systems. Future automation developments	Understand automation requirements across the factory. Learn different options for communications at different levels in the factory, Be aware of modern automation and communications developments and how they will impact on modern manufacturing

### **Reading List: Operation of Production Machines**

*Kalpakjian, Serope & Schmid, Steven R *Winston A. Knight,	MANUFACTURING PROCESSES FOR ENGINEERING MATERIALS, PRENTICE HALL, Edition: 0005, August 2007 (ISBN10: 0132272717, ISBN13: 9780132272711)
Geoffrey Boothroyd	FUNDAMENTALS OF METAL MACHINING AND MACHINE TOOLS, Third Edition. 2005 by CRC Press (ISBN 9781574446593)
Helmi A Youssef, & Hassan El-Hofy	MACHINING TECHNOLOGY, Taylor & Francis Ltd CRC Press Inc, 2008 (ISBN10: 1420043390, ISBN13: 9781420043396)
*lan Gibson, David Rosen, Brent Stucker	Additive Manufacturing Technologies: 3D Printing, Rapid Prototyping, and Direct Digital Manufacturing, Edition 2, Springer, Nov 26 2014, (ISBN 9781493921133)
Pooding List: Control o	f Draduction Machines and Systems
Reading List. Control o	of Production Machines and Systems
*BOUCHER, T.O.	COMPUTING AUTOMATION IN MANUFACTURING: AN INTRODUCTION Chapman & Hall 1996
-	COMPUTING AUTOMATION IN MANUFACTURING: AN INTRODUCTION
*BOUCHER, T.O. *KALPAKJIAN, S. &	COMPUTING AUTOMATION IN MANUFACTURING: AN INTRODUCTION Chapman & Hall 1996 MANUFACTURING ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY <u>Prentice Hall 5</u> th

## **3P3: Product Design**

Module summary	Integrating engineering and industrial design in the creation of new products	
Taught by	Prof. J Moultrie (Module Leader), Dr S. Pattinson	
Assessment	Coursework	
Supervision	A Q&A session for the coursework will be timetabled	
Links to other elements of the course	3P1: Links to content on production processes, relevant to design for manufacture (L8-10), including design for injection moulding and additive manufacturing	
	3P2: Links to content on machining processes and accuracy/precision relevant to lecture on tolerancing (L3) and design for assembly & standardisation (L7).	
	3P4: Very loose link to operational complexity when considering assembly simplification in design for assembly.	
	CAD/CAM Exercise: requires the application of conent from the lecture on Engineering Drawing and tolerancing (L3).	
	IIA Major Project: Aims to put 3P3 lectures content (L1-13) into practice.	

#### **Module Learning Outcomes**

On completion of the module students should be able to:

- 1. Undertand the iterative nature of the design process.
- 2. Understand and apply dimensional tolerances to engineering drawings.
- 3. Understand and apply the principles of machine design to the design of products.
- 4. Be able to select appropriate manufacturing processes for a new design and understand how production volume and cost influences the design.
- 5. Be able to assess and improve the design for assembly of an existing design. Be able to apply these ideas to a new design.
- 6. Understand why products are designed as they are and be able to explore a product's form.
- 7. Understand and be able to apply basic ergonomic principles.
- 8. Develop skills in sketching, conceptual design and detailed design.

## Syllabus

Session	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1 The design process & Prototyping	<ul> <li>1a: introduction to the module</li> <li>&amp; overview of the design process.</li> <li>1b: Improving design competence.</li> </ul>	Understand the difference between a theoretical and real design processes. Be aware of the differences in competence between novice and experienced designers.
	<ul> <li>1c: Types and roles of prototypes, simulations and models in design.</li> <li>1d: A short case study of</li> </ul>	Understand the importance of prototyping in the design process and the role of different types of prototype.
	prototyping.	
2 Machine systems	<ul> <li>2a: Machine frames and force loops.</li> <li>2b: Frame construction, joining techniques and design practices.</li> </ul>	Application and understanding of kinematic design, force loops, flexure hinges, etc.
3 Engineering Drawing and Tolerancing	<ul> <li>3a: Nasics of dimensioning and drawing conventions.</li> <li>3b: Limits and fits.</li> <li>3c: Worked examples.</li> </ul>	Produce and read engineering drawings Apply engineering tolerances.
4 Actuators and bearings	Introduction to different types of linear and rotating actuation principles.	Understand that different types of actuators serve different needs.
5 Bearings	Introduction techniques to guide the generated motion using bearings.	Understand the need for bearings, and be able to select the appropriate type of bearings in a design.
6 Mechanisms	<ul><li>6a: Gears and gear boxes</li><li>6b: Linkages, cams and other mechanisms.</li></ul>	Understanding of the opportunities and limitations of mechanisms and how to calculate or simulate their operation.
7 Design for Assembly	<ul> <li>7a: A brief history of standardisation.</li> <li>7b: Optimising an assembly – some heuristics.</li> <li>7c: Optimising an assembly – structured methods.</li> </ul>	Be able to apply principles of design for assembly in order to simplify and reduce the cost/complexity of an assembly.
8 Design for manufacture	8a: Unit costs. 8b: Process selection.	Understand the importance of understanding costs and volumes in designing a new product and the impact this has on the selection of production methods and how this influences the design.
9 Design for injection moulding	Overview of principles of design for injection moulding	Be able to apply design rules for manufacture, with emphasis on maching, injection moulding and 3D printing.

10 Design for Additive Manufacturing	Overview of principles of design for AM	Be able to apply design rules for manufacture, with emphasis on maching, injection moulding and 3D printing.
11 Design history	<ul> <li>11a: Industrial revolution - 1900.</li> <li>11b: 1900-1920.</li> <li>11c: Early modernism.</li> <li>11d: Post war.</li> <li>11e: Postmodernism and postpost modernism</li> </ul>	Understand how industrial design developed and evolved since the start of the industrial revolution. Be aware of key design movements and their ascociated forms, materials, technologies and designers as well as the technological, social and economic context influencing this. Reflect on current trends and drivers in design.
12 Product form	<ul> <li>12a: What a product's form communicates</li> <li>12b: Capturing design inspirations</li> </ul>	Understand how designers create a product's form. Be able to apply some basic principles to create a product's form.
13 Physical & cognitive ergonomics	<ul><li><b>13a</b>: Physical ergonomics</li><li><b>13b</b>: Cognitive ergonomics</li></ul>	Understand how to apply principles of design for use. Understand how we physically interact with products and how we relate to and understand products.

#### Workshop activities

To support the lecture course, there will be a number of supporting activities:

- 1. Sketching skills session: to develop sketching confidence.
- 2. Design and prototyping challenge: to experience a concept design, make and test cycle.
- 3. Design for assembly exercise: to put theory into practice.

#### Assessment

The coursework will take the form of a product redesign. All students will be given a product to use as a starting point. This will be theirs to take apart and analyse the product's strengths and weaknesses (e.g. design for manufacture and assembly). They will redesign the product to improve it's design for manufacture and assembly as well as changing the product form to make it suitable for a specific brand. Work will be submitted in the form of a design portfolio which in addition to documenting the design work will include an overall assembly drawing and a final presentation drawing. All work will be submitted and assessed anonymously. A detailed briefing for the coursework will be provided separately.

#### **Reading List**

*BAXTER, M.R.	PRODUCT DESIGN: A PRACTICAL GUIDE TO THE SYSTEMATIC	AP 308
	METHODS OF NEW PRODUCTS DEVELOPMENT Nelson Thornes	
	1995 (2002 reprint)	
*ULRICH, K.T. &	PRODUCT DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT <u>McGraw-Hill/Irwin</u> 3rd	BN 220
EPPINGER, S.D.	edition 2004	
SLOCUM A H	PRECISION MACHINE DESIGN, 1991	AP 323

### **3P4: Operations Management**

Module summary	The management of material and information flow in factory systems and the supply chain
Taught by	Dr. Manu Sasihadran (Module Leader), Prof F Erhun
Assessment	100% by examination. Paper 3, double paper with 3P5
Supervision	The course will be supported by three examples papers, for each of which one supervision will be arranged. Typically Lent week 2, 4 and 8.
Links to other elements of the course	Production Game to simulate the operations of a manufacturing company, where students trial elements of the 3P4 module in a live setting. 3P4 has links to the 3P5 module particularly when students learn Lean and Just-In- Time manufacturing principles. 3P2 links to 3P4 as motivator for manufacturing process scheduling.

#### **Module Learning Outcomes**

On completion of the module students should be able to:

- 1. Understand the ways in which manufacturing processes are managed in order to achieve the right quality of product, manufactured to meet the customer requirements and delivered on time, and making the most efficient use of the resources available.
- 2. Understand the role of inventory in manufacturing systems, and apply basic ordering, replenishment, and forecasting techniques
- Describe the major influences on the efficient flow of work through a factory, apply MRP techniques to scheduling, describe the implications of different co-ordination structures on job design, describe how improvement processes relate to co-ordination strategies
- 4. Understand how manufacturing operations are integrated with other aspects of the business; how operations are managed across supply networks; and the role of different information systems in supporting operations across the supply chain

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1 - 2 Introduction	Course introduction, introduction to operations	Discuss the key issues in manufacturing and supply chain operations and the key levers available to managers to tackle them.
	management, management levers, Volume vs Variety	Discuss the importance of the volume-variety choice in process design
		Describe how volume-variety choice affects the manufacturing system layout
		Describe how volume-variety choice affects the choice of automation systems
3 - 4 Capacity Management	Capacity planning, Queuing Theory	Discuss reasons why actual capacity will be lower than theoretical and the levers that a manager can "pull" to improve capacity
inenegement		Discuss different options for a manager to cope with variations in demand and capacity
		Model a manufacturing operation as a queuing system and calculate key process parameters
5 - 6	EOQ, Safety stock,	Discuss the role of inventory in a production system
Inventory management	other inventory models	Derive the expression for and calculate the Economic Order Quantity
		Discuss the concept of safety stock in inventory management
7 - 8 Forecasting	Moving average, exponential smoothing, regression, time series analysis	Calculate demand forecasts using different forecasting methods
		Discuss the appropriateness of different forecasting methods
9 - 10	Line balancing, EDD,	Balance a production line
Scheduling	SPT, FIFO scheduling rules	Implement different production scheduling rules
11 – 12 Procurement	Materials Requirements Planning, JIT	Generate MRP records for a product and its components, given market demand and other process parameters. Discuss the differences between "push" and "pull" manufacturing approaches
13 – 14 Logistics & transportation	Transportation model, warehousing and distribution	Solve simple transportation problems for allocating product flows between supply chain locations Determine the optimal factory/warehouse location fo a given demand distribution
15 - 16 Enterprise & Supply Chain information systems	SC Dynamics, ERP/SCM systems, CPFR, VMI	Discuss the implications of dynamics in supply chains Discuss the role of the information systems in improving supply chain operations Discuss various mechanisms used by organizations to coordinate product and information flows within a supply chain

## Syllabus and Lecture Learning Outcomes

## **Reading List**

GOLDRATT, E.M. & COX, J.	THE GOAL: A PROCESS OF ONGOING IMPROVEMENT <u>Gower</u> 3rd edition 2004
*PINEDO, M. & CHAO, X.	OPERATIONS SCHEDULING WITH APPLICATIONS IN MANUFACTURING AND SERVICES <u>Irwin/McGraw-Hill</u> 1999
*SLACK, N., CHAMBERS, S. & JOHNSTON. R.	OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT <u>FT/Prentice Hall</u> 5th edition 2007 4th edition (2004) available as <b>e-book</b> at: <u>http://ul-newton.lib.cam.ac.uk/cgi-bin/Pwebrecon.cgi?BBID=4508815</u> Click on 'Connect to MyiLibrary resource' for access
WOMACK, J.P., JONES D.T. & ROOS, D.	THE MACHINE THAT CHANGED THE WORLD: THE TRIUMPH OF LEAN PRODUCTION <u>Rawson Associates</u> 1990

## **3P5: Industrial Engineering**

Module summary	The design of production flows and operations in manufacturing
Taught by	Dr V. Martinez (Module leader), Prof A. Parlikad.
Assessment	100% by examination, consisting of 2 questions. Students will attempt all questions. Paper 3 is a double paper with 3P4.
Supervision	The module is supported by 3 supervisions: EP 1 – Lectures 1-6; EP 2 – Lectures 7-10; EP 3 – Lectures 11-16.
Links to other elements of the course	Production Game to simulate the operations of a card-manufacturing company where students trial elements of 3P4 and 3P5. Particular links between 3P4 and 3P5 exist in the application of the Just-in-time manufacturing principles. Links to the industrial visits and the major project particularly on the JIT, 5S, work measuments tools and layout planing.

## Syllabus and Lecture Learning Outcomes

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1-2 Introduction and	Introduction to Industrial Engineering; objectives of Method Study. Method Study procedure:	Understand and be able to apply the traditional techniques of method study.
Method Study	Select, Record, Examine, Develop, Define, Install, Maintain.	
3-4 Ergonomics	Ergonomics, principles of Motion Economy. Job Design, use of the Human Body. Arrangement of the Workplace. Design of Tools and Equipment	Understand the factors that affect the ergonomic design of jobs, tools and equipment, and the workplace.
5-6 Lean Production Techniques	Toyota Production System: JIT, 5S and Kaizen.	Understand the principles of Lean production, and be able to relate these to traditional work study.
7-8 Work Measurement 1	The Need for Time Standards. Establishing Time Standards: Activity Sampling, Time Study, Rating, Learning Curves, Allowances, Basic time, Work Content, Standard time.	Understand the roles of time standards in manufacturing. Know the different ways in which time standards can be determined and the advantages and disadvantages of each method. Understand the basic principles behind learning
		and be able to manipulate a simple learning model to predict the effect of learning on the cycle time of repetitive work.

9-10	Predetermined Time	Know the basic motion elements and how these	
Work	Standards: MTM-1; Standard	are used in predetermined motion time	
Measurement 2	Data Systems; Activity	systems.	
	Sampling.	Know how standard data systems are developed.	
		Understand work sampling is used for measuring proportion of time spent in different activities.	
11-12	Project, jobbing, batch, line,	Understand the different types of process layout	
Process	continuous flow; cellular	and the advantages and disadvantages of each.	
Organisation &	production; group technology	Appreciate the factors that affect the layout of a	
Plant Layout	Factory, Department and	factory.	
	Workplace layout; Systematic	Group technology.	
	Layout Planning.	Understand and be able to apply the techniques used in planning factory layouts	
13-14	Failure detection and	Discuss the basics of machine tool reliability, and	
Reliability	prevention in factory	explain the implications of the "bathtub curve".	
Engineering	equipment. Reliability modelling.	Understand how to calculate reliability of complex engineering systems.	
15-16	Maintenance strategies	Explain various maintenance strategies, their	
Maintenance	Preventive maintenance	advantages and disadvantages.	
Management	planning.	Understand how to develop an optimal maintenance schedule for equipment.	

## **Reading List**

*GROOVER, M.P.	WORK SYSTEMS: THE METHODS, MEASUREMENT, AND MANAGEMENT OF WORK <u>Pearson 2</u> 014
*MUHLEMANN, A.,	PRODUCTION AND OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT Pitman
OAKLAND, J. & LOCKYER, K	6th edition 1992
*BICHENO J. & HOLWEG M.	THE LEAN TOOLBOX, 4 <sup>th</sup> Edition, <u>PICSIE Books,</u> 2009
*WOMACK JP, JONES	THE MACHINE THAT CHANGED THE WORLD, Rawson
DT, ROOS D.	Associates, 1990
*IMAI M	KAIZEN, Random House, 1986
HELANDER, M.	A GUIDE TO THE ERGONOMICS OF MANUFACTURING, Taylor and Francis,1995
CHASE R, AQUILANO N.& JACOBS	PRODUCTION AND OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT,8 <sup>th</sup> Ed, McGraw Hill,1998
SLACK, N., CHAMBERS, S. & JOHNSTON. R.	OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT FT/ <u>Prentice Hall</u> 5th edition 2007 4th edition (2004) available as e-book at: http://ul- newton.lib.cam.ac.uk/cgi- bin/Pwebrecon.cgi?BBID=4508815

#### **Online resources**

*GROOVER, M.P.	Book: WORK SYSTEMS: THE METHODS, MEASUREMENT, AND MANAGEMENT OF WORK <u>Pearson 2</u> 014. ***Online book***		
	http://idiscover.lib.cam.ac.uk/permalink/f/1ii55o6/44CAM_ALMA5160696969000 3606		
Ergonomics	Video: Five steps for ergonomic workstation.		
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dVFtAEDInRA		
Toyota production system	Sugimori Y., Kusunoki K., Cho F. and Uchikawa S. (1977) Toyota production system and Kanban system Materialization of just-in-time and respect-for-human system, International Journal of Production Research, 15:6, 553-564, DOI: 10.1080/00207547708943149 https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/pdf/10.1080/00207547708943149		
	Spear S. and Bowen K. 1992. Decoding the DNA of the Toyota production system. Harvard Busienss Review. Sept-Oct. pp. 96-106		
	https://i9y8y5w2.stackpathcdn.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/12/Decoding- DNA-Spear-Bowen.pdf		
	Video: 5S Methodology and tips		
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8gKJ3_Hm3dM		
	Video: Lean 5S in MSICU - Implementaiton in practice the before and after <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aMkXICM1-98</u>		
Time study in	Article: Preparing to measure process work with a time study		
work measurement	<u>https://www.isixsigma.com/methodology/business-process-management-</u> <u>bpm/preparing-measure-process-work-time-study/</u>		
Preditermed time standards	Research article: Heungjae Cho, Sungkun Lee & Jaeil Park (2014) Time estimation method for manual assembly using MODAPTS technique in the product design stage, International Journal of Production Research, 52:12, 3595- 3613, DOI: 10.1080/00207543.2013.878480		
	Research Article: Todd H.C., Chyatte S. G. and Decker R.S. 1979. Preditermed time standards: their application in workhshop settings. Archives of physical medicine and rehabilitation. 60(5): 222-226		
	https://europepmc.org/article/med/156528		
Plant Layout	Video: Celullar manufacturing		
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ynhp8Wi2qwM		
	Video: Plant layout		
Due dietiue	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6FYvNrl_JVw		
Predictive maintenance	Video: predictive maintenance explained. https://www.reliableplant.com/Read/12495/preventive-predictive-maintenance		
*GROOVER, M.P.	WORK SYSTEMS: THE METHODS, MEASUREMENT, AND MANAGEMENT OF WORK <u>Pearson</u> 2014		
	*** Online book***.		
	http://idiscover.lib.cam.ac.uk/permalink/f/1ii55o6/44CAM_ALMA5160696969000 3606		
	Also:***ONLINE CHAPTERS***		
	Chapters 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, and 24.		
	<u>Note</u> : chapters available in the Engineering Department Library.		

## 3P6: Organisational Behaviour

Module summary	An introduction to theories of organisational behaviour
Taught by	Dr M Kumar (Module leader)
Assessment	100% by examination. Paper 4, double module paper combined with 3P7
Supervision	There will be three supervisions on Organisational Behaviour in the Michaelmas term, typically week 4, 6 and 8.
Links to other elements of the course	This module complements the following modules and course activities: <b>MET IIA</b> : Industrial Visits (Corporate Social Responsibility and Sustainability); Skill Workshops (Change Management and Team Building); 3P7 (Nuturing Talent and Change Management); 3P10 (Industrial Sustainability) <b>MET IIB</b> : MET IIB-6 (Leadership and Managing people); MET-IIB-8 (Sustainable Manufacturing)

## Syllabus and Learning Outcomes

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1	Introducing	Understand some of the central issues in work
Introduction	Organisational Behaviour	organizations
		Define organisational behaviour
2	Free Market	Explain ethical dilemma in the workplace
Corporate Social	Business Ethics	Describe key principles of corporate social
Responsibility,	Sustainability and	responsibility, business ethics and sustainability
and Business	Corporate Social	
Ethics	Responsibility	
3	Levels of Organizational	Understand advantages of managing people through
Culture	Culture	culture
	Cultural Typology	Distinguish between Schein's three levels of
	Cultural Change	organizational culture
		Explain how mangers try to change culture
4	Nomothetic Approach	Understand key approaches to study personality
Personality and	Personality Testing	Explain how personality is mesured in organisational
Individual	Ideographic Approach	settings
Differences	Social-radical Approach	
5	Organizational	Describe theories and processes of comminucation in
Communication	Communication	organisations
	Noise	Explain how technology mediates communication,
	Information,	producing a trade-off between efficiency and
	Communication, and	richness of communication
	Technology	
6	Hawthorne Studies	Describe the power of the informal organisation
	Human Relations	

Social Organisation		Explain how the Hawthorne studies lead to the foundations of organisational behaviour
7 Motivation	Extrinsic Motivators Intrinsic Motivators Bahavioural, Content, Process and Social Theories	Understand what motivates people to work Use theories to identify motivational problems in organizations and recommend solutions
8 Groups and Teams	Definitions of Groups and Teams Types of teams and loafing Groupthink Social Identity Theory	Understand the differences between groups and teams Explain the link between teamwork and productivity Analyse the factors needed to produce an effective team Explain how groupthink can have negative implications on teams
9 Work Design	Rational Work design Rational Production Capitalist Working Relationship	Describe the principles behind Taylorist and fordist rational work design Analyse the effect that Taylorism and Fordism are said to have upon workers
10 Changing the Organisation	Force-field analysis Approaches to change Three-Step Model	Describe approaches to the managem,ent of chnage Explain how change can be messy, causing conflict and resistance
11 Organization Design and Bureaucracy	Bureaucracy Rational Organisation Design Iron Cage Bureaucracy	State the main characteristics of a bureaucratic organization structure as specified by Max Weber Explain how bureaucracy is a form of rational organisational design
12 Leadership	Behaviourism Contingency theory Post-heroic	Describe the key leadership theories Explain the diffences between leadership and management Analyse whether there is too much emphasis on the individual leader
13 Perception and Decision Making	Attribution Theory Drawback in judgments Link between perception and decision making Organizational Decision- making	Undertand perception and explain the factors that influence it Identify the shortcuts Individuals use in making judgement about others Decribe the common Decision Biases or errors
14 Power and Politics	Office politics Emancipation False Consciousness Empowerment	Describe the power as property view Explain why power and politics exist within organisations Analyse the different underlying assumptions
15 & 16 Review /Summary	Challenges of Organisations Changing Nature of OB Predicting Future trends	Explain the importance of connecting organisational behaviour theories Describe some of the changes that have occurred in organisations over the last forty years

## **Reading List**

* HUCZYNSKI, A.A. & BUCHANAN, D.	ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR, <u>Pearson</u> , 8th edition 2013. Several university departments and colleges have copies of this text. You can purchase it at a 20% discount via http://www.pearson-books.com/cam using the voucher code ZP031F. The sixth and seventh editions are also acceptable.
ROBBINS, STEPHEN P.	ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR: CONCEPTS, CONTROVERSIES AND APPLICATIONS. Prentice Hall, 1991
KING, DANIEL, AND SCOTT LAWLEY	ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR. Oxford University Press, 2016

A list of additional readings for each topic will be made available online.

## **3P7: Managing Business and People**

Module summary	An introduction to the processes involved in starting and running a business.
Taught by	Dr Mukesh Kumar (Module leader)
Assessment	100% by examination. Double module paper combined with 3P6 Organisational Behaviour. Students will be required to answer one question from Managing Business
	and one from Managing People.
Supervision	There will be two hours of supervisions. Typically Lent week 5 and 8.
Links to other elements of the course	This module complements the following modules and course activities: <b>MET IIA</b> : Industrial Visits (Company Level Context, Human Resources); 3P7 (Group, Team, Motivation); 3P9 (Firm Boundaries, Competitive Analysis, Resouces and Capabilities, Strategic Marketing, Business Models) <b>MET IIB</b> : MET-IIB-2 (Performance Mesurement, Business Strategy, Strategic
	Marketing); MET-IIB-6 (Leadership and Managing people)

#### **Module Learning Outcomes**

On completion of the module students should be able to:

- 5. Explain the core processes involved in starting and running a business
- 6. Demonstrate the importance of integrating management and business practices with the firm's strategic objectives
- 7. Evaluate HR practices and the importance of making the best use of people

#### **Syllabus**

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1 Introduction	The key integrating frameworks for understanding a manufacturing business Module overview Key areas of activity of a manufacturing business External factors that influence a manufacturing business Frameworks to show linkages between internal and external activities of a manufacturing business	Describe and apply a framework for management of a manufacturing business and the context within which it operates

2 Entrepreneurship	Starting and growing a business The role of entrepreneurship in an economy Defining entrepreneurship: Resource- based versus opportunity based activities How a firm grows: Typical growth trajectories and common management challenges	Describe entrepreneurial activity and its place in the economy, and to outline the most significant challenges faced by those managing a young firm
3 Staying competitive	Guiding and managing an established business Managing steady state c.f. managing change Tools for planning Managing Innovation (product, process, business model, organisational, etc)	Explain the challenges faced in managing an established business, and some of the tools available to assist in planning and implementing change
4 Marketing	Identifying future business opportunities The business planning cycle Identifying customer needs and opportunity areas Designing business models to address new needs	Outline the marketing function and its contribution to the business
5 Sales	Accessing customers (PBH) The links between business models and routes to market The key tools and techniques for sales Integrating sales with other business activities	Describe the sales process, its role in the business, and a selection of key tools and techniques
6 Case study	Integrating example	Discuss how the principles covered in lectures 1 to 5 might be applied practice
7 Introduction to HRM	Managing people to deliver business objectives People as a resource The principles of HRM (and contrasts with earlier models) The application of HRM (Hard & Soft; integrated, devolved, outsourced) Strategic HRM	Describe the core principles of HRM and discuss its practical application
8 Recruitment and Selection	Establishing the need for recruitment; establishing processes to attract good employees to the organisation; and identifying the best mechanism for selection.	Understand the supply-side factors that influence recruitment and describe the main components of the employee recruitment process.

9 Performance management	Goals of performance measurement Performance appraisals Potential biases in appraisals Stack ranking 360 degree appraisals Appropriate employee compensation and different means of achieving it	Describe how employee performance is measured and managed.
10 Nurturing talent	Models of learning Training/learning methods Segmenting talent Employee retention	Discuss the process of employee learning and different methods of training employees Describe how employee talent should be recognised and managed effectively to deliver value to the organisation
11 Change Management	Types of change in organisations Resistance to change and overcoming resistance Satir Model of change Kotter's 8 steps for successful change management	Discuss why change is an issue for organisations Describe the implications of change for the management of people
12 Legislation and regulation	Managing within the legal framework Employment law (hiring, firing, equal opportunities etc) Workplace legislation Employee participation and consultation	Describe the main features of the regulatory and legal framework for employment
13 Dispute Resolution and Governance	Managing people within a framework Dispute resolution Governance and ethics in HRM (inc objective-subjective perspectives)	Outline the main features of the frameworks within which employees are managed, and explain modern approaches to dispute resolution.
14 International practices/Globalisati on	Addressing diversity - Cultural and regulatory variations; Pan-national influences Universalist and contextualist paradigms Convergence and divergence Cultural and institutional explanations Variations in practice	Explain, with examples, how cultural and national norms influence the nature and practice of HRM
15 Current trends	including globalisation, new technology, demographics, flexible working, outsourcing (People management) Technology in HRM Dynamic organisations	Demonstrate awareness of current trends and developments in HRM and in the management of people
16 Review/Summary	Integrating people, management practices, and business strategy	Explain and illustrate how strategic, operations and human resource management practices interact in the process of starting and running a business

## **Reading List**

*MOORE, G	CROSSING THE CHASM, New York: <u>Harper Business</u> 1991	
*MULLINS, J. W	THE NEW BUSINESS ROAD TEST: WHAT ENTREPRENEURS AND EXECUTIVES SHOULD DO BEFORE WRITING A BUSINESS PLAN. London, <u>FT Prentice Hall</u> . 2003	
*STOREY, J. (ed)	HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT: A CRITICAL TEXT Thomson Learning 3rd edition 2007	1844806154
*TIMMONS, J. A. & SPINELLI, S	NEW VENTURE CREATION: ENTREPRENEURSHIP FOR THE 21 <sup>ST</sup> CENTURY <u>McGraw-Hill</u> 8 <sup>th</sup> edition, 2008	0071276327
*BEARDWELL, J., & CLAYDON, T.	HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT: A CONTEMPORARY APPROACH <u>Financial Times/Prentice Hall 5</u> <sup>th</sup> edition 2007	0273707639
*LEGGE, K	HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT: RHETORICS AND REALITIES, <u>Palgrave Macmillan</u> , 2005	1403936005

## **3P8: Financial and Management Accounting**

Module summary	An introduction to the principles and practice of financial & management accounting and finance
Taught by	Dr J Plummer-Braeckman (Module leader)
Supporting activities	The module content is used in the production of business plans for the major project
Assessment	100% by examination, Paper 5 combined with 3P9 Economics of Industry and Strategy
Supervision	Four supervisions will be offered in support of this module, typically weeks 3, 5, 7 and 8.
Links to other elements of the course	There are some links to 3P4, Operations Management, in particular inventory management. There are also links to 3P9, Industrial Economics, Strategy and Governance. This work also supports capabilities needed within the Major Project.

#### Aims

The course is designed to situate management and shareholders' decision making in their financial context. The course aims to develop students' understanding of the financial processes affecting corporate life - in particular, their understanding of the factors impinging upon corporate decisions and of the financial aspects of organisations.

#### **Syllabus: Financial Accounting**

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1-2	Overall framework of financial reporting	Understand the importance of financial accounting. Understand the principles, conventions and regulatory framework of financial accounting.
3-4	The mechanics of accounting Balance Sheet, Profit and Loss Account/Income	Understand the principles of double entry bookkeeping. Understanding the principles of preparing of company financial statements such as the Profit and Loss Accounts and the Balance Sheet
5-6	Asset valuation methods, cash flow statements	Understand different methods of asset valuation and the purpose and creation of cash flow statements
7-8	Performance ratios Analysing and interpreting financial statements Creative accounting	Understand and be able to use firm performance ratios. Be familiar with company reports and their analysis, be able to compare performance of firms. Awareness of creative accounting and possible management of earnings.

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
9-10	Cost concepts and cost behaviour Product costing systems and activity based costing	Understand the classification of different costs Understand and be able to apply different costing methods and to apply different methods for dealing with overhead costs
11-12	Building a budget Budgeting and variance analysis/cash flow management	Understand budgeting methods and processes. Understand and be able to apply variance analysis, and manage the cash in a business.
13-16	Investment Appraisal Financing decisions	<ul> <li>Understanding the approaches to compare the financial viability of different projects <ul> <li>payback calculations</li> <li>capital budgeting decisions (opportunity cost of capital, investment rules such as net present value and real options)</li> <li>time value of money and risk versus return;</li> <li>financing decisions (debt versus equity).</li> </ul> </li> <li>Understand financing decisions (debt versus equity) and the capital markets.</li> </ul>

## Syllabus: Management Accounting and Finance

## **Reading List**

ATRILL, P. & McLANEY, E.J.	ACCOUNTING AND FINANCE FOR NON-SPECIALISTS <u>Pearson</u> 11th edition 2018
ATRILL, P. & McLANEY, E.J.	FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING FOR DECISION MAKERS Pearson 9th edition 2019
ATRILL, P. & McLANEY, E.J.	MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING FOR DECISION MAKERS <u>Pearson</u> 9th edition 2019
BARKER, R.	SHORT INTRODUCTION TO ACCOUTING, Cambridge University Press, 2011
ATKINSON, A.A., et al.	MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING: INFORMATION FOR DECISION MAKERS AND STRATEGY EXECUTION <u>Pearson 6th</u> edition 2011
ROSS, S.A., WESTERFIELD, R.W. & JORDAN, B.D.	FUNDAMENTALS OF CORPORATE FINANCE. McGraw-Hill Irwin. 13th ed. 2022.

## **3P9: Industrial Economics, Strategy and Governance**

Module summary	An introduction to the principles and practice of economics in order to understand the structure of industries and corporate strategy	
Taught by	Dr F Urmetzer (Module leader)	
Assessment	100% by examination, Paper 5, combined with 3P8 Financial and Management Accounting	
Supervision	Four supervisions will be offered in support of this course	
Links to other elements of the course	There are links to 3P8, Financial and Management Accounting. This work also supports capabilities needed within the Major Project.	

#### Aims

The course is designed to situate firm practices and decisions in their wider economic context. The course aims to develop student understanding of the global economy and the evolving structure of industries and firms. It explores the key aspects of strategy formulation and the management of firms that shape the development of business.

#### **Syllabus: Industrial Economics**

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1-2	The Global Economy, markets and industries	Understand the global economy and the changing structure of markets and industries.
	The importance of manufacturing	Understand the development of the manufacturing and service industries.
	The rise of the service economy The role of strategy and strategic planning	Appreciate of different views of strategic planning
3-4	Firm boundaries	Understand the theory of the firm
		Understand the horizontal and vertical boundaries of the firm
5-6	Competitive analysis	Appreciate the analytical framework of standard microeconomics.
		Understand the principles of models of perfect competition, monopoly and oligopoly.
		Understand the economics of entry and exit
		Understanding dynamics of competing across time
7-8	Industry and strategic positioning	Appreciate the main issues affecting the macro environment
		Understand the benefits of coopetition
		Analyse how firms may respond strategically to its changing environment.
		Understand strategic positioning and competitive advantage

9-10	Resources and capabilities	Appreciation of positioning versus resource base view
		Sustaining competitive advantage
13-14	Strategic marketing	Understand the role of marketing in the execution of strategy
		Appreciation of marketing objectives and strategies
		Understand product and pricing
		Understand distribution and promotion
11-12	Business models and innovation	Understand the relationship between strategy, business models and tactics and its relationship to innovation
15-16	Strategy and governance	Appreciate departmentalisation, coordination and control
		Appreciate of organizational structures Understanding efficient information processing

## **Reading List**

BESANKO, D., DRANOVE, D., SHANLEY, M. & SCHAEFER, S.	ECONOMICS OF STRATEGY, 6 <sup>th</sup> edition, <u>Wiley</u> . 2013
KOTLER, P.,KELLER, K.L. & BRADY, M.	MARKETING MANAGEMENT. <u>Prentice-Hall/Pearson Education</u> Global edition 2015
GRANT, R.	CONTEMPORARY STRATEGY ANALYSIS: Text and Cases, 8 <sup>TH</sup> edition, <u>Wiley,</u> 2013

## **3P10: Contemporary Issues in Manufacturing.**

Module	a. Integrative industrial visits to study modern industrial practice	
summary	b. Lectures to introduce current topics	
Taught by	Prof R Daly (module leader), Dr C Barlow, Dr N Cooper	
Supporting activities	The module is linked with the industrial visits, which will enhance understanding of all lecture modules and provide examples of their application in modern manufacturing companies.	
Assessment	100% by examination. There will be a 90 minute examination in which students will be required to answer one question from each of the three sections – (i) industrial sustainability, (ii) bio engineering and medical device manufacturing and (iii) scaling up to manufacturing	
Supervision	a. Whole debriefing for each industrial visit, group feedback sessions	
	<ul> <li>Industrial Sustainability - One review and discussion class for the whole group (1.0h)</li> </ul>	
	c. Bioengineering & Medical Device Manufacturing - One examples paper and class for whole group (1.0h)	
	<ul> <li>Scaling up to Manufacturing – One examples paper and class for whole group (1.0h)</li> </ul>	
Links to other elements of	METIIA 3P1: We look at materials used specifically for medical technologies.	
the course	METIIA 3P3: There are specific design for manufacturing challenges for medical technologies	
	METIIB-3 Technology and Innovation Management (New product innovation)	
	METIIB -6 Production Technologies and Materials (Sustainable materials, materials analysis for QC)	
	METIIB-7 Sustainability Manufacturing	

## Syllabus: Industrial sustainability

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to	
1 The big	The industry landscape: The eco- impact of industrial activity. Energy	Assess the contribution of industry to carbon emissions	
picture	and resource usage and security. "Triple bottom line"	Discuss major resource implications relevant to manufacturing industry	
2	Measurement and legislation	Explain where the eco-impact of industry	
The	How do we assess the eco-impact of	arises, including the role of supply chains and	
detailed	industry? What can we measure and	the implications of the product lifecycle	
picture	how can we compare different	Know what the legislation is	

	environmental stressors? ISO, LCA., 'LCA Light'	Discuss the strengths and weaknesses of different metrics	
3 Mitigation measures	<ul> <li>How can eco-efficiency be improved?</li> <li>Design for sustainability</li> <li>Optimising materials and process selection</li> <li>The role and limitations of recycling</li> <li>Waste reduction measures</li> <li>Paradigm shifts: Product service systems; zero waste systems</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Choose materials and processes to minimise eco-impact</li> <li>Discuss the role and limitations of recycling Identify sources of waste and suggest how waste may be reduced</li> <li>Be aware of radically different ways of meeting materials needs of society</li> </ul>	
4 Effecting industrial change	How and why do companies 'go green'? Case studies	Assess the eco-impact of a company and make reasoned proposals for how to reduce it.	

#### Syllabus: Bioengineering & Medical Device Manufacturing

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1	Introduction to medical devices, materials, required properties and	Understand the breadth of the medical device industry and the classification of devices.
	tissue engineering	Display familiarity with the range of synthetic and biomaterials used to form medical devices.
2	Selected key challenges in manufacturing of medical devices.	Explain the specific challenges faced in manufacturing of medical devices, e.g. sterilisation, biocompatibility.
3	The medical device industry Sector analysis in UK and	Explain the essential features of the medical device industry.
	international context Regulatory bodies and their influence	Show an understanding of the regulatory procedures that are followed.
	on manufacturing Bioethics	Understand the development of bioethics as a field and the key principles of bioethics
4	Future trends in medical devices and potential impact on manufacturing. E.g. Nanomanufacturing, personalised medicine	Show awareness of trends in the industry and identify the challenges they pose to manufacturing.

## Syllabus: Scaling up to Manufacturing

Lecture	Syllabus	On completion students should be able to
1	Introduction to multiple dimensions of scale-up and links to other	Understand the multidimensional nature of scale-up in manufacturing
	modules Case-studies of scale-up challenges	Systematically think through the scale-up challenges for an emerging technology Understand the use of frameworks to support scale-up
2	Introduce risks leading to the Valley of Death	Assess combination of risk factors when scaling up

	Techniques for risk management	Understand and describe a range of management tools for scale-up	
		Understand the industrial innovation infrastructure needed to address risks	
3	Challenges of scale-up can be addressed through contributions	Understand the importance of supporting generic and infra technologies	
	from science, engineering, industry and policy	Understand the international approaches to addressing scale-up risks	
	Innovation infrastructure for scale-up		

## Reading list – Industrial Sustainability

ALLWOOD, J.M., CULLEN, J.	Sustainable materials – with both eyes open		
	Available as download from the web http://www.uit.co.uk/B- SMWBEO/		
ASHBY, M.F.	Materials and the environment, Butterworth-Heinemann 2009, ISBN 978-1-85617-608-8		
VON WEISZACKER E, LOVINS A.B., LOVINS L.H.	Factor Four: doubling wealth, halving resource use. Earthscan publications, 1997,		
MACKAY, DJC	Sustainable energy – without the hot air, <u>www.withouthotair.com</u> , 2008		

## Reading List – Bio Engineering: Medical Devices and Bio materials

RATNER, Buddy D.	Biomaterials science an introduction to materials in medicine, Elsevier Academic Press, 2004		
SINGER, P.A., VIENS, A.M.	Cambridge Textbook of Bioethics, Cambridge University Press, 2008		
WORLD HEALTH ORGANISATION	Medical Device Regulations- Global overview and guiding principles, Geneva, 2003, ISBN 92 4 154618 2.		

## Coursework

## **CAD/CAM Exercise**

Coursework summary	Aims to develop and test the student's ability to produce engineering drawings using CAD, turn the CAD drawings into programmes for the production of the components, and operate the machine tool to produce the parts
Taught by	Alan Thorne, Prof J Moultrie
Assessment	Coursework
Links to other	From -MET IIB - 3P2 (Tools, Feeds & Speeds - B. O'Neill)
elements of the course	From -MET IIA – Workshop Practical (Machining – A. Thorne)
course	From -MET IIA – Drawing / Tolerancing Lectures (J. Moultrie)
	To -MET IIB - MSE (Robot Lab - A. Thorne / D. McFarlane)
	To -MET IIA - 3P3 (Major Design Project - J. Moultrie / M. De Volder)

#### **Overview**

The CAD/CAM coursework aims to develop and test the student's ability to produce engineering drawings using CAD, turn the CAD drawings into programmes for the production of the components, and operate the machine tool to produce the parts. The coursework contributes 30 marks. The group will be split into half, with one half producing drawings and programmes for the machining of a milled component, the other half for a turned component.

The CAD exercise is to be completed using SolidWorks. The CAM work is to be produced using SolidCam. There will be classroom support early in Michaelmas term in the use of both software packages.

Students will work in pairs, and be assessed as a pair.

#### Deliverables

Students will be provided with a simple assembly of 3 parts, 2 of which will have an engineering drawing. Each pair will be required to:

- produce a complete engineering drawing of the 3<sup>rd</sup> component in the assembly. This must be approved before any programming can begin;
- produce a programme to be loaded onto the machine tool.

#### **Electronic Submission (via Moodle)**

The CAD drawings must be electronically submitted on or before 17:00 Friday 27<sup>th</sup> October

**Your drawing must include your candidate numbers**. A pdf file of your engineering drawing is to be electronically submitted via Moodle submissions, using the following file name structure, where you replace the numbers with your own: **1234n\_5678x\_CAD\_date.pdf** 

The CAM programmes must be submitted electonically on or before **17:00 Thursday 30 November** via Moodle submissions. To hand in the CAM component of coursework, please create a zip file, named using the following convention: **1234n\_5678x\_CAM\_date.zip** 

#### Assessment

The coursework is worth 30 marks in total.

- CAD drawing: 50% marks, awarded for completeness, clarity, precision and presentation. Individual drawing will be 'marked-up' with suggested changes, much as would be done in industry by a senior engineer.
- CAM programme: 50% marks, awarded for elegance in programming

## **Production Game**

#### Introduction

The Production Game is a simulation of a manufacturing operation. Small companies (teams) are required to manufacture simple paper-based products (greeting cards) based on orders from a market place. Products which meet the required standards of quality and delivery are purchased by the market. Unacceptable products are rejected.

The Production Game typically provides a rich array of first-hand experience with which to think about the issues involved in the organisation and control of manufacturing systems.

Students are required to electronically submit two reports, a pre-game report, and a final report.

#### **Deliverable 1: pre-game report**

Each team is required to submit a report before the game starts outlining the following:

- Resource allocation: How are your resources going to be allocated?
- Production Layout: Are you going to go for a functional or a product-based layout?
- Order selection: What type of orders would you pick?
- Coordination and control: What co-ordinating (integrating) and scheduling mechanisms are you going to use?
- It is important to not only describe the strategies, but to describe the manner in which the strategy was formulated. Prior preparation (e.g., time study, cost-benefit analysis) will pay dividends.

#### **Deliverable 2: Final report**

Final report (individual): Each student should produce a report of a maximum of 2000 words in length which analyses the performance and activities of their company during the Game. Where appropriate, draw on material from 3P3 and 3P4 in your report. The report should include treatment of at least some of the following issues:

- Did your strategy prove to be correct if so, why, if not, why not?
- How did you design, organize and control your manufacturing system? How did this reflect your wider strategic decisions vis a vis the market? What methods did you use to control costs, quality, time etc?
- How was whole enterprise managed? For example, how did coordination between 'Marketing and Sales' and 'Manufacturing', and 'Manufacturing' and 'Purchasing' occur? What formal and informal information systems were designed (or evolved) during the game? How appropriate were these?
- The things that you feel you did right, and the major errors you made; how you would do it differently next time.
- Comparisons between the performance and processes of your company and those of the other firms. Were there any patterns in who did well and who did badly?

#### Evaluation

The coursework will be marked out of 30, with the following allocation of marks to different activities:

- Pre-game report 50%
- Final report 50%

Standard filenames for electronic submission through Moodle submission in the following format please:

Your coursework number followed by the coursework name and date

#### e.g. 1234n\_ProdGame\_date.pdf

## **Major Project**

Project summary	A major group design project seeking to apply learning from 3P3 and to integrate different elements of MET
Taught by	Prof. James Moutlrie (Project Leader), Dr Sebastian Pattinson
Assessment	Coursework
Supervision	The staff meet with students during timetabled session on Thursday mornings to discuss progress and to steer the project. We also hold to 2 formal supervisions with each team to discuss team member contributions and provide feedback on progress; these are recorded in CamCors.

#### **Overview**

The Major Project runs from the end of Michaelmas term until the end of the academic year and aims to integrate the design, manufacturing and management elements of the course.

The main components of the project are the development of a viable design solution to a genuine problem or issue, in tandem with understanding the market and producing a comprehensive business plan. The business plan will also include some detailed analysis of the financial viability of the product.

A brief for the project will be circulated to students during Michaelmas term, before the project starts. In previous years, briefs have included: "develop a new Additive Manufacturing technology" and "develop a piece of production technology to help manufacturing a better future."

#### **Learning Outcomes**

At the end of the project, students should have:

- Applied their engineering design skills to solve technical problems.
- Applied their industrial design skills to develop solutions which are fit for the intended users, appropriately styled and clearly explained visually.
- Applied their knowledge of materials and production engineering to develop solutions that could be produced in volume.
- Axplored issues relating to environmental, economic and social sustainability relating to their products.
- Gained experience in market and user research.
- Applied their skills in financial analysis to develop a robust business model for their proposed designs.
- Developed their skills in producing a compelling and believable business plan.

#### Assessment

Detailed assessment criteria will be outlined in the Major Project briefing during Michaelmas term. In total, the project contributes 140 marks.

# **General information**

## **Extensions and Penalties for late hand in of coursework**

There is a MET Extensions Policy and Penalty Policy (see Appendix 2).

Coursework extensions or re-arrangements can be requested prior to the submission date by emailing the IfM Teaching Office (<u>met-admin@eng.cam.ac.uk</u>) however, not all coursework can be rearranged or have an extension (see policy for details).

There are automatic penalties for late submission of any piece of coursework without an approved extension. The penalty is outlined in the policy.

## **Workshop Practical**

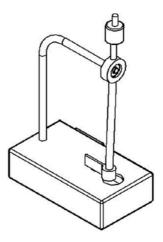
Workshop summary	The objective of this workshop practical is to provide MET IIA students with a basic understanding of fabrication skills
Taught by	Alan Thorne (Workshop Leader), Simon Sennitt, Chris Jennings
Assessment	This activity is not marked (Training for use of studio & workshop equipment)
Links to other elements of the course	To - MET IIB - MSE (Robot Lab - A. Thorne / D. McFarlane) To - MET IIA - 3P3 (Major Design Project - J. Moultrie / M. De Volder) To - MET IIA - 3P2 (Machine Configurations, Stiffness, Finishes - B. O'Neill) To - MET IIA – CAD / CAM (CNC / Mutli Axis Machining – A. Thorne)

#### **Overview**

The objective of this workshop practical is to provide MET IIA students with a basic understanding of fabrication skills required to:

a) Produce prototyped components using 3D printing, laser cutting and vacuum forming processes.b) Produce actual components using more traditional production processes such as turning, milling and electronic assembly techniques.

The workshop sessions have been designed to enable students to produce components required for the fabrication of a perpetual pendulum. The pendulum makes use of an electro-magnet to provide the pendulum with pulses of energy to overcome losses in the mechanical system.



The pendulum blister pack and transport jig will be made using Rapid Proto Type (RPT) technologies. The Pendulum body, arm and base containing the electromagnetic drive will be made using more traditional production processes.

Students will be asked to attend two workshop sessions. The first workshop session will focus on skills required to use the RPT equipment within the design studio. An option of three RPT sessions will scheduled, each accommodating up to a thrid of the class. The second workshop session will focus on skills required to operate hand tools, machine tools and electronic fabrication tools within the IfM workshop. A series of workshop sessions will be scheduled, each accommodating a maximum of four students. Students will be asked to sign up to workshop sessions on a first come first served basis.

At the end of the workshop sessions the students are expected to have a good understanding of the different production processes as well as the use of various equipment in a safe

manner. Successful completion of this activity will allow students to utilise the facilities within the IfM for other project activities such as the Design Project and CAD/CAM.

#### Information

- Students will complete a safety questionnaire before entering the workshop.
- Students should be appropriately dressed to work within a workshop environment. Closed toe shoes, no loose clothing or jewellery and hair tied back. (Lab coats and safety glasses will be provided.)

## **Technology Libraries Team**

The Technology Libraries team provide specialist information and library services support for the departments of Engineering, Computer Science and Chemical Engineering and Biotechnology.

Based in the Engineering Library in the Baker Building on Trumpington Street and at the West Hub on JJ Thomson Avenue, the team is available in person and online to help with any questions you may have about resources, search strategies, managing references and more.

The team provide a range of teaching and training of topics ranging from finding the resources you need for your projects to poster design and presentation skills to time management. You can explore the range of <u>open sessions</u> that you are welcome to attend. We can also be contacted for 1-1 or small group support at anytime throughout your course.

Visit the website to discover the range of services and support available to you.

Contact the team <u>techlib@lib.cam.ac.uk</u> or come and say hello at one of our libraries.

## **Further Library Support**

Other libraries at Cambridge that may have further resources to support your studies include:

#### **The University Library**

Home to huge research collections and a wide range of spaces to study.

#### Judge Business School Information & Library Services

Providing a specialist information and library service in the field of business and management studies, including a large range of specialist databases and electronic resources.

Visit the website to find out more and how to register for access.

## **Appendix 1: Referencing and Plagiarism**

## Guidance on referencing, collaboration and plagiarism

- 1. The confidence which a reader has in the contents of a report, paper or dissertation is based on trusting the author. An important contribution to building that trust is through the author demonstrating clearly how they have built on the work of others, and giving full credit to previous contributions, as well as indentifying unambiguously which parts of the overall work are their own, original contribution. That is the role of references in technical writing: to give recognition to other people's work and to provide an 'audit trail' of links to previous work. Developing a good style of referencing takes some effort; in many cases, facts and ideas are so well known and standard that no reference is needed, but if you have any doubts about whether the reader might misinterpret the extent of your own contribution you should always refer explicitly to the source of previous work.
- 2. In some of your work you will collaborate with other students. Not only does this often make sense in terms of splitting up a larger task into smaller parts, but it can also be a very fruitful method of generating new ideas. Learning how to manage and work within a collaborating team forms an important part of your training as an engineer. In some cases work which results from a team effort will be assessed for examination credit. In such cases all authors of the work must be clear among themselves as to which parts have been contributed by each member, and where required by the Examiners this should be indicated by initials at the bottom of each page.
- 3. If a report contains material of which you (or in the case of a collaborative report, a member of your team) are not the originator, then you must make the origin of the material explicitly clear by suitable references. Not to do so constitutes plagiarism, which is defined as 'submitting as your own work material which derives in part or in whole from the work of others without due acknowledgement'. Wherever you use sources of information or data such as books, journal articles, internal company sources, personal interviews, web-sites or other internet resources you should ensure that they are fully referenced, so that the reader can locate the source and if necessary make an independent judgement of the quality of the information. You should include text which you have not generated yourself only if it is clearly marked as a quotation (e.g. by placing it in quotation marks with a full reference to its source).
- 4. Plagiarism is both poor scholarship and a breach of academic integrity, and is regarded extremely seriously within the University. Plagiarism is a form of cheating and any incident in work assessed for examination credit will be reported to the Head of Department, who will normally refer the matter to the University Proctors.
- 5. Forms of plagiarism include copying someone else's language and/or ideas as if they are your own by, for example, quoting verbatim, paraphrasing, cutting and pasting from the internet, or submitting someone else's work as part of your own without full and explicit acknowledgement of the source. Plagiarism applies to all types of sources and media, whether published or not.

- 6. The guiding principle is that Examiners and others who may read your work must be in no doubt as to which parts of it are your own original work and which parts are the work of others, or have been produced by you in collaboration with others.
- 7. These guidelines apply to all assessed work: for example, coursework and project reports.
- 8. Further guidance can be found in the statement of the University's Policy on Plagiarism at www.admin.cam.ac.uk/univ/plagiarism. If you are uncertain about these guidelines or have any questions about their application, the MET Course Director will be glad to provide advice.

# University of Cambridge General Board Statement on Plagiarism

The General Board, with the agreement of the Board of Examinations and the Board of Graduate Studies, has issued this guidance for the information of candidates, Examiners and Supervisors. It may be supplemented by course-specific guidance from Faculties and Departments.

Plagiarism is defined as submitting as one's own work that which derives in part or in its entirety from the work of others without due acknowledgement; or, in the case of self-plagiarism, unless explicitly permitted by regulation, submitting one's own work that has already been submitted for assessment to satisfy the requirements of any other academic qualification, or submitted for publication without due acknowledgement. It is both poor scholarship and a breach of academic integrity.

Examples of plagiarism include **copying** (using another person's language and/or ideas as if they are a candidate's own), by:

- quoting verbatim another person's work without due acknowledgement of the source;
- paraphrasing another person's work by changing some of the words, or the order of the words, without due acknowledgement of the source;
- using ideas taken from someone else without reference to the originator;
- cutting and pasting from the Internet to make a pastiche of online sources;
- **submitting** someone else's work as part of a candidate's own without identifying clearly who did the work. For example, buying or commissioning work via professional agencies such as 'essay banks' or 'paper mills', or not attributing research contributed by others to a joint project.

**Plagiarism might also arise from** colluding with another person, including another candidate, other than as permitted for joint project work (i.e. where collaboration is concealed or has been forbidden). A candidate should include a general acknowledgement where he or she has received substantial help, for example with the language and style of a piece of written work.

Plagiarism can occur in respect to all types of sources and media:

- text, illustrations, musical quotations, mathematical derivations, computer code, etc;
- material downloaded from websites or drawn from manuscripts or other media;
- published and unpublished material, including lecture handouts and other students' work.

Acceptable means of acknowledging the work of others (by referencing, in footnotes, or otherwise) vary according to the subject matter and mode of assessment. Faculties or Departments should issue written guidance on the relevant scholarly conventions for submitted work, and also make it clear to candidates what level of acknowledgement might be expected in written examinations. Candidates are required to familiarise themselves with this guidance, to follow it in all work submitted for assessment, and may be required to sign a declaration to that effect. If a candidate has any outstanding queries, clarification should be sought from her or his Director of Studies, Course Director or Supervisor as appropriate.

Failure to conform to the expected standards of scholarship (e.g. by not referencing sources) in examinations may affect the mark given to the candidate's work. In addition, suspected cases of the use of unfair means (of which plagiarism is one form) will be investigated and may be brought to one of the University's Courts. The Courts have wide powers to discipline those found guilty of using unfair means in an examination, including depriving such persons of membership of the University.

The University's plagiarism and good academic practice website (<u>www.cam.ac.uk/plagiarism</u>) provides more information and guidance.

## Student information on the use of Turnitin

The University subscribes to Turnitin UK software which is widely used in UK universities and matches text in work submitted to the software to that in a large database of online sources. This document explains how Turnitin UK will be used by the Department of Engineering and explains the implications of submitting your work to the software.

You are reminded that Turnitin is only one method of checking the originality of your work. Examiners may initiate the standard investigative procedures if they have unresolved queries about the originality of your work, regardless of whether Turnitin has been used or whether it has substantiated any concerns.

The University Advocate may decide to prosecute a student suspected of plagiarism even where that student has not consented to the use of Turnitin. In such circumstances the student may be specifically asked by the Advocate to consent to submission to Turnitin and a failure to consent will be proved as part of the evidence against him or her.

#### Plagiarism and good academic practice: your responsibilities

You should ensure that you are familiar with the <u>discipline-specific guidance</u> about referencing conventions and good academic practice which is issued by the Faculty Board. If, after reading this guidance, you have any outstanding queries, you should seek clarification at the earliest opportunity from your Director of Studies or supervisor.

You should also familiarise yourself with the statement on plagiarism posted on the University's plagiarism website, <u>https://www.plagiarism.admin.cam.ac.uk/</u> which also features links to useful resources and guidance.

If, after reading the guidance, you have any outstanding queries you should seek clarification at the earliest opportunity from your Director of Studies or supervisor.

#### About Turnitin UK text-matching software

#### Who controls the service?

Turnitin UK is part of the JISC Plagiarism Advisory Service (JISCPAS). This University is the recognised Data Controller for the data held and processed by, or on behalf of, the service. An American company, iParadigms, is the Data Processor.

#### How does Turnitin UK work?

Turnitin UK may detect direct plagiarism, paraphrasing and collusion as submitted work is compared with a vast database of online material and with a 'private' database of previous submissions. Therefore, submitting work to the database helps to protect it from future attempts to plagiarise it, and helps to maintain the integrity of the University's qualifications.

The software makes no judgement about whether a student has plagiarised, it simply shows the percentage of the submission that matches other sources and produces an originality report which highlights the text matches and, where possible, displays the matching text and its immediate context.

In many cases the software highlights correctly cited references or 'innocent' matches. Therefore, Examiners will carefully review all originality reports to determine whether the work does contain plagiarism.

# How will Turnitin UK be used in the Manufacturing and Management Division, Department of Engineering?

Work submitted for assessment in the Manufacturing and Management Division, Department of Engineering will be subjected to spot checks from time to time, or in cases where there is cause for concern. Students should note that, upon screening work, the resulting originality reports will be referred only to the Examiners responsible for the academic assessment of the work if there is prima facie evidence of plagiarism or poor academic practice. Work must be submitted electronically.

#### What will happen if matches are identified between my work and another source?

If Turnitin UK detects matches between your work and another source, the Examiners will review the resulting originality report to judge whether the matches are innocent, or whether you have appropriately referenced these matches (if not, this may constitute plagiarism), and/or whether you have made excessive use of material from other sources (which may be poor academic practice).

The Examiners will mark your work purely on the basis of its academic merit. However, depending on the extent and context of the matches, your work may be referred to the Proctors for further investigation. In such cases the Turnitin UK originality report may be used as evidence. If you are found to have plagiarised the penalty may be severe and your degree may be withheld.

#### Will Turnitin UK affect my intellectual property rights or copyright?

The copyright and intellectual property rights of the submitted material remain wholly with the original owner (normally the student, with the exception of some collaborative or sponsored research projects). However, you are asked to permit Turnitin UK to:

• reproduce your work to assess it for originality;

• retain a copy of your work for comparison at a later date with future submissions.

#### Will my personal data be retained by Turnitin UK?

Material submitted to Turnitin UK will be identified by your examination number, course details and institution: personal data will not be used.

#### What will happen if text submitted by another student matches that in my work?

#### Matches to text submitted from other HE institutions

If a report generated by another institution identifies a match to your work the report will only show the extent of the match and the contact details of the University's Turnitin UK Administrator. If approached, the Turnitin UK Administrator will attempt to contact you about the matter. The contents of your work will not be revealed to a third party outside Cambridge without your permission.

#### Matches to text submitted from within the University

If a match is found to material submitted from within the University, the Examiners can obtain the full text without approaching you.

#### How do I apply for my work to be removed from Turnitin UK?

Work submitted to Turnitin UK will be stored indefinitely on the Turnitin UK database unless you specifically request that it be removed. To maximise the effectiveness of the software it is hoped that such requests will be kept to a minimum. However, once examinations have been concluded, you may at any time contact [the Department's Turnitin UK contact] to request that your work be removed.

#### Sources of further information and support

The University's plagiarism website: <u>https://www.plagiarism.admin.cam.ac.uk/</u> Department's plagiarism advice: http://teaching.eng.cam.ac.uk/node/526 Turnitin UK's website: <u>http://www.turnitinuk.com/</u>

## **Appendix 2: MET Extension and Penalty Policy**

MET Extension Policy and MET Penalty Policy

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# Obtaining extensions or rearrangements for assessed work on the Manufacturing Engineering Tripos

#### Introduction

MET IIa and IIb consists of a range of assessed activities including examinations and coursework. Coursework has a variety of forms and may be completed both individually and in groups.

We expect students on MET IIa and MET IIb to attend all timetabled sessions and respect hand-in deadlines.

We understand that there may be valid reasons why this may not always be possible. This document sets out the conditions where extensions or rearrangements may be allowed for MET IIa and MET IIb as agreed by the Faculty board.

This policy is intended to reduce paperwork and complexity by removing the need for simple and straightforward issues to be submitted to the EAMC. It is not intended to deal with complex matters.

This policy has been updated as of the **12<sup>th</sup> October 2023** to align with the new University Policy on coursework extensions.

#### Policy principles for both MET IIa and MET IIb

All timetabled coursework activities are compulsory parts of the course.

In general, marks will not be awarded for activities that are not completed.

For the purposes of this document, extensions and rearrangements are defined as:

- **Extensions**: a change to the anticipated submission time for a piece of assessed work.
- **Rearrangements**: arrangement to complete an activity which is assessed or leads to a piece of assessed work at a time different to the one timetabled.

Extensions or rearrangements are feasible in specific circumstances. In general, the conditions where extensions or rearrangements can be made are:

- Extensions are possible for individual pieces of assessed work where the submission date is not close to the end of term, when there is sufficient time for subsequent examination and when there is not a subsequent piece of work which would be adversely affected by a delay.
- Rearrangements are only possible for activities which are not group based, which do not depend on availability of external resources and for which the resources are available internally at multiple times in the term.

Where *extensions* are feasible, students may obtain up to 7 additional days to submit the assessed work on a self-declaration basis. No tutorial support or medical evidence is required and no reason need be given. In such cases:

- The student must inform the IfM teaching office in advance, unless this is not possible and in any case within a week of the deadline.
- When the IfM teaching office is notified, students will be informed of their revised submission date.
- The student must inform their College Tutor of the request for an extension. All decisions will be copied to the student's tutor.
- Where extensions of more than 7 days are required, an application must be made to EAMC.

Where *rearrangement* is feasible, students must contact the IfM teaching office (<u>MET-admin@eng.cam.ac.uk</u>) who will then liaise with the relevant academic to identify an alternative time for the activity. If re-arrangement is not feasible and as a result the student is not awarded marks, then the student will need to consult with their tutor regarding the possibility of an application to the EAMC at a later date.

Students may not accrue more than **28** days of extensions over the academic year. Where the **28** day limit is exceeded:

• Further extension requests need to be made via EAMC.

Students may lose marks for work submitted late (without an agreed extension of rearrangement) or for non-attendance in accordance with the MET Penalty Policy at the end of this document. Students who wish to appeal these penalties must apply to the EAMC in respect of marks for missed sessions or penalties for late submission.

Decisions under this procedure will normally be made by the MET Course Director and Chair of Examiners acting on behalf of the department. On request decisions can be reviewed by the Deputy Head (Teaching) of the Department of Engineering. Students remain free to approach the EAMC if a deadline extension is not approved by the department.

#### Reasonable grounds for requesting rearrangements

**Illness**: Students may self-certify that they are ill as the reason for requesting a rearrangement (where this is feasible). A rearrangement will not be granted without self-certification. 'Illness' includes medical appointments.

**Compassionate or religious grounds**: Students may request rearrangement on compassionate or religious grounds. Examples of compassionate grounds includes attendance at a funeral of a close family member or a family or medical emergency. Attendance at a family event, such as a family holiday, wedding or graduation would not be considered compassionate grounds. Applications to rearrange timetabled activities for religious observance that usually occurs over a restricted period (e.g. Eid al-Fitr, Shavuot, Pesach, Shivaratri, Vaisakhi) will be considered. Where observance extends over a

significant period of time (e.g. Ramadan), and where it is normally expected that daily activities (including teaching) will continue as normal, applications would not be considered. Rearrangements for the purpose of holy visits, pilgrimages etc. cannot be approved.

**Interviews**: When applying for jobs, work placements or sponsorship, students may be invited for interview on days that conflict with coursework activities. Students should in the first instance seek to rearrange the interview rather than the coursework. If this proves impossible, then the student should try to rearrange the coursework. Such re-arrangements must be made in advance. Retrospective requests will not be accepted.

**Sporting and social commitments:** Coursework may not be rearranged to accommodate College sporting/social commitments or College or University training sessions. Students may be allowed to seek to rearrange coursework that conflicts with University sporting fixtures. Such re-arrangements must be made in advance. Retrospective requests will not be accepted.

Activity	Description of each element	Maximum marks associated with the activity	Mode of assessment	Ability to reschedule (if appropriate)	Ability to extend the deadline (if appropriate)
Industrial	Debrief presentation	15 marks	Contribution to a group presentation	It is not possible to reschedule this group activity	NA
visits	Final presentation	25 marks	Contribution and engagement in a group presentation	It is not possible to reschedule this group activity	None
CAD/CAM	CAD work 15 marks co maximum sn	Coursework submission completed in a small group (2-3 students)	NA	It is not possible to extend the deadline without impacting on subsequent work.	
	CAM work	15 marks max	Coursework submission completed in a small group (2-3 students)	NA	It is not possible to extend the deadline as it is at the end of term.
Production game	Pre-game report	15 marks	Group report	NA	It is not possible to request an extension as the report must be submitted prior to the game itself
	Post-game reflective report	15 marks	Individual piece of written work	NA	It is possible to request an extension
3P3 Product Design	Portfolio submission	60 marks	Individual piece of design work	NA	It is possible to request an extension

#### **MET IIA Project and Coursework**

Major design project	Design Review 1	5 marks	Group presentation	It is not possible to reschedule these group presentations	NA
	Design review 1	10 marks	Group presentation		
	Design review 2	15 marks	Group presentation		
	Final presentation	20 marks	A group presentation		
	Design completion	60 marks	A group submission (portfolio)	NA	It is not possible to request an extension
	Business plan	20 marks	A group submission (report)	NA	It is not possible to request an extension

#### **MET IIB Coursework**

Activity	Mode of Assessment	Ability to reschedule or extend deadline	
Strategy & Marketing	Individual Assignment	7-day extension allowed	
TIM	Individual Assignment	7-day extension allowed	
DDS	Individual Assignment 7-day extension allowed		
AOM	Individual Assignment 7-day extension allowed		
PTM	Timed Assessment	No rearrangement allowed	
	Group work	No rearrangement/extension allowed	
Sustainable Manufacturing	Individual Assignment	7-day extension allowed	
Leadership and Managing People	Individual Assignment	7-day extension allowed	
2-Week Project	Group Presentation	No rearrangement allowed	
	Group Report	7-day extension allowed	
4-week Project	Group Presentation	No rearrangement allowed	
	Group Report	No extension allowed	
Long Project	Individual Presentation	No rearrangement allowed	
	Individual Report	No extension allowed	
	Lab work	No rearrangement allowed – attendance is compulsory	
	Technical Report	No extension allowed	
Robot Lab	Final Presentation	No extension/rearrangement allowed	
	Final Integrated Solution & Demonstration	No extension/rearrangement allowed	
	Individual Report	7-day extension allowed	

#### **MET Penalty Policy**

Work submitted after an agreed deadline (either the original deadline or an agreed extension), will be assessed on submission as normal. It will be marked as if submitted on time. A penalty will subsequently be applied which will be a reduction of 20% of the assessed grade for each week (or part week) that the work is late as outlined below.

Original mark (%)	1 week late	2 weeks late	3 weeks late
80.0	64.0	38.4	15.4
75.0	60.0	36.0	14.4
70.0	56.0	33.6	13.4
65.0	52.0	31.2	12.5
60.0	48.0	28.8	11.5
55.0	44.0	26.4	10.6
50.0	40.0	24.0	9.6
45.0	36.0	21.6	8.6

Where an extension was not feasible, the piece of work will either not be assessed (if no work is submitted) or the student will be assessed on the work they have completed up to the submission date.

Where students miss activities which cannot be rescheduled, students will not gain the marks associated with those activities.

Students are able to submit an application to the EAMC where marks have been lost due to activities which cannot be rescheduled or where an extension is not available.

Your College Tutor can assist you in making an application to the EAMC. You should note that EAMC approves allowances in the case of illness or other "grave cause."

This should be done after marks have been released, normally at the end of Easter term. You should not make applications piecemeal throughout the year. You should also note that the EAMC typically only considers cases which would lead to change in your degree classification.

Any application to the EAMC will be reliant on the evidence submitted to support the application and therefore you should keep evidence, including any emails confirming that extensions or rearrangements were not possible and notes of any interactions that you had with your GP, Tutor or College Nurse at the time to confirm illness. You should also keep evidence of any positive COVID test etc.